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VOL. XXIII NO. 278 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

Soldiers As Farmers To Fight Sanctions

Negus Races With Italian War Planes

NARROW ESCAPE FROM AIR ATTACK

Committee Of 18 To Widen Scope Of Sanctions

(SPECIAL CABLE)
ADDIS ABABA, Nov. 21.

That the Negus had a narrow escape from being involved in aerial combat and perhaps being shot down was learnt, when he returned to the Capital this morning after a two-day aerial tour on the Southern Front.

He had only left Harar a few minutes back on the homeward flight, when two Italian war planes flew over and followed in his wake, but failing to sight the Emperor's machine turned back.

The Negus who was wearing the Field Marshal's uniform with the woollen air-helmet was met at the airport by the Empress, the Crown Prince and one of the Princesses.

He was escorted throughout the tour by six aeroplanes. He landed at Harar and visited the wounded in the French hospital.

RUSSIA WANTS COMPENSATION

Sanctions Committee To Consider Extension In Key Products

GENEVA. Nov. 21.

The Sub-Committee on Sanctions will meet on Nov. 27 to examine the position in regard to the application of Sanctions and to consider the replies received from the various Governments and to see how effectively the embargo and boycotts are being observed.

It is understood that the Committee will decide whether or not to convene the Committee of Eighteen in the next few days. This will depend on the prospects of extending the embargo on key products especially Coal and petrol.

Senator Cordell Hull's declaration has encouraged the hope in some quarters that it may be possible to secure an effective embargo on petrol and coal but the attitude of Rumania and Russia, it is understood is somewhat doubtful. Both would like an assurance that their losses would be compensated under the Mutual Support agreement.

WIDENING SCOPE OF SANCTIONS

Committee Of Eighteen To Meet

GENEVA. Nov. 21.

It has now been definitely decided to convene the Committee of Eighteen on November 29 to examine the possibility of extending the list of articles, export of which to Italy has been prohibited.—Reuter.

HOW ITALY FIGHTS SANCTIONS

Soldiers Demobilised To Work On Farms

ROME, Nov. 21.

It is officially announced that owing to the greater need of agricultural products due to sanctions, a number of soldiers will be released from colours to work on farms. About 1,00,000 men will be affected.—Reuter.

OTHER SIDE OF SANCTIONS

Hungary Signs Trade Treaty With Italy

ROME: Nov. 21.

Sgr. Mussolini and Baron Villani, the Hungarian Minister, have signed an Agreement to-day for facilitating and increasing the trade relations between the two countries.—Reuter.

GENERAL STRIKE IN CAIRO

In Memory Of Recent Anti-British Riots Victims

CAIRO, Nov. 20.

General strike has been called for to-morrow in Cairo and certain provincial terms in memory of the victims of recent anti-British riots.

A number of workers have promised support, but business activity is not expected to be seriously affected.

The Council of Students has decided to send a delegation to Geneva to plead the Nationalist cause.—Reuter.

HARTAL IN EGYPT

Few Untoward Incidents

CAIRO: Nov. 21.

Dispersal of crowds by Police and firing in the air of sporadic rioters were the only untoward incidents hitherto reported in to-day's general strike situation.

Almost all the Egyptian shops were closed, but the Public Services were functioning normally. The provinces are reported to be quiet.

About 200 boy and girl students assembled at the Nationalist Head quarters, where a girl of 14 made a fiery speech. The Police had no trouble in dealing with the students generally.—Reuter.

POLICE OPEN FIRE IN CAIRO.

CAIRO: Nov. 21.

Seven policemen and one rioter were injured in to-day's rioting. Fifty arrests were made when buses, tram and motor-cars were stoned by crowds. In the afternoon a mob stoned the Police outside the Nationalist Headquarters. The Police thrice fired three rounds over the heads of rioters, who, as a consequence of firing, dispersed.

The city was quiet in the evening.—Reuter.

KUOMINTANG CONGRESS

Decides To Convene National Constituent Assembly

NANKING: Nov. 21.

A definite step towards the establishment of a Constitutional Regime in China was taken by the Kuomintang Congress, which decided that the Nationalist People's Congress must be convened not later than the end of 1936.—Reuter.

CHALLENGE TO TOKIO.

The decision of the Kuomintang to convene the Nationalist People's Congress is regarded partly as an effort to satisfy the demands of the Autonomists; but partly also an effort to strengthen the hands of Government in dealing with the North China situation.

The order emanating from Nanking to the Chinese leaders in the North to drop the negotiations with General Doihara is regarded as a challenge to Tokio, which it cannot take up. And also it is taken as a bid to save the recently agreed understanding with the Canton Government.—Reuter.

MORE 'PLANES FOR BRITISH AIR FORCE

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Nov. 21.

Considerable increase in aeroplane expansion programme already announced is being considered. An early announcement is expected. It is believed that additional 200 or 250 first-line aeroplanes have been contemplated bringing the Home Defence to 1,500 aeroplanes and naval and overseas units to 690.

Official confirmation is not obtainable, pending announcement by government.

AMERICAN COTTON

BOMBAY: Nov. 21.

8,437,000 Bales of cotton were ginned upto Nov. 15, according to the Report published by the Agricultural Administration Department of Washington.

The figures are regarded as bullish.

CONGRESS PRESIDENTSHIP

Pandit Jawaharlal Interviewed

BERLIN: Nov. 21.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru when interviewed by Reuter said that, he would very much like to be back in India, in time for attending the opening of the Congress Sessions.

Further he added that the question of the Congress Presidentship had not yet been decided, and, it was rather premature, as the Congress was meeting in March next.

Panditji categorically denied the rumour that he had accepted the presidentship of the Congress.—Reuter.

Mr. NARIMAN AT NAGPUR

City Fathers To Present Address

(From Our Correspondent)
NAGPUR, Nov. 21.

Mr. K. F. Nariman the Mayor of Bombay arrives here tomorrow and will be presented with a civic address in the morning by the Nagpur Municipality.

In the evening Mr. Nariman delivers the inaugural address at the Law College Social gathering. The University Union will present an address on Saturday evening Mr. Nariman will be returning to Bombay on Sunday afternoon.

CONGRESS JUBILEE

All Ex-Presidents To Present In Bombay

PTANA Nov. 21.

It is understood that a distinguished assemblage of Congress leaders is expected at Bombay on the occasion of the Golden Jubilee celebrations of the Congress which was founded at Bombay.

It seems a suggestion has been made to the Congress President that he should invite all the living ex-Presidents of the Congress to be present at Bombay on the occasion.

Babu Rajendra Prasad who will, of course, be at Bombay at the time, is in consultation with other Congress leaders on the matter —United Press.

"REDS" MENACE IN GERMANY

Ten Thousand Agitators Create Problem For Berlin Police Chief

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 21.

The continued activity of Communists in Germany was admitted by Herr Helldorf, the Police President of Berlin, in an interview to a Danish newspaper.

Herr Helldorf said "We still have 100,000 Communists of whom 10,000 are the most active."

He also declared "My next great problem is to prevent the Jews getting work. Foreigners call us barbarians, but Jews have been our misfortune."—Reuter.

BULLISH TREND IN U. S. A.

Inflationary Forces At Work

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW YORK, November 21.

Whether the undisputed trade industrial improvement, the westward flight of European capital or the lingering fear of credit currency inflation is main cause of the protracted upward movement on American securities may be an open question. The basic business indices such as rail-road, freight loadings, output of electrical current, bank clearings, operations, steel industry—all show a gratifying expansion not, as some commentators remark, because but despite of Government experiments. While the continued influx of European capital is partly due to disturbed political situation, keen observers, attribute the movement in the last analysis, to over-valuation of gold in terms of American dollar and under-valuation of latter. Inflationary considerations continue to play an important part as reflected in the recent statement of economists of the national committee warning against the possibility of Congress passing Soldier Bonus Bill in January over President's veto print paper money provide necessary 2,500 million.

Hindu Gymkhana For Safeguards

FINANCIAL INTERESTS IN STADIUM

President To Conduct Negotiations With Cricket Club Of India

("CHRONICLE" SPECIAL.)

The "Bombay Chronicle" reliably understands that financial considerations have prompted the Hindu Gymkhana to ask for safeguards regarding the number and sale of tickets and the playing of matches in the Ring in connection with the proposed scheme of Cricket Stadium in Bombay.

TERMS FOR ACCEPTANCE

The Managing Committee, in consultation with the Hindu Representative Matches Committee, after considering the scheme of the Stadium as outlined in the correspondence, particularly the letter of the Hon. Secretary, Cricket Club of India, Ltd., with his accompaniments dated 18th November, 1935, have recommended to the General Body of the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana to accept the same with the following modifications:

SAFEGUARDS.

1. The sitting accommodation to be given to the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana should be 2,000 seats, though our requirements are naturally more.

2. Each Gymkhana will sell its seats to its members and will cater to the members of its community only, tickets should not be sold by the respective gymkhanas to others than those referred to above. This is a condition precedent of the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana coming into the Scheme of the Stadium, and for financial condition is imperative.

3. The Cricket Club of India, Limited, will cater only to its members and not to others.

PRECEDENCE TO QUADRANGULAR.

4. The engagements of any by the Quadrangular Cricket Committee will have precedence over all other events to be staged in the Stadium.

5. The price of each seat to be Rs. 2 per year, revisable at the end of 10 years, but in no case is to be more than Rs. 3 per seat per year (i.e. after ten years.)

6. If the Quadrangular matches are not played in the Stadium or are not played at all, the agreement ends automatically, otherwise the period of the agreement to be for the same period (99 years) between the Cricket Club of India, and the Government of Bombay.

7. Each of the four Gymkhanas to have two representatives on the Cricket Committee of the Cricket Club of India, and such representation to be not less than 50 per cent of the strength of the said Committee.

8. Sitting arrangement, subject to the decision of the Cricket Committee of the Cricket Club of India, can be changed by each Gymkhana on condition that the Gymkhana requiring such a change will pay for the cost of the change, less the difference in price of the original arrangements.

9. The Stadium plots to be allotted by lots.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee, the President of the Hindu Gymkhana, has been authorised to carry on the negotiations and report the result to the joint meeting of the Managing Committee and the Hindu Representative Matches Committee.

Labour Cannot Help India

BUT HEART OF BRITISH WORKER IS SOUND

Mr. Masani On His Tour Impressions

In the following statement on the Impressions of his continental tour Mr. M. R. Masani, Joint Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party says, the British Labour Party had lost faith in Socialism and could not be expected to be friendly to the Indian Independence movement. Continuing he says, the heart of the British worker is sound and if led could be won for a Socialist policy.

Tribute To India League

Among the political groups which have Indian sympathies, Mr. Masani mentions the India League (with its Secretary Mr. Krishna Menon) which has been helping the Indian cause in England with a singleness of purpose for several years.

Soviet Achievement

Referring to the impressions of his Russian tour, Mr. Masani said he found tremendous progress made since his last visit in 1927 and he said, he was struck with the marvellous results achieved through the Soviet policy of dealing with "National" and "Communal" problems.

Interviewed on his return from Europe after an absence from India of five months, Mr. M. R. Masani, Joint Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, said he had had a very busy and interesting time in the West but he was glad to be back in India.

"The main work has, after all, to be done in India and I am glad to be back to take my place in that task", he said.

OBJECT OF HIS TOUR

"As you know, I was sent by the Congress Socialist Party to England in response to an invitation from the Socialist League in Britain for the purpose of propaganda and to form contacts with Socialists there. With these aims in mind, I had on the one hand to advance from the public platform and in print the Indian case for Independence and to explain the Congress Socialist Party's point of view and policy and, on the other, by informal means, to form contacts with, and to influence, those in a position to mould opinion in their own country.

ADDRESSED 40 MEETINGS

"During my three months in England, I addressed about forty meetings, big and small. The audiences included such different cross-sections of public opinion as Labour members of the House of Commons, minors from the Durham and South Wales coal-fields, University students, Christian pacifists, I.L.Peers, and Labour Leagues of Youth.

"In fact about half the meetings I addressed were in the second half of October on a speaking tour arranged for me by the University Labour Federation with the co-operation of the Socialist League, covering important university and industrial centres in England, Scotland and Wales.

WHOM HE HAD SEEN

Alongside with this, I met a lot of people who count—men like Sir Stafford Cripps, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, M.P., Professor Laski, Mr. H. N. Brailsford, D. R. Grenfell, M.P., Morgan Jones, M.P., Mr. Crozier, Editor of the "Manchester Guardian", Mr. Kingsley Martin, Editor of "The New Statesman", Dr. Sherwood Eddy and Mr. Fenner Brockway and groups like the Executive and National Council of the Socialist League, the International Bureau of Left Socialist Parties in Europe, the Indian Conciliation Group and the Executive of the University Labour Federation."

LABOUR v. SOCIALISM

Asked as to his impression of the attitude of the Labour Party towards India, Mr. Masani remarked that in his opinion the present leadership of the Labour Party had lost faith in Socialism and was pursuing a reformist and compromising policy generally. That being so, it could hardly be expected that their attitude towards Indian Independence would be sound. Actually, under the advice of its "experts" on India, the Labour Party leaders were pursuing an Imperialist policy. Nothing whatever could be expected of them and even if, after another four or five years, a Labour Government were to materialize with a majority in Parliament it would certainly not be willing to transfer power to the Indian people save owing to pressure.

HEART OF BRITISH WORKER SOUND

"I would like to point out", added Mr. Masani, "that what I have said does not apply to the rank and file of the British Labour movement. I believe the heart of the British worker is sound and, if properly led, he could be won for a Socialist and anti-Imperialist policy. For instance, at no meeting of working people that I addressed did I find the slightest attempt to defend the policy of Labour Government in the past or the Labour Party to-day against my criticism. But ignorance of conditions in India and the colonies, pre-occupation with problems of bread-and-butter at home and a lack of correct leadership conspire to keep from them an appreciation of the need for common action with the colonial peoples of the Empire against the common opponent, Imperialism. The Socialist League is, I am glad to say, showing a much keener appreciation of the position. The Chairman and leader, Sir Stafford Cripps, has recently

(Continued On Page 7 Col. 6).

PARIS BANS PUBLIC MEETINGS

Cabinet Has Its Hand Full With Franc And Foreign Affairs

PARIS, Nov. 21.

The Bank of France, in a statement in respect of the week ending on November 14 which it is issuing to-morrow, is expected to show the gold drain of a milliard francs. The exodus is decreasing since the bank rate was raised from 3 to 4 per cent and is not expected to exceed half a milliard during the current week.

Faced with the double concern of defending the franc and foreign affairs, the Cabinet intend to check the tension of inter political groups by prohibiting all public meetings calculated to endanger law and order.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL.

Wanted:—To know the whereabouts of his wife Bai Vishnulaxmi. Anybody having any information to give may write to Rameshchandra Damodar Bhatt, Box No. 5203, "Bombay Chronicle."

2. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted: An experienced and qualified Civil Engineer to supervise construction of a big building. Apply stating qualifications and the minimum salary required to Box No. 5205, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Experienced Stenographer for Solicitor's Office, another one (Rajputana), Fast Gujarati Steno-Typist (Broach). Apply Secretary, Royal Service Agency, 369-71, Hornby Road, 3rd floor, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. (5208).

B. C. I. Bank, Ltd., Vizagapatam. Our novel scheme appreciated by His Highness the Yuvaraja of Mysore. Applications are invited from respectable ladies and gentlemen for the posts of District Managers, and special managers, in the districts of Bombay, Ahmedabad Kaira, Broach, Panchmahals, Surat, East Khandesh, West Khandesh, Nasik, and Poona on Rs. 110—20—300, and 100—10—200 p.m., with establishment and pension. Experienced medical practitioners of either sex will be preferred. Applications should reach the undersigned with credentials before 7|12|35. Samuel North Brooks Pauls, Esqr., Provincial Manager, Charat Galli Bungalow, Opposite:—District Court, Belgaum, Bombay Presidency. (5175).

B. C. I. Bank, Ltd., Vizagapatam. Wanted 8 provincial managers, 16 district managers, and 4 cashiers to take charge of our branch offices to be opened shortly in the unrepresented parts of Bombay Presidency, Northern India, East Africa, Malay States, and Strait Settlements on Rs. 120, 110, 80, p.m. respectively with increments, pension, and establishment. Apply with credentials to:—Inspector of Branches, Post Eranhipalam, Via Calicut, Malabar. (5175A)

Wanted—Lady Assistant Surgeon on Rs. 225—5—250/- p.m. with free unfurnished quarter, must be good in midwifery and gynaecology. Enlisting support through persons of influence will be a disqualification. Selected candidate shall have to come for interview before final appointment is made. Apply by the 20th November, 1935, stating age, nationality, qualifications and experience to:—Captain M. N. Sardana, A.I.R.O., Chief Medical Officer, Bharatpur. (2126).

Wanted Graduates in Physics or Chemistry (Principal), and Mathematics (Subsidiary). Apply Principal, Union High School, Surat. (2102)

Wanted—M.B.B.S. or L.C.P.S. as assistant to Senior Medical Practitioner, Gujarati preferred. Apply Box No. 5154, "Bombay Chronicle".

73 AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to sell two rare products—"Jabco" Scented Supari and Pappads—both specially made and unlike others. Apply: Jaya Bharatham Co., 7, Kondi Chetti Street, Post Box 83, G. T. Madras. (5204).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Machinery for vessels manufacturing Presses, Lathes, Shaping, Drilling, Spinning, Beading, Bending, Polishing Machines; about 250 dies, punches, etc. Write to Jagwandan and Co., Kapadwanj. (5153)

121. DAILY WANTS.

"Falcon Beer". In bottles and on draught available at the "Taj Mahal Hotel" and "Green's" (2021)

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Just arrived from America. The 4 in 1 appliance. Four uses with one appliance, happy manhood, Re. 1 each, or Rs. 1|2, Post Free, write for particulars, Dixon Toilet Coy., Bezwada. (5183).

Binoculars for Races and Matches small and large, very powerful moderate prices. Sarkari & Co., 554A, Girgaon Road, Bombay 2. (5201).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
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4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

TENDERS FOR ANSWER-BOOKS.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply, before the middle of February, 1936, of Answer-books and blotting papers as detailed below, for the University Examinations in 1936 are invited:—

600,000 Answer-books (with a front page of instructions).

200,000 Answer-books (with a front page containing space for name of the examination, the Centre, the subject and Section of the paper).

80,000 Answer-books (with two graph papers).

The Answer-books must be delivered in bundles of 100 each, in wrappers of durable paper which shall be subject to the approval of the undersigned.

125 Reams of blotting paper (cut into pieces as per sample, each ream to consist of 8 bundles and each bundle to consist of 500 pieces).

2. Each Answer-book should contain 7 leaves of foolscap folio size numbered and ruled on one side only in addition to one front page as stated above, each page to contain 24 blue ruled lines. The book should have one punched hole at the left hand top corner.

3. The paper to be used for the Answer-books should be at least 17 lbs. Double foolscap cream laid of good quality and of INDIAN MANUFACTURE. The weight of a ream of the blotting paper should be about 34 lbs., and the blotting paper should also be of INDIAN MANUFACTURE.

4. Quotations should be forwarded to the Registrar, University of Bombay, Esplanade Road, Bombay, IN SEALED COVERS superscribed "TENDER FOR ANSWER-BOOKS, etc." so as to reach not later than the 15th December, 1935. Further information can be had from the undersigned.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 15th November, 1935.

2106.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Tropical Chloride of Lime or Calcium Chloride or Bleaching powder containing chlorine not less than 30 per cent. for delivery as and when required during the year ending 28th February 1937.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Monday, 2-12-1935 together with an earnest money of Rs. 225. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed Tenders for "Chloride of Lime etc."

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.
(Sd.) M. K. VARIAVA.
Chief Storekeeper.

566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay, No. 11.

2128.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of hay for one year commencing from 1-3-1936, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on 3-12-1935.

Tender I—for hay for Municipal bullocks and other animals to be supplied in Bombay.

Tender II—for hay for cattle, sheep and goats at the Municipal slaughter House at Bandra.

Forms of tender specification will be given to any one on payment of Rupee one by the undersigned who will give any further particulars required by the tenderer.

The tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed "Tender for supply of hay to the Municipal Cattle, etc." addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Only hard-pressed bundles of hay of the crops of the years 1934 and 1935 will be accepted.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
J. S. NERURKER,
Executive Health Officer,
Public Health Department,
Bombay, 21st Nov. 1935.

2136.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Acting Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial Nos.	Insolvency Nos.	Names of the Insolvents..	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	376 of 1932	Jalbhai Dinshaji Diventri	First dividend.
2.	379 of 1932	Dhondu Tukaram Morey	" "
3.	429 of 1932	Tukaram Bhawoo Pawar	" "
4.	602 of 1932	John Reymond D'Soura	" "
5.	662 of 1932	C. N. Doraisami	" "
6.	505 of 1933	Padmakar Jagannath Vaidya	" "
7.	525 of 1933	William Crudington	" "
8.	367 of 1932	Jairam Bapuji Malpekar	First & final dividend.
9.	609 of 1932	Vithal Dajirao Bhujbalrao alias Mane	" " "
10.	610 of 1932	(i) Kallianji Karamsey (personal)	" " "
	695	(ii) Lowji Meghji (personal)	" " "
		(iii) Kallianji Karamsey & Lowji Meghji traded as Lowji Meghji & Co. and Lowji Kallianji & Co.—a firm.	" " "
11	619 of 1932	Lala Khemaji and others traded as Ajbaji Raibhanji & Co.,—a firm.	" " "
12.	620 of 1932	Anant Moreshwar Pitkar	" " "
13.	626 of 1932	Rewashanker Mayaram Joshi and others traded as Rewashanker Mayaram & Co.—a firm.	" " "
14.	638 of 1932	Manohar Madhav Chitnis	" " "
15.	642 of 1932	Thomas Luke Miller	" " "
16.	657 of 1932	Thomas Shaw	" " "
17.	300 of 1933	Jagannath Dharmaji Rant	" " "

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the Office of the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so their claims will be excluded and the Undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective Estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the above-mentioned Estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within 14 days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above Estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognized.

Bombay, this 20th day of November, 1935.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

N. B. ABUVALA,
Ag. Official Assignee of Bombay.
2127

Public Notices

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from 20th December, 1935, to 11th January, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

2130.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAHOMED ISMAIL ABDULSATAR and NURMAHOMED ABDULSATAR, both of Bombay Mussalman inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

THAT any person or persons having any claim, right, title, and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36 Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the Northern side of Piru lane, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 135 7/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 2227 New Survey No. 3662, Cadastral Survey No. 1917 of Mandvi Division, and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 23-46 and Street No. 23 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Amtubai, wife of Tyabally Dadiwala, on or towards the West by the property of Bora Noorbhoy Jivaji Saria, on or towards the North by sweepers passage and on or towards the South by Piru lane.

Bombay dated this 20th day of November, 1935.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

2132.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Summary Suit No. 1866 of 1935.

SUMMONS UNDER O.XXXVII R.2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

MORARJI JERAM, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Khand Bazaar, outside the Fort. .... Plaintiff.

vs.

(1) GAJANAN MAHADEV MAHADIK, and (2) GOPINATH MAHADEV TENDULKAR, both of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, carrying on business, as film producers in the name and style of Maya Movie-tone, near Cinema Majestic, Girgaum, outside the Fort. .... Defendants.

To
GOPINATH MAHADEV TENDULKAR,
The 2nd defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff abovenamed has filed this suit against you to recover Rs. 21,704 for principal and interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per mensem from 26th October, 1935, till judgment due to plaintiff by the defendants as per particulars annexed to the plaint and of which the following is a summary.

You are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days from the date of the publication of this notice exclusive of the date of publication for leave to appear to and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted. In default of your obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof the plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding Rs. 21,704 and interest as aforesaid and Rs. 200 for costs.

Leave to appear to and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers upon your paying into Court the sum herein mentioned or upon affidavits disclosing such facts as the said Judge may deem sufficient to support the application within the meaning of Order XXXVII, Rule 3, of the said Code.

Dated this 6th day of November, 1935.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs DIKSHIT MANEKLAL and Co.,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.

Particulars of Plaintiff's Claim

	Rs.
Paid to defendants	10,530-0-0
Studio rent	10,500-0-0
Costs of Mortgage	130-0-0
Interest from 4-9-35 to 3-10-35 at one per cent.	250-0-0
Further interest from 4-10-35 to 25-10-35 at two per cent.	294-0-0
	21,704-0-0

(2128)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE DIAMOND AND PEARL ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from Dayabhai Chhaganlal Esq. and on account and at the risk of Mr. Hirachand Amichand, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY) FRIDAY, the 22nd November, 1935, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—

1 Very valuable Pearl necklace Dana 113, about 100 Chavs.
1 Pearl Bunch about 47 Chavs.
1 Pearl about 13 Chavs.
1 Pearl about 21 Chavs.
1 Packet diamond 180 pieces about 38 Rati.

The above articles are on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY (STABLES) AT MORELAND ROAD, BYCULLA.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay as the Receiver appointed in Suits Nos. 139 of 1927, 222 of 1928 and 224 of 1928, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY) FRIDAY, 22nd November, 1935, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises.

ALL THAT piece of land of the Foras freehold tenure situate at Moreland Road Byculla, together with the messuages tenements and buildings admeasuring about 15496 square yards and assessed by the Municipality under Ward E Ward Nos. 3820 etc., Street Nos. 7, 8, 9, 9-A and bounded on the North partly by the properties of Reverend Canon Ledgard and others, on the South partly by the land belonging to Juma Mosque and others, on the West partly by Moreland Road, partly by the property of the Trustees of the Juma Mosque and others and on the East partly by the property in the occupation of the Bombay Stable Company and partly by the property of the late Esmailji Ebrahimji Nugree.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga & Girdharlal, Attorneys for the Court Receiver, at Albert Building, Hornby Road or to the undersigned

BENNETT & CO.

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY at Masjid Street, Bhendi Bazaar, near Navab's Masjid, on Thursday the 28th November, 1935, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises under instructions from Messrs. Mulla & Mulla, Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor and pursuant to the power of sale reserved under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 17th February, 1927.

ALL that piece of quit and ground rent land, admeasuring about 166 sq. yds. together with a dwelling house standing thereon situate at Masjid Street or Parel Road, bearing Collector's New No. 7426, New Survey No. 1010, Cadastral Survey No. 3401 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal C Ward No. 6382 and Street Nos. 78-80.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulla & Mulla, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

From to-day it enters
12th Triumphant Week
BEST SHOW in the TOWN
Come & Enjoy by seeing your favourite Stars—
SAIGAL
JAMUNA
Rajkumari
K. C. DEY
SANYAL
NEW THEATRES LTD.'S
Master Creation
DEVDAS
AT
MINERVA TALKIES
LAMINGTON ROAD.
Time: 5-30, 8 & 10-30
Direction:—
Western India Theatres Ltd.

Grand Gala Opening on
Saturday, 23rd November Epic Picture—
SULOCHANA
AS
"ANARKALI"
with
D. Billimoria, Zilloo, Asuji,
Lalita, Abdul, Chanda, Baba Vyas
in
IMPERIAL'S
Immortal Tragic Romance
OF
ALL HUMAN EMOTIONS
Director:—CHAUDHARI
Commencing from 23rd November
at the
IMPERIAL CINEMA Lamington Road.

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A Page About Motoring & Aviation

A Miscellany For Motorists

Did A Jap Invent Streamlined Cars? ---- Henry Ford's Thanks ---- Forty Billion Dollars On Motoring Holiday! ---- They Move Roads In U. S. A.

A Japanese has now been ascertained to be the first designer of the stream-line type for vehicular purposes, and this has been proved by a person of no less authority than Mr. Henry Ford, King of motor-car manufacturers of America, it is claimed by "Japan Times".

A Japanese named Kumetaro Hanai, 38, living at No. 365, Hisagi, Zushi, and a paper-hanger by occupation, has recently been given a letter of thanks by Mr. Ford for the designs of a motor-car of flow-line type made by him and sent to Mr. Ford four years ago.

HOW HE DID IT.

While working at his home, he was greatly irked at running motor-cars along the street in front of his house raising a smoke of dust and he hit upon the idea that the bad structural form of motor-cars was responsible for this nuisance, and should their form be improved to reduce the resistance of the air to the car, both drivers and pedestrians would be less troubled.

He then hit upon a plan to devise some form to best answer such purpose, and after making a laborious study on the matter for about six months he drew up designs of a motor-car of a special form. Thinking Mr. Ford of America as the best person in the world to be taken into his confidence in regard to such matter, he sent his designs to the latter in December in 1932.

"FLY LINE."

About a month later, Mr. Ford sent a reply to Mr. Hanai acknowledging the receipt of his letter. In the meantime the so-called stream-line type has become a raging fashion of the day. Then quite recently Mr. Ford sent a letter to him to the effect that his motor-car design is quite original in conception and has proved of great service for his company in the manufacture of motor-cars of up-to-date type and expressing thanks, adding that his company will do something for him in appreciation of his service.

It is understood that Mr. Hanai has of late sent to Mr. Henry Ford another design of motor-car of "flying-line" type as called by him and that according to him, this new type is far less subjected to air resistance than the best of all stream-line types.

In America—Not In India!

Nearly 37,000,000 persons in 11,000,000 automobiles took vacations by motor this year, a gain of about 15 per cent over last season, it is estimated after a survey by the American Automobile Association. The expenditure for these extended outings by car is placed at dolls. 4,000,000,000.

Motor vacationing abroad is said to have registered an increase of approximately 50 per cent., while travel over the Canadian border was described as unusually heavy.

Of the huge vacation expenditure, according to the survey, about dolls. 1,000,000,000 went to retail stores for incidental purchases; dolls. 830,000,000 for food; dolls. 800,000,000 for transportation costs such as petrol and oil, repairs and garaging; dolls. 325,000,000 for amusement, including theatres, fairs and sightseeing, and dolls. 245,000,000 for buying refreshments and candy along the road.

Moving Roads In U. S. A.

A highway project believed to be without precedent in the history of road construction was recently started in certain American cities like New Jersey when work began on the moving of an eight-mile stretch of concrete roadway twelve feet to one side. Two lanes for southbound traffic are to be moved to provide space for a safety island that will separate vehicles travelling in opposite directions.

30 TON SLABS!

The feasibility of the project was determined in an experiment on September 25, when a slab of concrete 14½ feet wide and 35 feet long, weighing approximately thirty tons, was moved with equipment designed for the purpose.

The plan for shifting the southbound traffic lanes of the highway is unique, but comparatively simple in its operation. A plow-like blade drawn by a steam roller removes the bituminous material which binds each thirty-ton slab of concrete.

A flat piece of regulation fire hose an inch and a half in diameter is then laid in the half-inch opening along the inner edge of the slab. The hose is filled with air under high pressure and its expansion moves the slab outward

(Continued In Column 3.)

BRITANNIA BISCUITS

Satisfy All Palates

Young and old appreciate the excellent quality of Britannia Biscuits. Made in sweetened, slightly sweetened, and unsweetened varieties, of the finest quality ingredients under absolutely hygienic conditions. These biscuits are so fresh, nourishing and health-giving, they can be safely recommended for children and invalids.

BRITANNIA BISCUIT COMPANY LIMITED.

MANUFACTURERS OF 33 VARIETIES

Indian Provident Funds Society.

South Napier Road, KARACHI.
Tele. INDPROFUND. Est. 1930. P. B. No. 193.

Remarkable Progress

Membership	2,10,000
Reserve Fund	10,00,000
Deposit with Government	2,00,000
Claims paid in Marriage Fund & Family Relief Fund 1934-35	14,93,333

For further particulars apply to:—
DURGDAS B. ADVANI, Managing Director.

BOMBAY FLYING CLUB

Report Of Activities During October

The Secretary sends the following report of activities of The Bombay Flying Club for the month of October, 1935:

"Our flying time for the month was 172 hours 5 minutes as against 331 hours 45 minutes of the previous year. This apparent decease is due to the fact that last year the India-Heston-India flight returned home putting a total flying time of 287 hours 35 minutes, while the flying done in Bombay amounted to 79 hours 30 minutes only.

We commenced the flying season on the 3rd of October. Our Fox Moth machine which was at Poona was brought to Bombay and is being given a complete overhaul. The flying during the month was somewhat restricted owing to the occasional showers of rain and preparing the machines for renewal of Certificates of Airworthiness.

We are glad to announce that during this month two members gave their tests for 'A' Licence and one other member completed his Night Flying tests for 'B' Licence.

AN AIR COMPANY'S PROFITS

Pan American Airways Make A Million Dollars In A Year

The report of Pan-American Airways Corporation shows a profit of dol. 1,064,000 for the year 1934. The purchase of new, faster and more modern aircraft and in particular of the large four-engined flying-boats has resulted in increased traffic, the passenger traffic actually showing an increase of 44 per cent with a total of 39,515,959 passenger miles.

Air express and air mail poundage also show appreciable gains. For the fifth successive year, the scheduled efficiency of the services operated, as determined by the United States Post Office, exceeds 99 per cent. The report shows that 31,927 miles of airways are in operation in 33 different countries, and that the services are flown by 134 aircraft in regular service. The Sikorsky 'Clipper' ship recently completed its second flight from the United States to Honolulu and back.

The outward flight was made in seventeen hours fifty-five minutes, the aircraft then continuing to Midway Island,

IMPERIAL AIRWAYS TRAFFIC

During the first three months of the year 1935 the figure for passenger/ton miles was 564,835 compared with 367,038 for a similar period in 1934 an increase of 54 per cent. For freight/ton miles the figure was 127,213 compared with 87,811 in 1134, an increase of 44 per cent. The ton/miles figure for mails increased from 135,056 to 269,425, and the passenger miles' total reached 5,884,234 as compared with 3,830,609. More recent statistics for May of this year, would indicate that increases in the neighbourhood of 70 per cent. have occurred in the Empire traffic compared with 1934. On the Indian and Eastern route passenger traffic has grown by 100 per cent. and mail loads by 60 per cent.

(Continued from Column 2.)

about an inch. A flat hose six inches in diameter is then placed in the widened crack. When it is filled with air under pressure, the slab is moved some four inches further. After this heavy timbers are placed in the gap for backing, and the operation is continued until the slab is moved twelve feet.

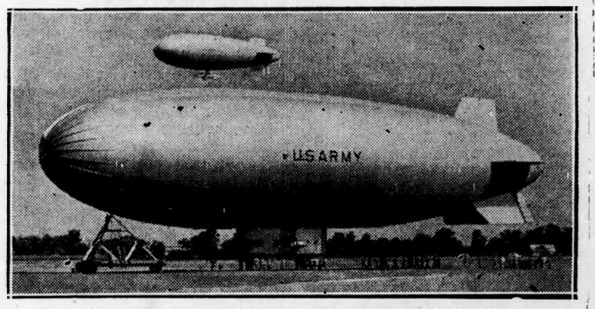
TO FORM A BASE.

Before the slabs are moved, of course, the side of the road is graded to the proper level. When each slab is in its new position, four holes will be drilled through it from the top. Fluid concrete will be forced through these holes, each of which will be four inches in diameter, and, spreading out under the slab, will make a firm foundation for it. When all the slabs have been moved they will be bound together again with bituminous material. When the eight miles of the project have been completed the safety island will be built in the open twelve-foot space.

The cost is estimated at 400,000 dollars and it is calculated that approximately 800 feet of the highway can be moved in a day.

ITALIAN MOTOR RACE

Hans Stuck won the biggest Italian motor race at Monza. The upper photo shows him taking a dangerous corner at high speed. The lower shows him chatting after winning the race.



One of the new giant airships of the United States Army.

MOTOR FACTORY FOR SWITZERLAND

General Motors To Produce 3,500 Cars Every Year

Switzerland is a maze of contradictions. Travellers from all parts of the world each year throng to its towns, and while they have helped to spread modern ideas, many of the old traditions hold as strongly as ever.

The contradictory quality of the land is seen in the announcement last week that the General Motors Corporation has started to build a factory at Bienne, in the centre of Switzerland's watch-making area. The plant will have a capacity of 3,500 motor cars annually. While modern machinery will turn out the most advanced types of vehicles at this plant, in other cities of Switzerland children who have been brought up in an atmosphere of hand-turned wooden products will be in apprenticeship preparing to carry on the work of their fathers, highly trained craftsmen.

Some towns of Switzerland depend upon the single industry of woodworking and maintain schools in which children learn the fundamentals of their father's trade coincident with their general education and take over that trade when they come of age. In getting the new motor car industry Switzerland is displaying an acute sense of economic co-operation. Bienne provided the necessary building site for the factory and voted a credit of 2,000,000 Swiss francs for its erection, expecting that it would mean employment for hundreds of its citizens.

AIR SERVICE FOR SOVIET'S PAPERS

In order to facilitate the receiving of newspapers as early as possible by the Kolkhozes of the region of Vartachen, the Soviet Government are planning to inaugurate a new air line between Baku and Vartachen. The air-mail shall cover the distance between the two stations in two hours and 25 minutes instead of the 17 hours, at present (12 by Railway and 5 by car).

In addition to the newspapers and the passengers the aeroplanes shall also be allowed to carry other commodities, specially tobacco.—(International Information Service).

(Continued from Col. 7).

ways fleet comprised 37 aircraft in service, and 5 in course of construction, the total horsepower of these aircraft reaching a figure of 55,620.

In addition to these 42 aircraft and in connection with the official decision to place first-class letter mails in the air in bulk, Imperial Airways now has under construction or on order 29 new flying-boats and 12 new landplanes.

Aircraft which are to replace the main-line fleet on the Empire routes will have a carrying capacity of from 3½ to 5 tons, according to the amount of fuel carried. They will embody a luxury in passenger accommodation superior to anything yet provided, and will be equipped for regular flying by night as well as day. The speed of these new main-line aircraft, operating to a 24-hours' schedule, will enable Imperial Airways to fly between London and Australia in seven days; between England and South Africa in four days; and between England and India in three days.

NOVEL 'PLANE

Developments with a view to operating an Atlantic service have led to the ordering by the Company of a Mayo composite form of aircraft, which is a combination of two machines—a large aircraft ascending with a smaller machine mounted upon the upper surface of its wing; the latter being launched in mid-air for an ocean flight. The adoption of aerial launching enables the machine thus launched to carry a bigger pay-load with less power, and at lower cost, than would be possible with any aircraft making its ascent in the normal way from the surface of land or sea.

SOME FIGURES!

Last year Imperial Airways and its associated companies flew a total distance of 3,500,000 miles.

For the current year the figures will probably exceed 6,000,000 miles representing an average of nearly 17,000 miles flown every day.

To cope with the continued growth in their operations, Imperial Ariways have decided to build a new terminus and head office in London.

With this end in view, negotiations are proceeding as to a suitable site, and on it will be erected a structure designed specially for the expeditious handling of air traffic, and for facilitating transport between the London headquarters of the Company and the air-ports used by the various services.

Progress Of Imperial Airways And Future Plans

NEW AIR LINKS, INCREASED TRAFFIC AND BETTER AIR CRAFT

Facts and figures which are of extreme significance, illustrating as they do the remarkable progress of British commercial aviation, were made known at the Annual Meeting of Imperial Airways, which has just been held in London.

Striking figures were brought forward in regard to the growth now taking place in the volume of traffic carried by air. During the quarter ending September 30th 1935, there was, for example an increase of 76 per cent— as compared with the previous year—in letter-mails dispatched by air from England.

ON INDIA ROUTE

On the India route of Imperial Airways traffic for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1935, was over four times what it was five years ago; while on the Company's Africa service traffic as a whole increased by 41 per cent over the previous year. On their European and Empire services, during the twelve months ending March 31st. 1935, Imperial Airways carried 55,745 passengers.

A new express air-line has been established between London and Budapest, while the Company's evening service between London and Paris now operates on an all-the-year-round basis, and continues to prove extremely popular, particularly with business men.

LINK WITH KHARTOUM

Previous difficulties as to flying over French territory having been partially overcome, Imperial Airways are now in a position to operate by air between London and Brindisi, thus rendering it possible in due course to eliminate the Paris-Brindisi train link, and to operate Empire services throughout their whole length by air. Already preliminary flights are in progress on the Paris-Brindisi section.

Arrangements have been completed for a regular air connection between Khartoum, on the main England-South Africa route, and Nigeria, while for some time past Imperial Airways have been endeavouring to overcome difficulties in the establishment of a regular service between Hong Kong and the main England-Australia service. In this connection, and at the present time, the Company is conducting experimental flights between Penang and Hong Kong.

BETTER AIRCRAFT

The constant widening of the scope of the Company's operations is being assisted by the evolution of aircraft of faster and more economical types. This reduces operating costs; while other favouring factors are still more reliable aero-engines, and the improvements which are constantly being made in the wireless and meteorological services.

Not only has the British Government agreed, as a matter of principle, that letter-mails within the Empire shall be carried in bulk by air, but Imperial Airways have been informed officially that they are to continue to be the organisation entrusted by the Government with the expansions that are now forthcoming in Empire air transport.

At the end of the financial year under review the Imperial Air-

(Continued in Col. 5).

Disorders of Digestion

ANGIER'S EMULSION

Catarrhal, Fermentative, Ulcerative.

Angier's Emulsion exercises soothing, lubricating, anti-fermentative effects throughout the entire digestive tract. That is why it is so valuable in affections of the stomach and intestines. Angier's Emulsion soothes and cleanses the mucous membrane, allays irritation, fermentation, catarrh, ulceration. It restores tone to all the digestive functions and it promotes normal healthy action of the bowels.

For over forty years Angier's Emulsion has proved its value in a wide range of digestive and bowel disorders. Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions and it agrees perfectly with delicate, sensitive stomachs. Equally useful for adults and children.

Good Digestion means Good Health

A Doctor writes: "Just a note to thank you for the bottle of Angier's Emulsion you sent me recently, and to say that I derived decided benefit from taking this, not only with regard to a persistent laryngeal cough, but also gastro-intestinal trouble, general malaise, etc. I have frequently prescribed it for cases of debility, bronchitis, etc., and have not found one but which has done well with it."

(Signed)——, M.B., Ch.B

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

ANGIER'S EMULSION

ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION

LATEST GALLOP NOTES

Savonette Gives Speedy Display Over 5 Furlongs

Achieve And Woolworth Make Favourable Impression

(By Our Special Correspondent)

The cool temperature in the mornings has been conducive to some fast timings being put up by horses at exercise. Gallops noted were as follows:—

FAIRFORD (Vatard) spurted 3 furlongs moving with great freedom. Much improved.

RAPSONIA (Davison) beat ZORAWAR (Clarke) over 6 furlongs on the tan. The former improves with every gallop.

BEAUTAUR (Burn) shaped better than a stablemate over 6 furlongs. The former will open his winning account early.

PIN MONEY (Simmons) was not extended in a 6 furlongs gallop. Fit & well.

THRACIAN PRINCE (Graham) showed to advantage against KING STEFAN (Riding Boy) in a 6 furlongs gallop on the grass.

WOOLWORTH (Graham) proved superior to HIMAT (Burn) in a 6 furlongs gallop on the tan. The former can win if wanted.

GRECIAN ORB (Forsyth) travelled 6 furlongs in fine style. In great form.

MISTY DAWN (Brace) finished in front of BALLYLINCH (Riding Boy) and HOLLYWOOD NIGHTS (J. O'Neale) over a mile on the grass track. The first named is in tip top condition.

PERMARCH (Cook) and GREEK JACK (Reynolds) covered 6 furlongs on the tan but were not extended. The former is very well at the moment.

AURANGZEBE (Vatard) beat JELAL SHAH (Riding Boy) over 5 furlongs on the tan. The former is in fine fettle at the moment.

MR. PIP (A. Sibbritt) and CHEAP JACK (Graham) went 6 furlongs. Fair.

FRANCOLIN (Bowley) travelled 6 furlongs on the tan. Fair.

ACHIEVE (Forsyth) impressed in a 6 urlongs burst with CHAPEI (Riding Boy). Make a note of the former.

PROVENCE ROSE (Brace) and COLUMBIAN (O'Neale) were not stretched in a 6 furlongs gallop on the grass. Keep an eye on the former, who is very fit at the present.

HONEYSUCKLE (Brace) finished slightly better than EVE (O'Neale) over 6 furlongs on the grass.

HER LADYSHIP (Burn) was sent 5 furlongs. Fair.

SAVONETTE (Davison) made a favourable impression when sent 5 furlongs on the tan.

TURF BOY (Davison) shaped well in his pace work over 6 furlongs. Much improved.

SABINA (J. Bell) beat a stablemate over 5 furlongs. Fair.

DAFTRUM (Burn) finished in front of HEAD DRESS (Simmons) over 5 furlongs.

BELLE OF YORK (Selby) galloped an easy 6 furlongs. She is fit.

REPLETE (Cook) moved smoothly over 5 furlongs. Very fit.

KNIGHT AT ARMS (Brace) held MINNOW (O'Neale) over 5 furlongs on the grass.

RAJPUT (Burn) travelled 6 furlongs at steady pace. Much improved.

QUEEN SINGER (Vatard) easily beat DARK HORSE (Riding Boy) in a 6 furlongs gallop. Watch the former.

YAWIR AWAR (Davison) went 6 furlongs. Fair.

SAMRA LAYALI (Whittle) held MUJBIL HATIM (Cook) over 6 furlongs. The first named has retained her Poona form.

FARHAN PASHA (Simmons) made a good display over 6 furlongs. Is fit for the fray.

AMIR (Bowley) covered 6 furlongs on the tan. Fair.

KARAM ALLAH (Spackman) shaped well over 6 furlongs.

BURGESS (Forsyth) travelled 7 furlongs. Not quite fit yet.

BADEN (Riding Boy) pleased over 6 furlongs. In fine fettle.

PASHA (Selby) easily disposed of NAYAZI (Bullock) in a 6 furlongs trial. The old horse is in excellent trim.

AL MUQBIL (S. Black) showed to advantage over 7 furlongs. Has made notable improvement.

HAVANA (Whittle) finished ahead of POPPY DAY (Munro) in a 7 furlongs gallop.

BANIKASHRAJ (Vatard) finished strongly in a 7 furlongs gallop. Should be noted.

IRAQ BAHADUR (Cook) pleased in a 6 furlongs gallop on the grass. Likely winner.

KANZ AL DOWLA (Selby) moved well over 7 furlongs on the grass. A promising sort.

SAIF AL IRAQ (Munro) showed improvement in a 7 furlongs gallop.

Lall Singh's Brilliant Century

(Continued from page 12.)

hard cross-hit off Jamshedji. Two catches dropped when the play was in progress for 24 minutes made the Parsi supporters shudder.

The pair added another 10 mostly obtained by stepping out and getting the runs in singles. The skipper brought the field, which was spread out, closer and bit of good fielding saved a number of singles.

A change in the bowling was then wrung, Vajifdar taking over from Havewalla but with no effect on the batsmen. Lall Singh delighted the crowd by going up half the pitch to drive Jamshedji to the screen which sent up 180 on board.

Lall Singh Changes Bat

Lall Singh sent Jamshedji to the Muslim Gymkhana and hoisted 190 on Board. Another full-blooded hit off his bat brought him only a single and the Sikh player called for a change of bats.

Khote took over from Vajifdar at the Gymkhana end and Lall Singh tried his new bat and looked quite pleased. He took a single in the gully and crossing over had a good whack at a loose one from Jamshedji straight into the Hindu Gymkhana tent, and hoisted 200 on board.

Lall Singh was now playing a very enterprising innings and kept the crowd in good humour. The advent of the new ball did not seem to trouble the Sikh stalwart who displayed great agility and drove Havewalla past Jamshedji for 3 reaching his 50 amidst cheers. The score increased to 210 after the game had been in progress for 55 minutes. Lall Singh again stepped out and drove Havewala to the country for four and the next ball he square cut to the boundary, the third one he lifted over the head of the field to the country for 4 and sent the next one also to the ropes. The field was reshuffled but Lall Singh got another boundary on the leg side making 20 runs in this over. His individual score was now 72 and 230 was signalled.

Merchant kept up his end and allowed Lall Singh to do all the scoring.

Jamshedji Flogged

Jamshedji relieved Havewalla at the Bori Bunder end and Lall Singh glanced him to leg for 4 and got another away in same direction which was stopped by Colah yielding only a single.

In the next over of Khote the score was increased to 240 by Lall Singh who now reached 80. Playing a free and easy game Lall Singh hit Jamshedji all round the wicket and increased his score to 87 in the next over. Nagarwala was brought on in place of Khote and Merchant glanced him to leg sending 250 on board.

A full toss from Jamshedji despatched to the boundary by Lall Singh brought his score upto 95. With the prospect of his century in sight the crowd cheered lustily as he settled down to face Nagarwala but Lall Singh was not in mood to take any risks and played out the over.

Lall Singh's Century

A single from Merchant sent up 260 on board and then Lall Singh turned Jamshedji to the leg boundary for 4 reaching his 100 amidst cheers from all quarters. Lall Singh hit Jamsheji again to the leg boundary for 4 and got another in the same direction for 2.

With the total at 272 the Hindu skipper declared the innings closed at 3-15 p.m.

Lall Singh received a great ovation when he returned to the Pavilion unbeaten with 107. He had added 173 runs to the total during his stay at the wickets in partnership with Amarnath and Merchant and had 14 boundaries to his credit.

PARSIS 2ND INNINGS

Faced with a deficit of 329 runs the Parsis entered on their second essay at 3-35 p.m. sending in Contractor and Nagarwala. Amarnath opened from the Bori Bunder end sending down a maiden over. Nagarwala opened the scoring by gliding Godambe to leg for 2 and added a single in mid-off.

The first decade went up after the play had been in progress for 15 minutes, Hindlekar giving away 7 extras.

Nagarwala Out

The Hindu skipper who took over from Amarnath met with instant success. Nagarwala stepped in front of a straight one and was out l.b.w. (19—1—6). Palia filled in the breach and drove Nayudu through cover to the boundary and 20 was hoisted.

PLAY AFTER TEA

Thirty was hoisted after three overs had been played out. C. S. Nayudu took over from the skipper and made a confident appeal for l.b.w. against Contractor but it was disallowed.

Ramaswami was given a turn with the ball from the Gymkhana end to Contractor who turned him to the leg boundary for 4. In the next over of Nayudu both Palia and Contractor helped themselves freely and 40 was telegraphed.

Ramaswami's bowling was proving ineffective and runs were now coming in at a rapid pace and 50 was signalled.

Palia skied C. S. Nayudu to leg and was caught by Lall Singh when the score stood at 55. (55-2-19).

Khote filled the gap and broke his duck with a single. Soon after 60 was telegraphed, the runs being gathered in singles. Khote stepped in front of Ramaswami's next delivery and was successfully appealed against for l-b-w. (63-3-4).

The Parsi wickets were falling cheaply when Bhaya was sent in to join Contractor who held his ground tenaciously. Bhaya opened hopefully scoring 7 runs off the 3 balls sent down to him, increasing the total to 70.

Nayudu called on Lall Singh to relieve C. S. Nayudu at the Bori Bunder End, and Contractor turned him to leg for a couple sending 80 on board. Bose was given the next opportunity to bowl and with his first ball he had Contractor out l-b-w. With the fall of the Parsi stone-waller's wicket at 84 for 4, Colah came in and joined Bhaya. (84-4-29).

Bhaya despatched Bose to the boundary after Colah opened his score with a hard drive for 2, sending up 90 on board.

PARSIS' CENTURY.

Colah sent up 100 for the Parsis by driving Lall Singh to the country.

The skipper was giving the possible bowlers in his team a chance and entrusted the attack to M. M. Naidu in place of Lall Singh.

When stumps were drawn the Parsis had scored 110 for the loss of 4 wickets.

Lall Singh (not out)	107
V M Merchant (not out)	30
Extras	11
Total (declared for 7 wkts.)	272

Fall of wickets 1 for 25; 2 for 31; 3 for 40; 4 for 49; 5 for 84; 6 for 99; 7 for 140.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Vajifdar	22	10	28	1
Jamshedji	39	7	137	3
Havewalla	29	11	73	1
Khote	12	5	15	1
Palia	2	...	5	...
Nagarwala	2	...	3	...

PARSIS (2nd Innings)

H. N. Contractor l.b.w. b Bose	29
P. Palia c Lall Singh b C. S. Nayudu	19
J. Khote l.b.w. b Ramaswami	4
J. M. Bhaya, not out	24
S. H. Colah, not out	18
Extras	10
Total (for 4 wkts)	110

Fall of Wickets:—1 for 19; 2 for 55; 3 for 63; 4 for 84;

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Godambe	5	2	7	1
Amarnath	6	2	7	0
C. S. Nayudu	7	1	18	1
C. K. Nayudu	3	1	6	1
Bose	3	0	13	1
Lall Singh	2	0	12	0
M. M. Naidu	1	0	2	0
Ramaswamy	7	0	30	1

CATTLE-GRAZING AND ITS SEQUEL

Appeal Of Security Cases In Thana Sessions Court

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Nov. 21.

Judgment was delivered yesterday by Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, in the appeal preferred by Mr. G. G. Pradhan, Advocate, on behalf of ten villagers of Nandgaon, who were prosecuted under Section 107 of the Criminal Procedure Code and subsequently bound over by the First Class Magistrate of Panvel for one year in a sum of Rs. 100.

The Sessions Judge set aside the Lower Court's order referring to Kathod Hiru. Kanu Balu, Daji Dhou, K. B. Bhoir and Ragho Rama, and acquitted them.

The third annual exhibition of the Academy of Fine Arts, Calcutta will be held during Christmas and New Year weeks in the Indian Museum for about a fortnight. Prizes have been offered by His Excellency the Viceroy, His Excellency the Governor of Bengal, the Maharaja Tagore (the president) and several Ruling Princes.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

Seventeen Runners In November Plate Of 6 Furlongs

The following are the acceptances for the 2nd Day of the Bombay Winter Meeting to be held on Saturday:-

1st Race: 1-45 p. m.
THE KIRKUK PLATE.
Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500, third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III. maidens at the time of starting. W. A. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Araby 9-3; Kassab 9-2; Zobba 9-2; Maavan 7-9; Zohal 8-12; Grey Prince 8-12; Saif al Iraq 8-11; Rathfan 8-10; Time Limit 8-6; Iraq Bahadur 8-6; His Highness 8-6; Shar'a al Na'aman 8-6; Mijhim 7-13; Imbratol 7-13; Silver Star 7-13; Nejashi 7-13; Asmat Pasha 7-13; Turf Boy 7-13; Kanz al Dowla 7-13; Mahmood Beg 7-13.

2nd Race: 2-15 p. m.
THE BAGHDAD PLATE
(Div. I).
Distance—7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st October, 1934, of a race or races of the aggregate value of 2,000 or over 7 lbs. or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000 or over 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Tair al Zaman 8-10; Lamington 8-10; Laffy 8-10; Up-to-Date 8-10; Madras 8-8; Bahadur al Iraq 8-4; The Leader 8-4; Sheriyar 8-2; Sinbad 8-2; Valentine 8-2; Bani Khasraj 8-2; Rahimatulla 8-2; Ghoj al Sa'ad 7-10; Mamluk al Iraq 7-10.

3rd Race: 2-45 p. m.
THE BAGHDAD PLATE
(Div. II).
Distance—7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st October, 1934, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2000 or over 7 lbs. or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000 or over 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Sammandar 9-8; Poppy Day 9-6; The Duke 9-1; Tariff 8-9; Watchmaker II 8-8; King Ghazi 8-8; Aladdin 8-8; Al Barmaki 8-4; Reform 8-2; Mabrook 8-2; Zenobia 8-2; Quality 8-2; Al Muqbil 7-10; Kananah 7-4.

4th Race: 3-15 p. m.
THE MEERUT PLATE.
Distance—5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class IV.

Her Ladyship 10-3; Daftrum 8-10; Savonette 8-4; Belle of York 8-4; Head Dress 8-0; Minnow 7-7; Replete 7-4; Catapult 7-4; Sabina 7-4; Savoy 7-0; Champagne 7-0.

5th Race: 3-45 p. m.
THE AUCKLAND PARK PLATE.
Distance—6 furlongs

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Essex Lad 9-4; It 9-3; Honeysuckle 9-1; Buddha 8-7; Snow Leopard 8-5; Greek Jack 8-4; Cheap Jack 8-2; Lingo 8-0; Chapei 7-9; Casanova 7-9.

6th Race: 4-15 p. m.
THE COOPERAGE HANDICAP.
(Division II)
Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Banco 9-4; Danger 9-2; Amir 8-13; Imperial 8-11; Aziza 8-11; Money Order 8-5; Sa'ami 8-4; Silver Jubilee 8-3; Serheed 8-3; Pailazaman 8-0; Royalty 8-0; Roj al Bahar 7-13; Nahab 7-12; Dark Horse 7-12; Mosul King 7-11; Billy Boy 7-4.

7th Race: 4-45 p. m.
THE NOVEMBER PLATE.
Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 1,500; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Ootman 9-0; Beautaur 8-11; Rapsonia 8-10; Raghubeer 8-6; Royal Prince 8-9; Pin Money 8-7; Maid of Orleans 8-5; Heremia 7-10 King Stefan 8-5; Grecian Orb 8-4; Ternlet 8-3; Misty Dawn 8-3; Fairford 8-2; Camille 8-1; Myron 7-13; Himat 7-12; Ballylinch 7-10.

8th Race: 5-15 p. m.
THE REDCAR PLATE.
Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Woolworth 9-4; Mr. Pip 7-12; Glen Gowan 8-9; Angelo 8-9; Aurangzebe 8-9; Francolin 8-7; Benevento 8-5; Columbian 8-5; Kilfinane 8-3; Lucky Land 8-3; Jaya Kumar II 8-0; Helen's Glory 8-2; Myrrh 8-2; Provence Rose 8-1; The Earl 7-13; Achieve 7-12; Natbay 7-11; Danger Ahead 7-11; Pratap Sinha 7-0.

9th Race: 5-45 p. m.
THE COOPERAGE HANDICAP.
(Division I)
Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,400; third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Karam Allah 9-5; Yawir Awar 9-4; Vershan 9-4; Burgess 9-2; Baden 7-8; White Flower 8-11; Watchmaker 8-3; Samra Layali 8-3, Pasha 8-1; Mujbil Hatim 7-13; Adhba II 7-11; Rajput 7-9; Farhan Pasha 7-7; Fiery Face 7-7; No Limit 7-7; Queen Singer 7-4; Lucky Boy 7-4; Happy King 7-2; Shogat Aziz 7-0.

WORLD CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

Alekhine Resigns In 21st Game

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

In the World's Chess Championship Alekhine resigned in the twenty-first game. The scores now are:—Alekhine seven, Euwe seven, drawn seven.

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KING GHAZI	(W)	Rs. 63
DOREDA	(W)	Rs. 82
ROYAL PRINCE	(W)	Rs. 45

were given as outright winners last Saturday in the "Chronicle". THE DUKE, MINSTREL BOY & DIAMOND SHOWER all next best selections also scored. In addition the following horses placed as predicted:—ZOHAL (Rs.) 20, TURF BOY (Rs.) 22, AL MUQBIL (Rs.) 61, TETFORD (Rs.) 12, KIRKIBOST (Rs.) 22, TREE TOP (Rs.) 18, OOTMAN (Rs.) 16, SILVER JUBILEE (Rs.) 16.

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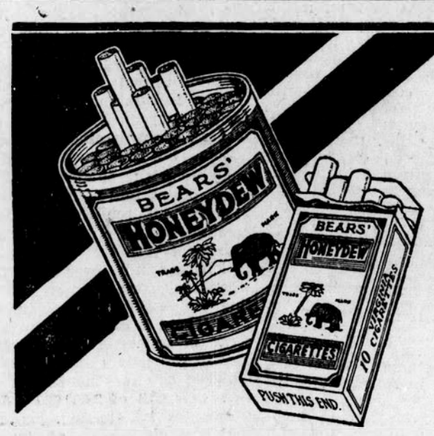

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City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Vad 12, 1992
Muslim: Shaban 25, 1351
Parsi: Khordad 17, 1305
Hightide: 8-44 22-16
Lowtide: 3-00 15-23
Sunrise 6h 49m
Sunset: 6h 0m
Legislative Council 2 p.m.
Standing Committee of Corporation at 3 p.m. (B.T.)
Indian Salon of Photographic Art Exhibition, Town Hall, 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.

SATURDAY, November 23.

Legislative Council 10 a.m.
S S Strathmore, with English mails, sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races. Winter Meeting. Second Day.
Indian Salon of Photographic Art Exhibition, Town Hall, 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.

MONDAY, November 25.

Symphony Orchestra, Concert, Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, 6-30 p.m.

GIRGAUM CONGRESS COMMITTEE

An ordinary meeting of the Managing Council will be held at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Friday) at the Committee's Office.

BHARAT MITRA MANDAL

A general meeting of the Bharat Mitra Mandal will be held to-day (Friday) at 9-30 p.m. at the Mandal's Office.

ADULT EDUCATION

Professor Rev. Fr. J. Duhr will meet his students in Italian to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. in the St. Xavier's College.

ADULT EDUCATION

Principal S. U. Shukla will meet his students in Education to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Office of the Association.

ADULT EDUCATION

Professor M. H. Gandhi will meet his students in Economics to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Building.

MASANI'S LECTURE

Mr. M. R. Masani will deliver a public lecture on "Politics in London and Geneva" to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Jinnah Hall under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party.

SWASTIK LEAGUE VOLUNTEERS

Col. Sir Kailas Nath Haksar will inspect the Swastik League Volunteer Corps on Saturday, the 23rd November next, at 6-30 a.m. All volunteers will attend this parade in correct uniform at 6 a.m. (S.T.) sharp.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS

Under the auspices of the Bombay Municipal Workers' Union, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) on the Improvement Trust Chawls Maidan, Foras Road at 6 p.m. Speeches will be delivered by Messrs. Nimbkar, Maniben Kara, Karnik, Jhabvala, Deshpande, Sawant and others.

BOMBAY COUNCIL NOMINATIONS

The Governor has accepted the resignations by Mr. C. G. Freke, I.C.S., and Major-General E. W. C. Bradfield of their offices of members of the Legislative Council and nominated Messrs. R. M. Maxwell, I.C.S., and S. R. Deshpande, being officials, to be members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay.

PHYSICAL FEATS AT MATUNGA

Under the auspices of the Matunga Vyayam Shala, Prof. D. V. Trivedi will exhibit his feats of physical exercise such as Malkham, Surya Namskars and Yoga asans to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the compound of the Matunga Vyayam Shala, Matunga, (G. I. P.) Mr. B. G. Horniman will preside.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

PATHE—"The Crusades" Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 9-30 p.m
REGAL—"Bonnie Scotland" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Bright Lights" Daily at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jawani-Ki-Hawa" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Painted Sin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Noor-e-Vatan" Time as usual
WELLINGTON—"Let's Live To-night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Mithi Nazar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bridegrooms Wanted" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Devil Tiger" Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"The Students' Romance." Time as usual.
EDWARD—"Mystery Mountain"; Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Indian programme. Selection of Indian music. 1 p.m. Available market rates. European programme. Alfredo Campoli and His Orchestra. 2 p.m. Close down.

6 p.m. Excerpts from The Warner Bros. Film 'A Midsummer Night's Dream' Taken Direct from the Sound Track of the Film. Relayed from the Regal Cinema, Bombay. 6-30 p.m. Indian Programme Safety First. Talk No. 3. 'Home Safety and Hygiene.' By Prof. P. V. Gharpure, M.D. Of the Safety First Association of India. 6-45 p.m. Gujarati songs. By Master Jaganath of Surat European Programme. 7-30 p.m. Empire relay. Indian Programme. 8 p.m. Jala Tarang. By Dattaram Parwatkar. 8-30 p.m. Recitations from Holy 'Quaran'. Moulvi Gulam Mahomed Kamar will recite, Soorai Daher. The News. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report, News Bulletin and Commercial News. European programme. 9-30 p.m. Empire relay. 10 p.m. Ken Mac and His Band. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben A recital by Olga Athaide (Goan Pianist). 8 p.m. The B B C Northern Orchestra; leader, Alfred Barker; conductor, T H Morrison. 8-45 p.m. "High Spots"; Edinburgh Castle." A descriptive commentary from the tower of Edinburgh Castle, by Ann Scott-Moncrieff. 9 p. m. The B B C Dance Orchestra," directed by Henry Hall. 9-45 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra; leader, A. Rossi; under the direction of Emilio Colombo. Relayed from the Hotel Metropole, London. 10 p.m. News and Announcements. 10-20 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra (continued). 10-30 p.m. Close down.

RASHTRA BHASHA CLASSES

Under the auspices of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee Rashtra Bhasha Classes will be conducted from Sunday the 24th instant at 2 to 4 p.m. Those desirous of attending the Classes are requested to join immediately

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

A meeting of the Central Board of the Reserve Bank of India was held at Calcutta, when Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Co., Bombay; Messrs. Lovelock and Lewes, Calcutta; and Messrs. Shastri and Shah, Madras, were appointed as the Bank's Auditors under Section 50, Sub-section (2) of the Reserve Bank of India Act.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N Y K steamer 'Tokiwa Maru' left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 19th November and is expected to arrive here on or about 16th December.

Steamer Clan 'Macbrayne' left Suez on the morning of Wednesday, November 20.

The outward P and O Express Steamer 'Viceroy of India' is expected to arrive in Bombay at 1 p.m. on Monday the 25th instant.

Shakespeare's Immortal Classic At Regal

Max Reinhardt's Crowning Production

(By Our Dramatic Critic)

When screen entertainment added sound to sight, things changed vastly. Dramatic art was lifted from the petty squabbles which inevitably side-tracked its elements of universal appeal and segregated it into peculiarly truncated versions for the stage and for the screen. The dramatic literature of the world had little value and less place for the new found ambitions of the playwright who, presumably, had won his emancipation from he "theatre" and the stage. Language was read and illustrated on the screen. It was not heard. The images were silent. But when the "sound-artist" began to asses his legitimate place, the immortal dramatic literature of the world and the classic composers as well began, once again, to sway the emotions of modern humanity.

UNCOMMONLY DARING SCREEN PROJECT.

And, it is not without reason that Max Reinhardt, the universally acknowledged leader of the "regisseurs," for years hesitated to think seriously of the film as an appropriate and effective dramatic medium of expression. Fortunately, Max Reinhardt's visit to Hollywood and a first-hand examination of the unexplored possibilities of the modern film studios overpowered his reluctance. It was, of course, not at all a surprise that Reinhardt should have chosen for his first production Shakespeare's "A Midsummer Night's Dream." For, Reinhardt's unquestionable fame as a world-renowned producer has been mainly based on his known devotion to Shakespeare. And, this writer remembers particularly his open-air production of "A Midsummer Night's Dream" which he watched at the Bobili Gardens at the time of the Musical Festival of Florence. It would not be right to mention on this occasion the difference of the Bobili open-air and the screen presentation of Shakespeare's immortal fantasy. It would suffice to note that it could only be the genius of Reinhardt that would undertake such a daring screen project.

SHAKESPEARE A LIVING PERSONALITY.

The pre-view of the play at the Regal on Thursday was crowded with eager expectation. Reinhardt did not disappoint the fastidious. He surprised them. They saw in Shakespeare more than a "classic" name, more than they were led to expect from their weary school and college text-books. Reinhardt had given vital meaning to the classic name and his immortal drama.

Mendelssohn's "Overture" set the tone to the screen play. And, it is his compositions that maintain the ambitious structure of the play. The "Scherzo," the "Nocturne," excerpts from "Songs Without Words," and the "Italian" and "Scotch Symphonies" produce a cumulative result in musical environment that seemed indispensable.

DANCES AND UNIQUE MUSICAL ENVIRONMENT.

The ballets translating the "Scherzo" and the "Nocturne," the awakening of forest-life and the fairy-spirit, staged by Bronislava Niginska and Nini Theilade are another of the striking features which build up the play. The camera which supplemented them was equal to these challenging features. The night effects and the aery affairs of the fairies required from the camera response that has been so rarely and delicately accentuated.

From "A Mid-Summer Night's Dream," Reinhardt's production at the Regal from this Saturday.

THE KEY IDEA.

Shakespeare's language, the unrivalled vigour and wisdom of his dialogues, could not have been better approximated. Dick Powell, as Lysander, and Olivia De Havilland, as Hermia play their part, efficiently and well. Jee E. Brown as Flute—and Anita Louise as Titania, reveal themselves as instinctively in harmony with characters they were depicting. James Cagney's interpretation of Bottom was necessary and effective drollery. Only the mark, on occasion made him heavily lame. But it was Mickey Rooney whose marvellous interpretation of "Puck"—the malicious, sly, little imp—who struck the chord of live fantasy. He it was who romped through the play and gave it the justice which Reinhardt's genius had endeavoured to offer to the evolution of the key-idea of the immortal dramatist. Reinhardt's logical co-ordination of the varying strands of the drama could be seen in its full effect as event.

the mischief which Mickey Rooney starts with such exquisite nonchalance spreads and radiates to the region where the world of the lovers seems so hopelessly, bewitchingly entangled.

THE SPIRIT OF THE PLAY.

Reinhardt has thus not only grasped but gripped the very spirit and soul of the play. Seldom have the lover's quarrels seemed so human, so naturally inevitable, so funny and at the same time so tremendously illogical and superfluous.

COMMENT AND TRIBUTE.

Comment And Tribute

Shakespeare could not have a more eloquent and enduring a comment on human nature. Few "reggisseurs" outside Reinhardt could have offered a more eloquent tribute to the undying comment.

The Regal pre-release is an event in Indian film-land—a rare

EUROPE SAVED FROM WORLD WAR

Indian Financier's Tribute To England

Major Raj Rajendra Shitole, a Jagirdar and financier of Gwalior, who had been on an extensive tour to Europe with his family, returned to India on Thursday by the mail-boat "Strathaird".

Asked as to his impressions about his tour, he said that he had met with nothing but cordiality everywhere. His impression about the election in Britain was that it was more or less a very dull affair compared with the previous elections.

His impressions about the present political trouble in Europe were that the correct diagnosis of the present situation and upholding of the principles of the League of Nations by England, had saved Europe from the catastrophe of a world war. The general public in England, however, was indifferent to the great issues at stake.

Asked about the trade revival, Major Shitole said that there was a definite move towards improvement in general economic conditions in England. He was particularly impressed with the sympathetic treatment that Indians generally were receiving in England at present.

He put in a strong plea for the working of the new Constitution, and hoped that Indians would not be found wanting in making the new Constitution a success.

BOMBAY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY

Those who attended the previous concerts given by the Bombay Symphony Orchestral Society will welcome the announcement that the next concert will take place at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Monday the 25th November at 6-30 p.m.

A very interesting programme has been arranged including the Mozart Symphony No. 39 in E. Flat, Serenade for Strings by Elgar, the Symphonic Poem from the Oratoric "Redemption" by Cesar Franck and the Overture to Weber's Opera "Der Freischutz."

Musical people have long deplored the lack of good Orchestral Music in Bombay.

Thanks to Mons. Craen this criticism no longer holds good. The Orchestra has already several very fine performances to its credit and it is intended to make these concerts a permanent feature of Bombay's musical life. To this end a Society has been formed under the name of Bombay Symphony Orchestral Society. There is already a substantial membership but it is hoped that every one who is interested in music will join.

Any one desiring further particulars can obtain the same by applying to the Honorary Secretary C/o Messrs. Rose and Co.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Our Eating-Houses

There are hundred of eating-houses in the city of Bombay which are licensed to serve food to their customers. The hotels and restaurants, which are situated in the Fort area are, comparatively speaking, kept in neat, tidy and sanitary conditions. But many of those which are situated in the city proper, are not so kept. The food that is served in not a few of them, is, to all intents and purposes, prepared from vegetable ghee or some adulterated preparation of the same. Their sanitary surroundings are also awful. And yet little if anything is being done to see that the food that is served there is eatable and health-giving. In view of the enervating climate of Bombay it is highly essential that medical men should be appointed as health-inspectors to see that the eating-houses, especially those which are situated in the heart of the city, are run on sanitary principles. Cannot something be done to test the food prepared there? We are living in the twentieth century, but many of our eating-houses present the spectacle of the days of Moses. It is these hotels which are responsible for bad health and lack of stamina in the poor people who generally throng there. In the same way the tea prepared at various hotels should be tested. It is no doubt a refreshing beverage which suits the pockets of the rich and the poor alike. But it should not be in the form of a mild poison as it is sure to become when kept heated for hours. It is the duty of the City Fathers to see that the health of the city is kept at a high level. But as long as many of our eating-houses will be allowed to serve unhealthy and harmful food, the health of the general masses is bound to suffer.

Health Visitors

The Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society has, to its credit, the new Health Visitors' Institute, declared open by Lady Brabourne on Wednesday. The Presidency Welfare Association is carrying out a scheme of training under which Health visitors are given proper training and their proficiency is recognized under the Nurses, Midwives and Visitors' Act. Lady Brabourne in her speech referred rightly to the utterly inadequate number of such institutes, which are but five for the whole Presidency, and stressed the need for greater number of schools for the benefit of ill-informed and illiterate women, especially among the poorer classes, whose responsibilities as mothers are none-the-less greater. It is not merely the ignorance of simple hygiene and ordinary rules of health on the part of uneducated women, that such schools are called upon to fight. The great enemy of progress and improvement of conditions among Indian women, irrespective of the social strata to which they may belong, is superstition. If the Health Visitors' Institutes can fight this evil, the purpose of such institutions will be amply fulfilled.

CANCEL BUS SERVICE TO JUHU

Suburban Taxi Drivers' Demand

A largely attended meeting of the members of the Bombay Suburban Taxi-Drivers' Association, was held on Wednesday night at Khar, under the presidentship of Mr. R. B. Godambe, when a resolution was unanimously adopted, requesting the Government to revoke the sanction awarded by the authorities for the extension of the Bus services to Juhu and other places. It was explained by the Taxi Drivers that the extension of the bus services has greatly affected the Taxi trade and that their income has been reduced to less than one-fifth.

Speeches were made by Messrs. S. V. Parulekar, General Secretary, Malvankar, Vice-President, Bijali Gulam Husain and others.

PRESENT TO QUADRANGULAR PLAYERS

The Gold Filled Leather Works Princess Street, Bombay will present their well-known Vulcan Fibre 26" Suit Case to those players making the highest score and taking the largest number of wickets in the final Quadrangular Cricket Match.

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1935

NEXT CONGRESS SESSION

The time for the next Congress session is fast approaching and in the absence of any disconcerting news from Lucknow it may be presumed that preparations for the session are at last going on smoothly enough. The question as to who will preside over the session is as good as settled. There has been for some time past a strong feeling in the country in favour of according the honour once again to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, if only because he is regarded as the fittest person to secure the maximum measure of co-operation between Socialists and non-Socialists in the Congress and thus put an end to the friction between these groups that has marred the harmony of many Congress Committees As Gandhiji also is reported to have unreservedly approved of the Pandit as the fittest person at present for the Congress gadi, the latter's election is now almost a foregone conclusion.

Congress Constitution

As the delegates to the Congress session are to be elected in a few days, there is already keen discussion on the various problems that are confronting the country. The prolonged controversy about the acceptance of office is not much in evidence now as the A.I.C.C. meeting at Madras has decided to refer the whole question to the Lucknow session. Of the subjects that are still being keenly discussed, not the least important is the constitution of the Congress. A radical change in the constitution was felt to be necessary at the Bombay session. But the changes effected by it have not been as popular as was expected. Many have begun to feel that the clause about manual labour is needlessly restrictive. Many also wish that the constitution should be so altered as to make it possible to form some kind of Congress organization in almost every village or a group of contiguous villages, as also in those countries outside India where Indians reside in appreciably large numbers. The need is particularly felt for Congress organizations in important cities like London. Geneva, New York etc. for the purpose of authoritative international propaganda.

Need For Public Discussion

An organization known as "the Indian National Congress of Great Britain" is reported to have been already formed in London for the avowed purpose of following the creed and supporting the policy of the Congress. The object is no doubt laudable. But we have rather an unfortunate experience in the past of different organizations exploiting the name of the Congress in Britain for their own ends. Moreover we feel that no organization has a right to make use of the name of the Congress unless it seeks and receives the sanction of the President of the Congress in India. In this case the new organization would be well advised to approach Pandit Jawaharlal and if he is sure of their 'bona fides' we have no doubt the President of the Congress will have no hesitation in according it his sanction and support. In so far as Congress Committees abroad call for any changes in the Congress constitution, the sooner those changes are effected, the better. In short the question of the constitution is nearly as important and urgent as the one about a programme of action. And we trust both will be dealt with thoroughly at the Lucknow session. The task can be made easier if those who have constructive suggestions on the subject would publish them through the press. A dispassionate public discussion of all the issues involved may minimise haste and hustle at the Congress session.

China And Japan

It is pleasing to learn that "negotiations" for the autonomy of North China have broken down. But one or two noteworthy things emerge from yesterday's telegram, which cannot but perturb well-wishers of the Chinese people and of peace in the Far-East. How is it that a Japanese General should have had the sublime audacity to start momentous "negotiations" on his own initiative? It is said that the "negotiations" failed because General Chiang Kai Shek was quick to exploit the fact that the Japanese General Doihara did not possess any authority from the Japanese War Office. This leads to the question as to what is the exact position of the Japanese War Office. The same question had arisen when the War Office, which one would think had nothing to do with international or financial affairs, issued a "fighting" communique on the question of currency reforms in China. Is the Japanese War Office now formally in supreme control of Japanese policy? The position is, indeed, disquieting.

And where exactly does General Chiang-Kai-Shek stand? He prohibited the "negotiations," it is true. But it was only after he had made sure that General Doihara did not enjoy the backing of the Japanese War Office. Would he otherwise have allowed the conversations? Surprising, as it may be, yesterday's telegrams leave the question open. A report from Nanking itself declares that after a conference with the Chinese Dictator, the Japanese Ambassador said, "he had been reassured with regard to the Chinese Government's friendly intentions towards Japan." Is there any connection between this "reassurance" and Tokyo not being "in favour of bringing pressure to bear on the Chinese Provinces concerned?" It almost appears as if China might be dismembered with the assistance of "the Chinese Government" itself.

Equally significant is the report in the Japanese Press that "Japan has definitely abandoned the principle of non-interference in Chinese affairs." How far is General Chiang-Kai-Shek involved in this abandonment? And what is the League of Nations going to do about it? For if the report is correct, the Japanese decision is a direct challenge to the Covenant of the League, to say nothing of its being an infringement of the Washington and the Nine Power Treaties.

At It Again?

The French reply to the Italian Note while regretting the unfortunate absence of any alternative to honouring the obligations under the Covenant again reiterates the desire of France to help in arriving at an early solution of the Italo-Abyssinian conflict. That reply has been followed up by Britain by sending the head of the Abyssinian department of the Foreign Office to Paris "to assist the British Ambassador in discussions with the French Government with a view to finding a possible basis of settlement under the League of Nations of the Italo-Abyssinian conflict." The indecent hurry is rather significant. The fact that negotiations have started, not in Geneva, but in Paris, not between Ministers in charge of League Affairs, but between diplomatic representatives of two Nations, shows that Britain and France intend to act, if possible, over the head of the League and face it with a 'fait accompli.' Those who claimed that Britain's sudden loyalty to the Covenant was not the result of considerations other than those of international altruism and that it was also designed to catch votes seem to be on a fair way to being vindicated. It is not France alone, which is desperately anxious to save the Aggressor at the expense of the Victim—provided the aggressor is willing to accommodate the self-elected "intermediaries."

AUSTRIAN SITUATION

Starhemberg Favours Italy Against Germany

(By Our Special Correspondent.)

PRAGUE, Nov. 5.

The recent change in Viennese Government has again caused a concentration of attention on Austria. The Cabinet reconstruction in Vienna, which happened not so smoothly as generally represented, is indicative of certain significant currents. The most important alteration in the composition of the Cabinet is the disappearance of the Minister of Security in the late Government, Major Fey.

Pro-Nazi Fey

It is now known that prior to the change in Cabinet elaborate precautions were taken and also special detachments of Heimwehr were brought to Vienna from the provinces to guard Government offices and take positions at various points. The name of Major Fey was intricately involved in the Nazi putsch in Austria that ended with the death of the then Chancellor Dollfuss. His attitude in regard to foreign affairs was somewhat vague. Opinion was fairly strong in various generally well-informed circles that he took a somewhat critical attitude. In opposition to Starhemberg, to the line of close co-operation with Italy and kept orientation more towards Germany. In general, the change in Cabinet is viewed as constituting a great strengthening of the hold over the Government of the Vice-Chancellor, the Prince of Starhemberg, who now also retains the leadership of all the militia forces which have been unified. Starhemberg is known for a definitely pro-Italian orientation.

Berlin Disappointed

The present change in the Viennese Cabinet is regarded in Berlin with considerable disappointment. The German Chancellor had his Minister in Vienna, Herr von Papen, immediately called to Berlin. There is, of course, a good amount of speculation as to whether the new Government in Vienna will find it easy to hold out without a wide basis. There are suggestions, about making some concessions in a democratic direction and gaining in this way useful support against possible Nazi activities. This course is stated as favoured by General Vaugoin, a former Minister of War and Ex-Chancellor Ender. A move in the direction is considered also as suited to favour the prospect of a Danubian economic understanding, which will stand Austria in good stead, help her in preserving stability, and thereby lead to the removal of tension at an important point. The progress of the current associated with the names of Ender and Vaugoin, regarded definitely with favour by some of the bordering States, is awaited with much interest

Military Expansion

The situation, however, remains essentially one of some uncertainty and much speculation. Starhemberg has been giving expression in pretty strong terms to the intention to resist all plans of "levelling" Austria down, held and directed by the Nazis. Vienna meanwhile has been holding some fresh military demonstrations to impress the strength of the Government. The Austrian army regulated to keep to a strength of 30,000 by the Treaty of St. Germain is already well double that size and besides, there is a well-trained militia whose total is estimated at about 100,000. The Austrian Army has also at present practically all categories of army equipments. The military expansion tells specially hardly on Austria, whose resources are very limited. And yet Austria is led to this course for the lack of a popular basis to the Government. Austria's capacity to retain its sovereign position and economic stability will depend, on securing such a basis and coming to an understanding with her neighbours. And there are also some reports, as I have pointed out, of the Government moving to widen its basis.

No Crisis Yet

Among the Little Entente States there is considerable readiness to put the relation with Austria on a firm basis. Much would, of course, depend on the line kept by Germany and Hungary. In this connection there are suggestions of trends in Anglo-French negotiations as likely to exert a useful influence. Also in Berlin there is good recognition of the weight of extension of contact between the Little Entente and the Balkan Union and some of the States in these alliances with Russia. These account for the absence of any alarmist view for the while. The Austrian Government's ability to extend its basis and the course of Anglo-French negotiations which have developed over the Abyssi-

(Continued on page 10, col. 5.)

EGYPT AND INDIA

Britain's Attempts To Prevent Nationalist Parties From Securing Power

By K. F. NARIMAN II

In India, as in Egypt, the objective has been the same namely, to prevent the popular democratic party from coming into power; but this objective is sought to be achieved here by different means and methods from those adopted in Egypt.

Lesson From Egypt

The recent Egyptian experiences ought to warn us and teach us a lesson in good time, so that instead of internal dissensions and feuds, we may show a united front to face the common danger By now it is an open secret that in all the provinces subtle efforts are being made to form and consolidate a party, to face and obstruct the only popular and democratic party of their own countrymen. The tragic experience in Egypt has been that the constitution that was formally and legally declared after all the formalities and ceremonies for Egyptian political emancipation and was hailed at the time as ending the British Protectorate, and beginning Egyptian independence at least in internal affairs, has been treated as a scrap of paper and is suspended for years, under one pretext or another. Still we are told that autocratic arbitrary extraordinary powers in Viceroy and Governors in Indian constitution, are to remain as dead letter on paper, and are not to be used.

The Imperialist attitude towards both the oriental and ancient countries of Egypt and India is the same. When public opinion and the force of political agitation become strong and it is dangerous to resist them any longer, more as a matter of policy and expediency, the British diplomats yield, for the time being, and concede what they conceive to be the popular national demands, thus appeasing public sentiments and subduing public agitation. But after the situation is fairly restored and the position becomes safe enough to offer resistance, astute efforts are again made to recede from the original position and to take back with the left hand what was recently forced from the right.

Yielding To Pressure

Thus it was that the British Cabinet was forced in 1923 by compelling circumstances to a certain extent to yield to Egyptian demands; and on the advice of Lord Allenbey the then British representative they went as far as it was necessary to secure British interests. Those who are acquainted with the recent Egyptian history will remember how forceful, widespread and dangerous Egyptian national and political agitation had grown. At one time it was feared that if the British did not yield sufficiently the history of the American Colonies would be repeated, and this precious and valuable eastern possession might be lost. To avoid that calamity, they hurriedly passed this constitution, so that for the time being Egyptian crisis might be tided over. But as soon as the dangerous corner was turned, and Imperialism was once again safely entrenched and consolidated, the usual diplomatic manoeuvring commenced and, since the Egyptian nationalists and Wafdists began to assert their rights, even keeping strictly within the newly formed constitution, sufficient excuses were found to suspend the Constitution, so that practically since 1928, the Constitution has ceased to function and an autocratic, arbitrary regime exists. We are not surprised at the remarks of Sir Samuel Hoare. The Egyptian constitution is 'unworkable' in the sense that it does not serve the imperial purpose; and no amount of obstruction and handicaps will prevent the dreaded Wafdist party in Egypt or the Congress in India, from securing majorities. Democracy feeds on repression and the more it is suppressed the mightier it grows

So the Wafdists in Egypt and Congress in India will thrive and survive till each has fulfilled its political mission.

Frankly Speaking

STARHEMBERG, SUPREME.

The struggle between Prince Starhemberg and Major Fey has ended. The latter having resigned, the former is now left in supreme control of the entire Heimwehr of Austria. The next steps will, of course, be the retirement of Doctor Schuschnigg, the present titular head of Austria, and proclamation of Prince Starhemberg as the Austrian "Fuhrer." The change, so far as its essential nature is concerned, will not be sensational. It will merely mark the inevitable transition from a Fascist Council to a Fascist dictatorship. But it will certainly create a stir in European Chancelleries and stimulate both anxieties and activities. Prince Starhemberg is not in favour of calling Archduke Otto to the throne. So the possibility of the Hapsburg restoration and Austro-Hungarian Union may be ruled out for the time being. But Austria will re-arm. And, moreover, she will constitute, to her entire gratification, the objective of a triangular rivalry between Germany, Italy and France with her Little Entente friends. That may lead to anything.

LIQUIDATING LITERACY.

Mr. Nariman, we are glad, has taken a definite step to fulfil his promise of launching a scheme to spread literacy among the poorer classes in the city. The Mayor is confident of receiving co-operation from a large number of voluntary teachers, who would be willing to undertake this work without remuneration, and we hope the local students will take a leading part in this supremely important social service. The Mayor has addressed a letter to the Schools Committee urging the importance of this scheme and asking for a grant of a sum of Rs. 5,000 to make a beginning in this direction. The Schools Committee has referred the letter to a sub-committee for consideration and report. We hope the Sub-Committee will wholeheartedly endorse the scheme, which is already sufficiently late in materializing. With a surplus budget, the literacy drive among the working classes and specially among the Harijans should be the first charge on the finances of the Corporation.

NON-CO-OPERATION.

In Bengal, as elsewhere, feeling against the new Constitution continues to be as acute as ever. One sign of this is the Calcutta Corporation's refusal to express any opinion upon the Government's proposals on the delimitation of constituencies on the ground that the Constitution has been thrust on the country without the approval of the people's representatives. It may be presumed that the local Congress Committees, too, will have nothing to do with the various Provincial Delimitation Committees. No Congressman would make any representation to them or otherwise co-operate with them. However, since it is all but certain that Congress will attempt to capture the new Councils, it is necessary for all Congress Committees to see that the electoral rolls are as perfect as possible. The fuller the rolls, the better must be the chances of Congressmen at the elections.

PANDITS' PUERILITIES.

The few Hindus who met at Madhav Baug on Wednesday to oppose the anti-untouchability movement represent but themselves. The arguments urged by the speakers at the meeting are too puerile to be taken seriously. A pandit who likens Harijans to a person suffering from a contagious disease and, therefore, needing to be isolated for the benefit of society, can only be pitied for his disgusting balderdash. Another pandit from Benares argued that a Harijan is born such because of his past "Karma." Granting that for argument's sake, there is no reason why the Harijan should not better his status or why a person, born an idiot, should not be taught some sense.

FINAL DELIMITATION PROPOSALS

The Bombay Government have just published the final recommendations of the Bombay Delimitation Committee and their own final views thereon. The final recommendations of the Committee and also those of the Government make little or no change in the general principles that guided them in making their previous proposals but only make a slight redistribution of seats among a few constituencies after considering the public criticisms on their previous proposals. It is still open to aggrieved persons to submit their representations to the Indian Delimitation Committee. But we doubt if even that Committee will make any serious changes in the general policy followed by the Bombay Committee and endorsed by the Government. What is most important at present is that the public, under the lead of Congress organisations, should take all necessary steps to ensure as perfect an electoral roll as is possible under the tentative proposals of Government.

—PRESS VIEWS—

Representing India

A friend from the United States informs us that some years ago the Agent, who represented Indian Railways in the American Continent, was invited by a College to speak on India. As usual with American speakers, the gentleman, armed with lantern slides, gave a pictorial exhibition of India. Probably he wanted to stir up the tourist desires of Americans. He showed among other things the Mutiny well in Cawnpore when a mischievous member of the audience asked him whether he had with him a film of the Jalianwala Bag at Amritsar. The gentleman was thrown out of form for the rest of the evening by the remark. The incident shows that if publicity is to be given to India in foreign countries the wrong kind of publicity should not be given. There is no possibility of Mutiny wells being shown in films in future because for he first time probably an Indian is representing the Railways in the United States. Mr. Sen, who is in charge of publicity for Indian Railways, is an able man and is popular in the United States.—"Hitavada."

University Ideals

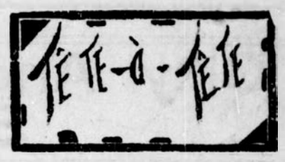
To be sure, all of us want knowledge and education; but modern universities cannot afford to be secluded cloisters of learning, unconcerned with what goes on around them. By all means let the education fostered by our universities have cultural value, but let not the economic aspect of it be ignored. It is time the authorities of our universities realized that an education which cannot provide for its devout votaries even the bare essentials of a decent life is not worth having.—'Hindu."

Bengal's Responsibility

Babu Rajendra Prasad has very properly desired that the disputes in the Bengal Congress should be settled here by our own unaided efforts. He or the Working Committee of the Congress is not at all willing to interfere. Bengal has emerged triumphant on crucial occasions in the past and here is an occasion, a supreme occasion, that calls for the display of the highest type of patriotism and the spirit of self-help.—"A. B. Patrika."

Congress Prestige

It would be shortsighted to ignore the very deep differences that are slowly invading the vitals of Congress unity on the question of its lack of a militant and far-reaching programme. A successful session of the Congress at Lucknow should go a long way in minimising present differences and restoring the prestige of the Congress.—"National Call."



Has it occurred to anyone, we ask, that the Governor-General's Ordinance declaring enforcement of Sanctions against Italy is unique? It is the first one directed against a country other than India.

* * * *

According to the Archbishop of York, Britain is heir to a culture which has been built largely upon Christian literature.

Including the Bible and particularly the sermon on the Mount?

* * * *

"As far as I know", sarcastically remarks an Italian ex-officer in an Anglo-Indian contemporary, "Italy is not yet under a British mandate."

However much we may detest Italian Fascism and the ways of Il Duce we must congratulate Italy on this good fortune of hers.

* * * *

ECONOMY CAMPAIGN IN ITALY

Lighting To Be Curtailed
—Headlines.

Dark days ahead. We shouldn't wonder

* * * *

The Calcutta Corporation refused to express any opinion upon the Government's Delimitation proposals on the ground that the Reforms Scheme had been thrust upon the country without the consent of the people.

That in itself, we should think, is a sufficiently candid opinion.

* * * *

"Ethiopian Government", says their note to the League "has no need to invent fantastic stories in order to belie Italian Government's right and capacity to fulfil the sacred trust of civilization in Ethiopia."

No, there is no need at all. The Italians are looking to that very well, indeed!

* * * *

The Government of India are reported to be in favour of the Assembly European Group's proposal to set up a small Economic Advisory Council. But they are not yet decided as to whether the Council should consist of one economist or of a committee

This, however, is not a very difficult question. The country that can supply one expert economist can also very easily supply more than one.

* * * *

Mr. Masani says that the present leadership of the British Labour Party has lost faith in Socialism.

Mr. Masani, however, is slightly mistaken. The present leadership couldn't lose what it never possessed

* * * *

The Council of Egyptian Students has decided to send a delegation to Geneva to plead the Nationalist cause.

The optimism of youth is proverbial

* * * *

A detenu on hunger-strike has been sentenced to (1) three months' imprisonment, (2) forfeiture of his allowance, and (3) segregation.

Quite a good record—the punishment, we mean, not the hunger-strike which is only 7 days old.

And, instead of forfeiting his allowance, would it not have been more equitable to let him have part of the money saved on his food as a reward for economy?

* * * *

From our Dramatic Critic's critique of Reinhardt's "A Midsummer Night's Dream":—

"Seldom have the lover's quarrels seemed so human, so naturally inevitable so funny and at the same time so tremendously illogical and superfluous."

Our confrere is developing a realistic sense of humour. Praise be to Puck.

* * * *

Jenkins had not seen his new neighbours, but when one of the most raucous voices imaginable made the calm of the twilight hideous he decided something would have to be done about their wireless. After enduring it for as long as he could, he banged on the garden fence.

"I say, old man", he called out, "can't you do something about that loudspeaker? Turn it down a bit, or find another station, or switch off."

After a pause a window was thrust open and a harassed-looking face peeped out.

"I regret", said the new neighbour: "that I cannot turn it down, neither can I switch it off. It goes on all the time I'm at home. Furthermore, I'd like you to know that we have no wireless set."

IMPRESSIONS OF THE QUADRANGULAR

Hindus Qualify For The Final

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

The match between the Hindus and the Parsis ended in a draw in favour of the former. The former compiled 272 runs for 7 wickets when the Hindu skipper declared their innings closed at 12 minutes past three. This gave the Parsis about 105 minutes to achieve the impossible task of making 330 runs at the rate of over 3 runs a minute—to win the match. Of course the position of the Hindus had become safe much earlier. In fact C. K. Nayudu could have closed their innings by 2-30 p.m. without any degree of fear But he allowed Lal Singh the sporting chance of recording his first century in Quadrangular Cricket for which honour he was dashing in full speed. As soon as Lal Singh earned the distinction, the Hindu Captain applied closure.

Umpire's Ignorance Of Law

I was rather surprised to see the teams going for tea at the usual hour, although the game was restarted only half an hour back. This is a definite breach of the rules of the M.C.C. under which this tournament is played. I pointed out this rule last year when Umpires Vali Ahmed and B. S. Bhappoo committed this error. Apparently this did not go home to those who undertake the responsibility of supervising such matches. It is a great pity that the Bombay Cricket Association which is the controlling body for cricket in this city, does not take the initiative in properly coaching, training and certifying umpires as, for instance, the Bombay Referees' Association does for football and hockey. Then such glaring instances of ignorance of rules, at any rate, would be minimised. The loss of those valuable 15 minutes might have deprived the Hindus of the chance of an outright win. Instead they had to be satisfied with the first innings lead which entitled them to play in the final.

C. K. Creates Confidence

The outstanding feature of the day was the sparkling display of batting given by Lal Singh and Amarnath. When the contest began on Wednesday morning, C. K. Nayudu and Amarnath offered a stolid defence to the Parsi bowling. Even Jamshedji's tantalising slow ones held no temptation for C. K. Nayudu to hit over the tents. Sixty eight minutes play added only 50 runs to the overnight's total of 49. At this moment Nayudu sticked a shooter off Khot which the Parsi Captain in the slips made no mistake in holding fast. The Hindu skipper had scored only 22 runs in a stay of 55 minutes at the wickets. His early departure seemed to cast a gloom on the Hindu Camp. Just when the first century was looking up, C. S. Nayudu was stumped by Bahadur Kapadia off Jamshedji which added to the uneasiness of the Hindus. (99-6-1).

Amarnath's Best Performance

But things brightened up soon after the arrival of Lal Singh. The Punjab pair showed scant respect for the Parsi bowlers and punished them severely all round the wicket Decade after decade mounted up quickly on the board and Amarnath announced his half-century after 105 minutes stay. Twenty minutes later Jamshedji had him caught at the square leg boundary—near the Press Tent. In his score of sixty five, he had sent the ball eight times to the ropes. His innings was, however, much more valuable than the score would pronounce, coming as it did at a rather critical period of the Hindu innings. This is Amarnath's best performance in Quadrangular Cricket and it may be safely predicted that he has a brighter future before him.

Lal Singh's Glorious Innings

Vijay Merchant then became associated with Lal Singh. Although he had a sprain in his right shoulder which did not allow him to field the previous day, he bravely came out to tightly secure the Hindu position and this he did with commendable fortitude and patience. Soon after the Lunch interval Lal Singh opened his shoulders to set the Parsis to a leather hunting expedition. Scores rose quickly. Lal Singh recording his 50 in 120 minutes by which time the Hindu total had climbed up to 210. Lal Singh never looked back after that. In one over of Havewalla he drove five times to the boundary in quick succession which might be a record for this tournament. The rate of scoring was so terrific in the last 57 minutes that as many as 92 runs were piled up. No sooner did Lal Singh overstep his century than the Hindu Captain called the batsman back. Lal Singh had remained at the wickets for 102 minutes to score 107 which included 14 hits to the boundary. Merchant had also remained unbeaten with an invaluable 30 runs to his credit.

A Record Partnership

This partnership for the eight the wicket between Lal Singh and Vijay Merchant which yielded 132 runs constitutes a record in Quadrangular Cricket. It is all the more creditable to these players because they were both 'alive' till then. The previous record stands at 130. In 1928 P. E. Palia and B E. Kapadia put up the above record at the expense of the Hindus, which was equalled last year by L. P. Jai and Amar Singh against the Europeans. (By the way, I must express my gratitude to the Cole Printing Works for all the records which they have so kindly supplied to me).

Parsis Get Disappointed

The Parsi fielding was much improved yesterday than it was on the first day. But I cannot fathom the reason why Vajifdar shouldered most of the bowling with the support only of Jamshedji and Havewalla when there were Palia and Nagarwalla, especially the former, to offer him capable assistance. Their bowling analyses would hardly bear any scrutiny now, as they were all punished severely without any discrimination by Amarnath, Lal Singh and Merchant and who showed by the way that they did not deserve all that heap of respect which their predecessors had paid them.

When the Parsis went in to bat again, the match had been practically decided. Still Homi Contractor stood out to play steadily, while his associates began taking risks. By the time the stumps were drawn the Parsis had lost four wickets, including Contractor's, for the total of 110 runs, C. K. Nayudu, C. S. Nayudu, Ramaswamy and Bose captured the respective wicket of Nagarwalla, Palia, Khote and Contractor.

A Word To The Selectors

The final match between the Muslims and the Hindus, the year's champions and the runners-up will commence on Saturday. I understand the respective Selection Committees will meet this morning to make their selections. It will surprise most people to learn that these Selection Committees do not follow the usual practice of appointing their Captain first and then have his advice in the matter of selecting the other members of the team. Now that the Captains for both the teams are there, it is hoped that the selectors will have the benefit of their advice. He is unquestionably the fittest man to judge the merits of the players who have been under his charge. It is he who realises the weaknesses of the combination as a whole. It is therefore of the utmost importance that he should guide the selectors in this respect. After all, he is the man who will have to shoulder the responsibility of carrying his side to victory

Probable Changes

It is a great pity that the Muslims and the Hindus will not be able to utilize the services of stalwarts like Syed Nazir Ali, Baqa Jilani and Amar Singh. Consequently they will have to go on with the men they have just had on the field with one or two changes from the reserves. Among the Muslims, I expect Heptulla and Peerbhoy to come in in places of Hakim and Amir Elahi and among the Hindus, Champak Mehta will replace M. M. Naidu. I hear that Nazir Ali or Baqa Jilani may still come, in that case one place will surely go to him.

Lahore Authorities' Ways

I am really very much surprised to learn that the Punjab University authorities are making a lot of fuss over Mubarak Ali and they have actually detained Puri. Their reason for this hullabaloo is that the Punjab University is down to play in the Inter-University Tournament early next week. I am afraid the authorities concerned have lost all sense of proportion. It is all very well to engage the services of the best players of the University to play for their 'Alma Mater' and bring her all the honours. But when it clashes directly with the best interests of the player himself, I think and I believe every sane person would agree with me, that the interest of the latter should not suffer. In this case the two players were invited to play in one of the most important tournaments in the country—I of course give the higher places to the All-India Championships—and one of hem. Mubarak Ali, is being seriously considered not only for the All-India matches against the Australians but also for the England tour next year. I hope the Lahore authorities will realise their mistake and allow Mubarak, who is of course, still here, to go for further honours as he deserves.

SHAHIDGUNJ DISPUTE ECHO

Internment Orders On Muslim Leaders Withdrawn

LAHORE, November 21.

The Punjab Government has issued instructions unconditionally cancelling the internment order against the following four Muslim leaders passed in connection with the Shahidgunj agitation:—Syed Habib, Proprietor, "Daily Siyasat", interned in Montgomery; Malik Lalkhan interned in his own village in Gujranwala District, Ferozeuddin Ahmed also interned in Montgomery and Sher Nawab interned in Bhawani.

It is recalled that the Finance Member announced on 24th October in the Legislative Council that if and when the Shahidgunj situation improved Government would release the internees. Muslim members of the Council waited on deputation on the Finance Member on the same subject yesterday.—A.P.

QUETTA SALVAGE OPERATIONS

Commissioner's Notification

LAHORE, Nov. 21.

A communique issued by the Quetta Claims Commissioner says that the removal of building material has been forbidden during salvage operations within the notified area.

As far as the newly selected wards ten, eleven, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, eighteen and nineteen are concerned, it has been decided, provided salvage operations are in no way obstructed, that owners of buildings may, if they so desire, remove with their own labour material from their property. This does not include burnt (pukka) bricks which may be stacked by owners on their own land. Owners who have not submitted claim forms for their buildings are requested to do so without delay, for without these forms, the Claims Commissioner is unable to issue them notices and permits to attend the special salvage.—A. P.

MADRAS RACE MEETINGS

Totalisator And Betting Taxes

MADRAS, Nov. 21.

A Government notification issued to-day fixes a totalisator tax on backers in the Guindy Race meetings at 1¼ per cent on all monies paid by them by way of stakes or bets into any totalisator, and a betting tax on book-makers at 1¼ per cent on all monies exclusive of the amount of bets paid or agreed to be paid by them to backers.

Another notification empowers the Collector of Chingleput, Madras, to inspect race meetings held at Guindy and the accounts of betting.—A. P.

FREIGHT SHIPPING WAR AVERTED

(SPECIAL CABLE).

NEW YORK. Nov. 21.

The threatened North Atlantic freight shipping war has been averted. The members of the Freight Conference have withdrawn their resignations which were effective today after receiving assurance that certain German lines would not continue to enjoy the advantage of payment of freight charges in blocked and registered marks.

EX-MAHARAJA'S CLAIM

Suit Against Congressman

DEHRA DUN, Nov. 21.

With an ex-Maharajah as a plaintiff and a Congress Leader as defendent, an interesting case is proceeding in the Court of the Sub-Ordinate Judge, Dehra Dun.

The allegations of the plaintiff, the ex-Maharajah of Nabha are that the defendent, Sardar Sardul Singh Cavesheer executed a promissory note on December 5, 1929, for Rs. 28,000. On September, 1933, when the defendent S. Sardul Singh Cavesheer was confined in the Central Jail in Lahore, the plaintiff, it is claimed, sent Mr. Khursed Lal, Advocate, to Lahore for a letter of acknowledgement of the debt from the defendent. The letter, it is then further alleged, was given on that day from the jail, and hence the plaintiff prayed for a decree for the amount on the basis of the acknowledgement letter.

Sardal Sardul Singh ,Cavesheer denied having written the letter and claimed that he never gave any such letter to Mr. Khursed Lal.

The Court has recorded the statement of Mr. Khursed Lal and the letter is being examined for which handwriting experts will be called by both sides. The letter under dispute is said to have no jail stamp while the Superintendent of the Central Jail, who is alleged to have initialled it, is now dead.—United Press.

MCIVER COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

Charge Of Criminal Breach Of Trust

MADRAS, Nov. 21.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate committed McIver, Partner of Messrs. Huson Tod and Company, Stock Brokers, and K. S. Narasimhachari, a former assistant of the firm, to the High Court Sessions on a charge of criminal breach of trust against the first accused and abetment of the offence against the second accused in respect of Bombay Development Loan bonds valued at Rs. 3-1/2 lakhs entrusted by one Soorah Lakshmiah Chetty.—A. P.

Rs. 500 OR LIFE?

AGRA CITY: Nov. 21.

Seth Achalsingh, President of the City Congress Committee, has received a threatening letter at his Cantonment residence address through a 'tongawalla' demanding a sum of Rs. 500, failing the payment of which amount, he is threatened with death penalty.

The 'tongawalla' has been taken into custody by Police.—A.P.

GERMAN NAVY PAYS HOMAGE

Hero Of Jutland Was "Chivalrous Opponent" In Great War

(Special Cable)

BERLIN, Nov. 21.

The Commander-in-Chief of the German Navy, Admiral Von Raeder, has given Reuter the following message: The German Navy sincerely mourn the death of Admiral Jellicoe. He was highly esteemed by the entire German Navy as a chivalrous opponent in the world war especially in the battle of Jutland. The German Navy regrets the early death of the Admiral, more because it knew his desire to visit the young German Navy and its leaders and because it was intended asking him to honour the German fleet by taking part in the spring of 1936 in commemoration of men, German and English, who fell at Jutland. The entire German Navy lowers its flags in honour of the Great Admiral of the British Fleet.

EARL JELLICOE'S FUNERAL

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, November 21.

The funeral of Earl Jellicoe will take place at noon on November 25. He will be buried at Paul's Cathedral.

WHAT CAUSED JELLICOE'S DEATH

Contracted Chill That Developed Into Lung Trouble

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Nov. 20.

All members of the family, including the Countess, were present at the bedside of the late Earl of Jellicoe. He contracted a chill when attending the Armistice service at the cenotaph and developed lung trouble, but he appeared to be making satisfactory progress, and even this morning it was announced that the improvement in his condition was maintained, but then he had a relapse.

KEMAL'S ADOPTED DAUGHTER DEAD

PARIS. Nov. 21.

Zehra Aylin the young and beautiful adopted daughter of Kemal Ataturk, President of the Turkish Republic was found dying at a railway track near Amiens. Zehra has been studying English in London for some time and left England yesterday to return to Turkey.

She was travelling by the Calais Paris Express when in some un-explained manner she fell through the door of the first class coach, on to the line receiving multiple injuries. She was found later by a search party rushed from the Amiens hospital, but died on arrival there.

KEMAL ATATURK IN SORROW

(Special Cable.)

ANKARA, November 21.

Kemal the Ataturk was deeply affected by the tragic death of his adopted daughter Zehra Aylin. She was one of the several daughters of fellow officers killed in the War of Independence adopted by Kemal who arranged for their education and saw their future assured.

French Govt.'s Sympathy

Zehra who was studying English for some time in a college at Hampstead is understood to have said that she liked England but the dull November skies made her homesick and she suddenly packed her trunks and left for Turkey.

Much sympathy is felt for Kemal Ataturk. The French Government has sent a wreath to the hospital.

MR. MASANI ON HIS TOUR IMPRESSIONS

(continued from page 1)

shown an increasing tendency to place the issue of Imperialism in the fore front.

While the older generation in the Labour Party ranks is pretty hopeless, the same cannot be said of younger people. The University Labour Federation, which is a Federation of Socialist Societies at various Universities, has shown greater interest in India in the past year or two.

BRAILSFORD AND LASKI

Then again, there are individuals like Professor Laski and Mr. H. N. Brailsford who have—among several others—been showing great interest in India.

Outside the Labour Party, there is the I.L.P. and also the Communist Party. Both these organizations are small but their policy of a clear support of India's right to National Independence is a great improvement on the rather vague and ambiguous commitment of the Labour Party to 'self-determination' for India".

VALUE OF FOREIGN PROPAGANDA

Questioned as to his views on the problem of foreign propaganda by the Congress now being discussed, Mr. Masani said that while the fight for freedom would have to be fought on Indian soil, it was necessary as an auxiliary measure to form and develop international contacts and to see that the truth about conditions in India reached the outside world. These efforts particularly in England, would result in growing popular opposition to repression in India which might in a crisis be so strong as to weaken the hands of the Government to the extent of making it possible for the movement for Independence to succeed.

INDIA LEAGUE'S WORK

At present there are several organisations, such as the India League of which Lord (Bertrand) Russell is President, D. R. Grenfell, M.P., is Chairman and Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon is Secretary, the Friends of India, the Indian Conciliation Group, with Miss Agatha Harrison as Secretary, and the League Against Imperialism. Without making any invidious distinctions, I would like to say that I found that the India League has got the most political contacts and has been able to do more than any other group. Mr. Krishna Menon has given the last five years of his life to helping the Indian cause in England with a singleness of purpose in that uphill and discouraging task which has evoked the admiration of many people in that country. The Congress Socialist Party has already got two Secretaries to represent it in London. But there is no agency abroad that can speak in the name or with the authority of the Indian National Congress. I think it would be worthwhile for the Congress to open Bureaux for Information and Contact in England, in the U.S.A., and in one Continental centre like Geneva or Prague.

In this connection I feel Indian students in England, of whom there are some thousands, could have done such a lot in an organised manner in their leisure time and in vacations but from what I could gather, with rare exceptions, they seem to have failed to make use of their opportunities in this direction."

SOVIET ACHIEVEMENTS

Questioned about his impressions of Russia, Mr. Masani said he found tremendous progress made since his last visit to the Soviet Union in 1927. This time he visited also the Trans-Caucasian Republics of Armenia, Georgia and Azerbaizan (Turk) in Asiatic Russia and was struck with the marvellous results achieved through the Soviet policy of dealing with the "national" and "communal" problems.

"I hope", he said, "to be able to share my impressions with the reading public by publishing them either as a series of articles or in book form".

"Did you meet Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru in Europe and what did you gather of his views?" was the last question.

JAWAHARLAL'S VIEW

"I did see a lot of Pundit Jawaharlal, both in Badenweiler in Germany where I visited him and also just before my return, in London. Pundit Jawaharlal intends to return to India before the next session of the Congress. I am afraid, however, I may not say anything of his views on the questions of the day. Naturally, he has very definite ideas about things but he wants to consult his colleagues on the Congress Working Committee and in particular Mahatma Gandhi, before he expresses himself very definitely in public.

"I feel, however, that the country badly needs a lead from Pundit Jawaharlal and I therefore hope that he will be elected President of the Congress for the coming year.

EUROPE AN ARMED CAMP

"It may prove to be a year of more than ordinary importance. Among other things, the international situation is developing at a faster tempo. Europe is an armed camp and we are back to the years before 1914, with their armaments race and the alignment of forces on the basis of a Balance of Power. This is what is happening to-day in spite of pious phrases about "Collective Security" and "support for the League of Nations". Another World War is absolutely inevitable. It is only a matter of years now.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, November 21.

The police of Amiens are convinced that Zehra Aylin's death was accidental. It is believed that she clung desperately to the train in an attempt to save herself.

An Urdu Mushaira

A "Mushaira" will be held on the 23rd instant (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at Badr Bagh under the presidentship of Mr. Saiyed Abdullah Brelvi, when speeches will be made and poems read in memory of the late Khwaja Altaf Husain Hali, the Bard of Islam and the immortal author of the "Musaddas". Among those who have consented to speak on Hali are Prof. S. Najil Ashraf Nadvi, Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, Khwaja Ahmad Abbas, Mr. Nami and Maulana Shihab, while Prof. S. H. Naqvi, Maulana Khujandi, Messrs. Mahmud Israili, Abdul Baqi and Munir will recite poems acknowledging Hali's services to the cause of the Indian Mussalmans in general and Urdu literature in particular. All lovers of Urdu and admirers of Hali's poetry are cordially invited to attend.

ARMY OFFICER IN RACE ACCIDENT

Capt. Fairbanks Sustains Serious Injuries In Fall

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 21.

A serious accident occurred this evening at the Race Course on the occasion of the second meeting of the Jubbulpore Autumn Races when in the cavalry plate Capt. L. T. Firbanks, Sam Brownes Cavalry, while riding the "Play-Bridge" was suddenly knocked over and thrown off by the horse, sustaining serious injuries.

He was immediately removed to the British Military Hospital, bleeding profusely, where his condition is reported to be precarious.

To-day's Race was largely attended, distinguished among the visitors being Sir Hyde Gowan, Governor of the Central Provinces and Lady Gowan.—United Press.

NO MADRAS-COLOMBO AIR SERVICE

Trivandrum To Be Linked With Ceylon In Dec.

MADRAS, Nov. 21.

The "United Press" learns that the proposal to link Madras with Colombo by air has been dropped for the present and attempts are being made to organise an Air Service between Colombo and Trivandrum instead.

The Trivandrum-Colombo Service is likely to be inaugurated in course of December next.—United Press.

DOCK WORKERS' STRIKE ENDS

GLASGOW, Nov. 21.

The dock workers have decided to accept the employers' offer and to return to work to-morrow.—Reuter.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade — *"The Silver Key"*

STRUCK BY MISS LANE'S INTEREST IN THE SILVER KEY, WADE DECIDES ON A RUSE-----
EXCUSE ME FOR A MOMENT, MISS LANE--I'VE GOT A LITTLE MATTER TO ATTEND TO-
10-30
© 1935, King Features Syndicate, Inc., Great Britain rights reserved.
AS WADE WATCHES THROUGH A PEEPHOLE FROM THE NEXT ROOM-
LYMAN ANDERSON
MARY LANE FURTIVELY TAKES A WAX IMPRESSION OF THE KEY!-
WHEN WADE RETURNS, MISS LANE IS PREPARING TO LEAVE----
NOT LEAVING, MISS LANE?
WHY, YES, INSPECTOR--I'M AFRAID I MUST--I-I JUST REMEMBERED I HAVE SOMETHING IMPORTANT TO ATTEND TO!

Fighting Menace Of Watering Cotton

BILL INTRODUCED IN BOMBAY COUNCIL

Govt. Carry Day On Local Boards Legislation

BOMBAY, Thursday.

With a view to put an end to the malpractices in vogue in the cotton ginning and pressing factories in the Presidency, and maintain the purity of the improved grades of cotton, a new Bill was introduced in the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday.

The Bill seeks to punish those who are responsible for the watering of cotton, mixing of different varieties of cotton and false packing.

Sir Robert Bell, in charge of the Bill found several supporters when he moved the first reading of the Bill. The two experts, specially nominated for the occasion made impressive speeches.

Earlier in the day, the House passed all the three readings of the Local Boards Act Amendment Bill, empowering Government to remove officers of the Local Boards, when found unfit.

The Home Member announced that the Legislative Council would either have to finish its work before the 5th of December or be prorogued or adjourned another time, as the Delimitation Committee would hold their meetings in the Council Hall.

Discussion on the Bill to amend the Bombay Local Board Act 1923; was resumed by the Bombay Legislative Council, to-day.

The Bill seeks to amend subsection 4 of section 15 of the Act so as to remove the doubts regarding the qualifications for voters at the local board elections. The other section in the Bill sought to be amended is 119.

The amended clause empowers the Government to remove the Chief Officer, Engineer or Health Officer appointed by the District Local Board, if in the opinion of the Government they are found incapable of performing their duties or have been guilty of misconduct or, his removal from office was necessary in public interests.

The Amendment further provides that in the event of the Local Board not carrying out the orders of the Government in connection with the removal of the officer concerned, the Government can stop a portion of the grant towards the officer's salary.

Khan Bahadur Khurro, opposing the Bill, stated that if the Bill were to be passed the local bodies would be deprived of their control over these officers who would become Government servants.

THIN END OF WEDGE.

Khan Bahadur Khurro, continuing his speech said that it was the thin end of the wedge to curtail further, the powers of the local boards. On a previous occasion, the Government had given an assurance that they would not interfere with the working of the local boards: the speaker could not understand why Government should go behind that assurance. This Bill, if passed, would not help to bring about good relationship between the local boards and the chief officers.

Mr. M. H. Gazdar opposing the bill recalled the good that Sir Gulam Hussein Hidayatulla had done to the local bodies as Minister for Local Self-Government. He had introduced new reforms into the Local Board Administration (a voice: It was only for Sind). The powers of the local bodies were continuously being curtailed from time to time. Government had been treating the local boards in a shabby manner. He said that the Government should withdraw the bill as he thought the introduction of the new reforms should not be welcomed with new fetters.

Dewan Bahadur Patil thought that the bill was a very reasonable one. He said that the powers of the local boards were not being curtailed by this bill. Government must have the power to remove the officer who is found inefficient. He thought that supervision of the Government over the working of the Local Bodies was essential.

The Thakur of Kerwada supported the Bill.

Rao Bahadur Navle (the Deputy President) thought that the bill, as it stood would not be in the larger interests of the local bodies. He made a special reference to the powers intended to be given to the Government, to remove officials of the local bodies, and said that there should be a provision in the clause that the removal should be after due enquiries.

NO CURTAILING OF POWERS.

Mr. Pestonshah Vakil said that the whole question boiled down to the refusal of the Government to contribute the two-thirds salary of the officer concerned, in the event of the local boards refusing to carry out the behests of the Government. He thought that there was no move on the part of the Government to curtail the powers of the local bodies. It was but natural that the members should suspect the moves of a foreign Government, but the Indian member in charge had thought it essential to introduce such a provision. He was sure that even those very critics of the Government would do what the Government did at present when they were made ministers. In this connection the speaker referred to Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel and said that he knew him as an ordinary member of the Ahmedabad Municipality. He was also aware that when the Sirdar became the President there was no better watchful guardian of the Municipal Exchequer than Sardar Patel.

Continuing the speaker said that during the Civil Disobedience Movement several officers of the local boards had taken part in the movement. He thought it necessary that such officers should steer clear of political activities of an undesirable nature. If the Government found that their advice to the officers not to take part in political activities, they were entitled to stop the grant unless the local board removes such officers from their service.

Concluding the speaker said: Those who pay the piper must have the right to call the tune.

Rao Bahadur Chitale supported the bill.

If in the larger interests of the public, Government wanted to remove a certain officer, the speaker said, they should be armed with the necessary powers.

NOT THE REMEDY.

Mr. More was of the opinion that the stoppage of grant was not the proper remedy for misconduct on the part of Chief Officers of the District Local Boards.

Characterising the Bill as reactionary, Dr. Dixit pointed out that by this Bill Government were taking away one of the greatest privileges of the District Local Boards. It was an interference, on the part of the Government, with the administration of the Local Bodies. Moreover, the Chief Officer's position would become very awkward, if there happened to be a conflict between the Government and the Local Bodies.

MINISTER EXPLAINS

The Minister for Local Self-Government expressed his gratitude, at the very outset, to all Hon. Members, and assured the House that the Government did not intend to cripple, or interfere with, the powers of the District Local Boards.

Stating that the Government had no axe to grind, the Minister concluded with the remark that the present Bill was a simple weapon to be used in case of necessity, otherwise, not to be used at all.

The first reading of the Bill was put to vote and carried.

SECOND READING

When the second reading of the Bill was taken up, Rao Sahib Kulkarni proposed an amendment to the effect that unless there was gross neglect involving irreparable loss of a permanent nature no officers should be removed from the Local Board. The mover said that there should be no dismissal on technical grounds.

Rao Bahadur Navle moved that the removal of the officer should be after due inquiry, subject to collaboration with the District Board.

On Mr. H. K. Kriplani moving an amendment that after inquiry under Section 28 the removal should be effected, Rao Bahadur Navle then withdrew his amendment.

No amendments moved by Mr G. S. Gangoly were withdrawn.

Mr. L. R. Gokhale and Mr. Syed Miran Mahomed Shah also spoke on the Bill. The second and third readings of the Bill were put to vote and were carried.

COTTON GINNING ACT AMENDING BILL

The Home Member moved that the Bill to amend the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act 1925 in its application to the Presidency of Bombay be read the first time.

The Home Member stated:—

"The Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925, was passed for the purpose of providing for the maintenance of registers by both kinds of factories and the submission of returns by the owners of pressing factories. These provisions serve statistical purposes but are not sufficient for the prevention of certain malpractices which are prevalent in ginning and pressing factories. Some of the malpractices which require to be stopped if the purity of improved grades of cotton is to be maintained and the cotton grower is to get an adequate price for superior cotton are: watering of cotton, mixing of different varieties of cotton and false packing.

In consequence of these malpractices, the reputation of superior cottons has suffered considerably and it has been from time to time suggested to Government that they should take steps to check them. It has therefore been suggested that cotton ginning and pressing factories should be licensed and the ginning and pressing of cotton which has been watered or mixed should be prohibited. The object of this Bill is to give effect to this suggestion. As the area under improved varieties of cotton under the Lloyd Barrage is fast increasing, and as it is necessary to protect this area from the very beginning, it is proposed to extend the provisions of this Act only to Sind in the first instance."

Continuing the Home Member said that the primary object of introducing this Bill was for the benefit of the country. Legislation of this kind had already been introduced in two Indian States, Rajputana and Hyderabad. If this Act was passed, the working of it would be left, in the first instance to the authorities in Sind.

FOR SELECT COMMITTEE

The Home Member further said that after the first reading the Bill would be sent to the Select Committee to be dealt with.

After the Home Member moved the first reading of the Bill, the President read out the amendments to the Bill, which dealt with the principle of the Bill and thus movable during the first reading.

SUPPORT TO LEGISLATION.

Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, (Bombay Millowners' Association) supporting the Bill congratulated the Government for taking an early opportunity to introduce a Bill of the above nature. Bombay was the premier Province in the country as far as cotton trade was concerned, and it was a pity that malpractices had crept into the trade. The House should welcome any move on the part of the Government, which would enhance the reputation of the trade. It had been found recently that cotton had been unduly watered, with the result that such cotton became useless and resulted in heavy losses. Ultimately buyers, who might buy once or twice would stop buying from the District which sent watered cotton to the market. For the last 12 years, Cotton merchants and Associations had discussed the point of avoiding malpractices in the cotton trade.

Continuing the speaker said that he was averse to Government interference with trade, but in this connection, it had been found necessary that there should be legislation, if the malpractices were to be stopped. In a matter like this, legislation would either impose unnecessary hardship or be practically ineffective, but the speaker congratulated the Government for drafting the Bill.

Sardar Bhimbhai Naik supporting the Bill said that it was better to nip the evil in the bud, and it was necessary that the evil which had just started at the Lloyd Barrage area recently should be checked soon.

Mr. Haridas Madhavdas, an expert specially nominated for this Bill, said that cotton-growing and textile industry were the principal productions of the Bombay Presidency and the malpractices affected both cotton production and cotton trade. Damping cotton was a longstanding practice.

Damping changed the colour of cotton, and spoilt the spinning value of it. Crores and crores of rupees had been spent on the Lloyd Barrage, and it was quite essential that this malpractice should be stopped at the earliest opportunity in that area, if not, it would ruin agriculture in Sindh.

Mr. S.S. Tolani and Khan Bahadur Khurro interrupted the speaker and asked him as an expert to explain certain questions connected with cotton. The speaker gave suitable replies and congratulated the Government on their Amendment Bill.

PENALTY FOR WATERING

Mr. C.P. Bramble, another expert, nominated specially for the Bill, moved an amendment to clause 4 of the Bill to the effect that the owner of cotton which, at the time of dressing or ginning contains water or seed, or any other foreign substance, should be punished with a fine of Rs. 1,500, and also the owner of the ginning or cotton pressing factory liable under the same clause.

In the course of his speech, Mr. Bramble stated that the country lost nearly fifty lakhs of rupees due to the malpractices in the trade. It was mainly due to the malpractices that there was such a big margin between the prices of new crop and old cotton crop. The Act of 1925 was an abortive piece of legislation, and it would remain so, unless the present amending Bill was passed by the Legislature, and thus carry the principle of the Act to its logical conclusion.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. J. A. Madan, the Revenue Secretary, rose to a point of order and said that since Mr. Bramble's amendment affecting the principle of the Bill had not got the sanction of the Governor-General as required under Section 80 of the Council Rules, it was out of order.

The President pointed out to Mr. Bramble that since Madan himself had drafted a similar amendment, he should accept that amendment or move his amendment and get the Governor-General's sanction for it. Mr. Bramble accepted the amendment moved by Mr. Madan.

Mr. Madan moved an amendment to clause 4 to the effect that any owner of cotton who contravenes the provisions about watering, or mixture either by abetting or conniving at such contravention shall be punishable with a fine of Rs. 1,500/.

Mr. B. S. Kamat supporting the principle of the Bill said that if the losses through malpractices were to be stopped, it could be done only through legislation. He could not understand why the merchant who was the real offender had not been roped in also in the Bill.

The Home Member stated that there was provision to punish even the merchant.

COUNCIL BUSINESS.

Just before the House adjourned, the Home Member made a statement regarding the business of the House. He said that if the business were to continue at the present pace, the session would have to continue till the end of December. But, unfortunately, the House would be prevented from doing so, as the Delimitation Committee would be sitting in the Council Hall from the week after next. Hence, it would be necessary either to prorogue the Council or take another adjournment. If the business on the agenda was to be finished, then it would have to be done before the end of next week and that would mainly depend on the co-operation of the members of the Council. It would be quite impossible to continue after the 5th of December.

The House then adjourned till 2 p.m. on Friday.

"Indians Are A Grateful Race"

And So, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Praises Lord Willingdon's Services

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

The first farewell function in honour of Lord and Lady Willingdon was given to-night by Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, who is in Delhi as a member of the Wheeler Committee on Secretariat procedure.

There was a brilliant and distinguished gathering which included the Duchess of Richmond, Earls of Chichester and Antrim, Sir Henry Wheeler, His Excellency Monsieur B. Kazemi, Iranian Foreign Minister, Mr. Knatchbull Hugessen British Minister, Teheran, besides members of the Viceroy's Cabinet covers were laid for 144 and decorations and illuminations were all in mauve.

"TRANSCENDENT SERVICES."

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer proposing the toast of Their Excellencies recalled 'inter alia' the unforgettable work in Bombay which Lord Willingdon as Governor performed in such a masterly fashion as to elicit praise both from the late Mr. Edwin Montagu and V. J. Patel.

Speaking from personal knowledge, he observed that dyarchy worked successfully in Madras, mainly because Lord Willingdon was big enough and brave enough to ignore its anomalies and to initiate an approach to real cabinet system.

Again, as a member of the Viceroys Council, he (Sir Ramaswami Iyer) had seen Lord Willingdon's fine handling of the situation on occasions like the financial crisis of 1931, the Ottawa negotiations, various activities connected with the preparation for the new constitution, and lastly in the difficult and delicate task of representing to his Majesty in relation to the Indian States.

Parliament might or might not record Lord Willingdon's transcendent services to India and Empire, but Sir Ramaswami said Indians could not and would never forget. His Excellency had been not only the most successful and farsighted statesman, but a great gentleman whose loyalty to his colleagues and followers and tried friendship for India had evoked devoted service and attachment from all classes and communities.

Indians would ever remember his constant and uniquely successful endeavour to get rid of the race complex and racial distinctions and unite Indians and Englishmen by ties of mutual appreciation and friendship based on a feeling of equality and common allegiance to the ideal of dominion status.

Above all, Lord and Lady Willingdon possessed in a special degree the faculty of putting people at their ease and creating trust and confidence by the exercise of their genius for friendship.

Referring to Lady Willingdon, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer recalled her long record of social and humanitarian services commencing from her war work in 1914 and culminating in relief brought to sufferers in Quetta and Bihar Earthquakes and her splendid effort in the cause of the Jubilee Fund.

Concluding he observed "in the distracted world, it is not a small thing to have toiled for and conspicuously succeeded in creating an atmosphere of pervasive friendliness and common endeavour and in fruitful tasks Lord and Lady Willingdon have undoubtedly achieved this success and Indians are a grateful race."

"WE HAVE DONE OUR BEST."

The Viceroy responding to the toast took the opportunity to extend a warm welcome on behalf of the gathering and on behalf of the whole of India to His Excellency Kazemi who was the first Minister of Iran to arrive at the Headquarters of the Government of India.

Lord Willingdon hoped that H. E. Kazemi's visit would result in increasing the goodwill and understanding which had long existed between the two countries. (Applause.)

Thanking Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer for his generous hospitality and charming references to himself and his wife the Viceroy said. "We have done our best for India, we have given our best to India, and if there has been any satisfaction felt by India then our work has been well worth while (applause). It has been a pleasure to my wife and myself to have heard this tribute for such work as we have done to India from one who has been a trusted colleague and a loyal friend." (Cheers.)—A.P.

Please all come and hear good music

THE BOMBAY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY SECOND CONCERT

to be held at the

SIR CAWASJI JEHANGIR HALL

on NOVEMBER 25

Prices of seats: Rs. 3/6, Rs. 2/4, Re. 1/2 & As. 9.

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INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France).

Have your washing done with SUNLIGHT SOAP

"Washing seems to ruin all my clothes, but what can I do?"
"Use nothing but Sunlight Soap. If your washing is not done at home insist on your dhobi using Sunlight. Sunlight washes cleaner, and always leaves your clothes like new."
A WEEK LATER
"I am glad I insisted on Sunlight Soap. These white things are shades whiter than they ever were before, and the coloured things are as bright as when they were new."
SUNLIGHT SOAP

Sunlight washing gives you results that no other washing can give. The rich Sunlight lather gets right at the dirt, draws out even the most stubborn rubbed-in grime quickly and thoroughly, without the need for rubbing and beating. Insist on Sunlight Soap, and use it, besides, for all cleansing work in the home. It costs so little now.

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92 YEARS OLD—AND FIT AS A FIDDLE

Runs Up And Down Stairs

TAKES KRUSCHEN EVERY MORNING

"I feel in duty bound," writes Mrs. A. J. W., "to express my gratitude for the marvellous results my father has obtained from Kruschen Salts. They should really be called 'Miracles.' He is ninety-two years old, and is as fit as a fiddle. He can nip about, and run up and down stairs. His friends marvel why it is he is always alert, and never feels slack. He always tells them the reason—'my regular daily dose of Kruschen Salts in my first cup of tea every morning.' We always recommend Kruschen Salts to all our friends. To my idea, no family should be without it."—(Mrs) A. J. W.

Most people grow old long before their time because they neglect one vital need of health—the need for internal cleanliness.

Eventually they start the healthy Kruschen habit. Then, probably for the first time in their lives, they start getting rid every day of all waste matter from the system. Instead of being clogged the intestines are clean and clear. Instead of liver and kidneys being sluggish they are active and efficient. New, healthy blood goes coursing through the veins—carrying health and strength and energy to every part of the body.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

Bertillon Measurements of tread wear made by Detective FAUROT Prove "G-3's" 43% LONGER NON-SKID MILEAGE — see evidence at Goodyear Dealers

G3

ALL-WEATHER

GOODYEAR

4-35-28

BEAUTY BRAVES THE SUN

Beauty is woman's birthright. It is one of her dearest possessions—a key which unlocks doors which nothing else can open—a key to Life, Love, Romance. But beneath this Eastern sun of ours, the majority of women find that beauty fades too quickly. Petal-smooth skins become sallow and shrivelled—pink and white complexions so soon attain a dusky tan, creamy skins become a shade darker in hue—yet this can be so easily avoided. Keep your skin fair and flawless—free from that unbecoming swarthy appearance due to exposure to scorching sunshine. And this is how you may do it. Get from your chemist an ounce or two of Mercolized Wax—that magic beauty to which so many famous beauties own their loveliness. Smooth a thin film of this wax over face, neck and hands nightly and while you sleep it will gently and imperceptibly absorb the faded outer tissue—taking away wrinkles and sallowness, banishing sun-tan and freckles and revealing in their place a youthful unblemished complexion. Practise the wax habit daily and you will find that you have discovered the **secret of perpetual youth and beauty.**

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The driver of a bullock cart was lucky enough to escape uninjured, when his cart overturned at Mazagaon Road to-day at about 11 noon.

It appears that the cart was proceeding along Mazagaon, with a heavy iron girder on it. A tram car was going along the same direction.

Near the Sir Ely Kadoori High School, the bullock gave trouble, causing the cart to come towards the tram lines.

The tram car struck the cart causing it to overturn, whereas the iron girder penetrated through the wall of the school.

Rana Shripati who was on the cart at the time sustained injuries, but the driver of the cart escaped mishap.

At the inquest held to-day on the body of a young Hindu girl Lilabai Binaji aged 14, the Coroner's Jury recorded a verdict of "death due to severe shock from burns accidentally sustained."

On the evidence of her father Sakharam Sawant, a head Jobber at a local mill, residing at Matunga, Kingsway, it appears that he received information yesterday at 3 p.m. that his daughter had sustained burns and was removed to the hospital.

The accident appears to have occurred yesterday at 6 a.m. The deceased had lighted a coal sighri, and while turning round, her sari came in contact with the flames and got ablaze. Her younger brother on seeing her sister in this critical position, raised a hue and cry, resulting in the arrival of a neighbour who extinguished the flames.

The deceased was removed to hospital where she died subsequently.

Suspecting that a Muslim named Aboobookar Mohiddin was involved in a kidnapping case, the Dongri Police arrested him to-day, and placed him before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

It is alleged that a girl aged nine, daughter of a baker, residing at Andhar Gully, was sent out to purchase some tea by her father, yesterday morning. The girl never returned and the father lodged a complaint with the police.

The accused was ordered to be remanded to police custody for a period of seven days.

A man's fatal effort to reach his work in time resulted in his death under tragic circumstances.

It appears that on Tuesday last, Vithal Genoo aged 25 went to work at the Moon Mill at Sewri, where he was employed in the spinning department.

Being a few minutes late, he ran up the flight of stairs leading to his Department. As he reached the last step, he collapsed and became unconscious.

The Manager and some mill hands attended to him but he died soon after.

The cause of death was stated to have been heart failure.

Amusing Incident

There was an amusing incident at the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court to-day.

When the case in which Dr. Felix Isirman, an engineer, charges his office Manager with criminal misappropriation of money to the extent of Rs. 477 came up for hearing, his counsel requested the Magistrate that the case might be marked compounded.

The Magistrate said, "Alright, let him pay something in charities."

The complainant expressed his willingness to pay Rs. 5.

The Magistrate expressed his disapproval and asked him to raise the amount to Rs. 10.

It was then discovered that the accused was not present in the court and that it was the complainant who offered to give money in charity.

But since the offer had already been made, the Magistrate suggested that he might pay at least Rs. 5. Ultimately he said, "Alright, let him not pay anything. It is only rarely that we come across such honest and generous persons."

Explaining the absence of the accused, the counsel for the complainant said that he had sailed for England after making good the amount.

The case was marked as compounded.

DRIVER FINED RS. 350 FOR FATAL INJURIES TO BOY

A motor accident at Khar in July last in which a boy was run over and sustained fatal injuries, had a sequel in the court of Rao Saheb K. V. Naik, First Class City Magistrate of Bandra when Ganpat Mahadu Vichare, a car driver, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 350 in default four months' rigorous imprisonment.

CHOLERA ON THE INCREASE

Sholapur, Poona & Satara Report Higher Death Rate

Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The presidency cholera figures for the week were 613 attacks and 312 deaths against 477 attacks and 195 deaths in the previous week. Sholapur district reported 138 attacks and 88 deaths against 121—41 in the previous week; Poona 113—68 against 118—51; Satara 104—39 against 115—40; Bijapur 65—28 against 23—12; Nasik 59—20 against 34—22; Kolaba 40—27 against 13—8; Ahmednagar 34—14 against 4—2; West Khandesh 33—16 against 26—11; East Khandesh 16—5 against 3—2; Belgaum 9—6 against 20—6; Surat 1—0 against nil and Bombay city 1—1 against nil.

PLAGUE.

In the presidency 33 attacks and 24 deaths from plague were recorded as against 71 attacks and 46 deaths in the previous week. Satara district reported 18 attacks and 9 deaths against 43—23; Sholapur 8—10 against 24—17; Ahmednagar 3—2 against nil; Bijapur 2—1 against nil; Dharwar 1—2 against 4—6 and Kanara 1—0 against nil.

SMALL-POX.

Small-pox figures for the week are:—Poona district 36 attacks and 2 deaths; Kanara 31—6; Bijapur 19—1; Ratnagiri 9—0; Belgaum 9—1; Broach 7—2; Satara 6—3; Kolaba 5—1; Thana 5—0; Ahmednagar 2—0; Dharwar 2—0; Surat 0—2 and Bombay city 2—2. Total 133 attacks and 20 deaths against 191—18 in the previous week.

CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER.

Five attacks and 3 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the presidency during the week against 2 attacks and no death in the previous week. Ahmedabad town reported 1 attack and 1 death and Bombay City 4 attacks and 2 deaths.

MALARIA.

The touring medical officers appointed on anti-malarial duty in the presidency proper visited 176 villages and treated 4,980 persons. Of these, 3,569 were treated for malaria. The number of children and adults examined for spleen was 5,491; of these, 1,763 were found with enlarged spleen.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. V. V. Pandit, on return from leave, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona.

Mr M. B. Pradhan, First Class Sub-ordinate Judge, Poona, on relief, to be Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona.

Mr. Hassanally G. Agha, to officiate as Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Hyderabad, vice Mr. Mahomed Memon, transferred.

Mr. Mahomed B. Memon, on relief to officiate as Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Sukkur, vice Mr. H. G. Agha.

Mr. D. S. Oka, LL.B., on return from leave to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Belgaum, vice Mr. D. G. Kamerkar, transferred.

Mr. R. M. Bhise to officiate as Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, vice Mr. C. L. Malvi, deceased.

Mr. D. G. Kamerkar, LL.B., on relief, to officiate as Assistant Judge, and Assistant Session Judge, Sholapur, vice Mr. R. M. Bhise transferred.

Mr. D. F. P. Reid to be Superintendent of Police from 4th September 1935, the date on which the Secretary of State for India sanctioned the addition of a superiod post to the cadre of the Indian Police in the Bombay Presidency.

Mr. F E Sharp to officiate as Superintendent of Police in the Selection Grade from the 13th October 1935 to the 26th October 1935.

Mr. H. G. Lang, O.B.E., to continue to officiate as Superintendent of Police in the Selection Grade from 27th October 1935.

Mr. J. D. Kapadia, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Assistant Collector in Sind.

Mr. V. T. Dehejia, I.C.S., on relief to be Assistant Collector in Sind.

Mr. A. L. Dias, I.C.S., to do duty as Assistant Collector, Dharwar, vice Mr. D. B. Deshpande.

Mr. Tehmas Temulji Kothawala to be Collector vice Mr. V. B. Mardhekar retired with effect from 16th November 1935.

Mr. D. B. Deshpande, District Deputy Collector, is granted leave on average pay for four months from 1st November 1935.

Miss Sarajubala Das (22), a teacher of the Sadar Girls' H. E. School, was taken away by the Kotwali Police Barisal from her residence on 17th instant. It is understood that she has been detained under the B. C. L. A. Act.

'BY-LAW HONOURED IN ITS BREACH'

Cotton Brokers' Union On Trading Hours In Ring

The Secretaries of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Staff Union, write:—

We would like to clear certain issues created by Mr. Pratapraj Manmohandas in his correspondence appearing in your paper on the 15th instant.

In our previous correspondence we wrote: "We submit that if any serious attempt is made we have no doubt that the Mahajan Association market can be made to work time to time with the East India Cotton Association market."

By the said sentence we desired to suggest that if, as Mr. Prataprai pointed out, the Mahajan market was a big obstacle in the way of fixation of trading hours, that market can be made to work time to time with the East India Cotton Association market eliminating thereby the fear of drainage of business from East India Cotton Association market to the Mahajan Association market. We can not understand how Mr. Prataprai sees in our above suggestion any interest or partiality of the members of the Union for the Mahajan Association. We feel that it is his coloured vision that makes Mr. Prataprai read such meaning from the sentence which, in fact, does not at all mean so.

It may be that Mr. Prataprai views our propaganda for fixation of trading hours in a different way coming as it is at the present juncture when Mr. Bhimbhai Naik's Bill is about to be discussed in the Bombay Legislative Council. We would remind him that the propaganda in question is as old as six years and it has nothing to do with Mr. Bhimbhai Naik's Bill or the Mahajan Association. Our only desire is that the East India Cotton Association should fix the Trading Hours.

HONOURED IN ITS BREACH.

In his zealous attempt to defend his inability to check Holiday Trading, Mr. Prataprai charges us with the ignorance of the constitution of the East India Cotton Association. We are humble enough to be aware of our very meagre knowledge, but we cannot help requesting Mr. Prataprai to refer to the By-law 174 which says: "Subject to the By-laws for the time being in force, the Ring Committee shall direct and supervise the general management and control of the Trading Ring and hours of Trading therein and regulate admission and prohibition for the use of the Trading Ring."

On certain days the East India Cotton Association or the Ring Committee prohibits business beyond certain hours, but business on such days many times is freely done beyond the permitted hours in the Trading Ring itself. We think the above by-law clearly empowers the Ring Committee to prohibit business in the Trading Ring beyond permitted hours.

PRATAPRAI'S DUTY.

Will Mr. Prataprai, who is the chairman of the Ring Committee, explain the reason of his negligence to use the powers vested with the Ring Committee under Bye-law 174. If he is afraid that the situation is beyond his control it is better for him as an honest and self-respecting person to resign from the responsible post in the Ring Committee.

ADVICE TO AGRICULTURISTS

"Live Economically And Educate Children"

The annual gathering and the Silver Jubilee of the Agriculturists of Bombay, Thana, Colaba and Nasik Districts was celebrated at Vithalwadi Kalyan on Sunday last under the auspices of the Agale Dnyati Hitawardhak Mandali, when Mr. Narayan Nagu Patil, presided.

Messrs. K. T. Sule, D. R. Hande and D. W. Raut who took prominent part in the function, spoke on the occasion, congratulating the workers of the association for keeping the association working efficiently and to the benefit of the Agriculturists during the last 30 years in spite of numerous difficulties.

They also advised the Agriculturists to educate their children, try economic living, promote the feeling of brotherhood, form unions, discard the habit of drinking, and to have firm belief in their leaders who regardless of personal distinction, devote themselves heart and sole for the welfare of their community.

ALLEGED GAMBLING WITH CARDS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Karim Abdulla and four others arrested by the Nagpada Police, as a sequel to a raid carried out last night in their room at Madanpura, where packs of cards and moneys were stated to have been seized by the Police, were put up before the Mazagaon Magistrate, to-day and ordered to be enlarged on bail.

You Always Win

In cricket victory depends upon chance, but in Life Assurance you always win, whether you live or die, or be disabled.

Why not then conquer your fate by insuring with → **THE SENTINEL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.**

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Influential gentlemen will find it to their advantage to represent this growing Company.

PERFORMANCE AND ECONOMY

WE INVITE YOU TO DRIVE THE NEW

GRAHAM

6 CYL. SALOON

It is only by actually driving one of these new Grahams, that you can appreciate the improvements on this amazing car. **New** improved acceleration, **New** springing with Aeroplane tyre shock absorbers giving the smoothest car ride you ever had. Yet this brilliant beautiful new car combines economy with performance—it's 25 to 30 miles before a gallon has gone. Come and try it for yourself.

ASSOCIATED AUTOMOBILES

4, QUEEN'S ROAD BOMBAY.

SEQUEL TO THEFT OF JEWELLERY

Police Trace Owner At Surat

The Bombay C. I. D. have traced the owner of the casket containing jewellery valued at Rs. 2,000 which was found in the possession of one of three victoria drivers who are at present in police custody pending further enquiries.

It will be recalled that the three victoria drivers were arrested by the C. I. D. in connection with thefts which some of the victoria drivers are alleged to have committed by pilfering passengers' trunks while driving them from Bombay Central Station to their homes. A casket containing jewellery valued at Rs. 2,000 was found by the C. I. D. in the course of enquiries but they could not trace the owner.

Suspect's Statement

On a statement made by one of the drivers under arrest, that he had driven a Hindu passenger from Central Station to Arya Niwas Hotel, the C. I. D. made enquiries and found that the passenger had come from Surat and that his name was Ishwardas Thakorlal.

A wire was sent to Surat and he was called at the Head Police Office where Ishwardas Thakorlal identified the casket containing the jewellery as his property.

Did Not Suspect Driver

Asked as to why he did not complain to the police, he explained that after settling down in the Arya Niwas Hotel, he opened his trunk and found the casket missing. He therefore left for Surat thinking that he had left it there. As he could not find it at Surat, he suspected his servants and while he was making enquiries there, he received the wire from the C. I. D. to come to Bombay. He did not suspect the victoria driver.

Further enquiries are in progress.

INDIAN OXYGEN & ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

WITH works at Calcutta, Bombay, Lahore, Jamshedpur, Cawnpore and Colombo for the production of Oxygen and Dissolved Acetylene, the Indian Oxygen and Acetylene Co., Ltd., is in a position adequately to meet Industry's total demands for Gases.

The Company compresses Industrial Gases of high purity and in conjunction with the British Oxygen Company, Ltd., London, retails the Rarer Gases.

All types of welding, metal cutting, brazing and lead-burning apparatus are stocked in the various works, and expert welders are available for the purposes of demonstration and tuition.

Your enquiries will receive immediate attention.

Works at:—
CALCUTTA.
(Oxygen)—138, Ballaghatta Road.
(Acetylene)—Belur Math, Howrah.
BOMBAY.
(Oxygen)—Byculla Bridge
(Acetylene)—Sewri.
LAHORE.
(Oxygen)—Grand Trunk Road.
JAMSHEDPUR
(Oxygen)—Tatanagar.
COLOMBO
(Oxygen)—Skinner's Road North.

Election Of Congress Delegate From Vile Parle

VILE PARLE.

The Secretary of the Vile Parle Congress Committee writes:—

The election of a delegate to the Lucknow Congress will take place on 14th December Vile Parle is entitled to send one deledate. The candidates for this election must (1) have registered his or her membership before 13th of June 1935, (2) be using Khadi completely thereafter on all occasions and at all times, (3) and must prodoce a certificate of 'manual labour' from the secretaries.

Candidates qualified according to the above mentioned three conditions should send their application to the secretaries on or before 30th inst., along with the certificates of the secretaries.

It is also decided to hold the election for the local Managing Committee on 14th December. The candidates for this Committee too should send their application on or before 30th inst. The Managing Committee is generally formed by eleven members duly elected. The above conditions apply to the candidates of the Managing Committee also.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 8 POINTS UP

Good Speculative Buying On Bullish Ginning Figures

GOLD AND SILVER QUIETLY STEADY

Wheat And Linseed Steady But Jute Firm

BOMBAY, Nov 21

On Thursday cross rates suddenly moved upward.

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM

New York cotton ruled firm on account of bullish ginning ...figures, strength in the spot situation and h gher Alexandria and Liverpool advices. There was good speculative and trade buying.

BULLION QUIETLY STEADY

London gold and silver ruled quietly steady.

GRAINS STEADY

Wheat and linseed maintained a steady tone. Jute was firm but rubber was quiet.

LITTLE INTEREST IN SECURITIES

The London Stock Exchange was quiet and featureless. Giltedged securities attracted little interest although prices kept steady.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1936.)

New York, Nov 21

Previous closing	11.71
To-day's opening	11.76
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	11.79
Difference	+08

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1936.)

Liverpool, Nov 21

Previous closing	6.43
To-day's opening	6.44
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	6.49
Difference	+06

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 227

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov 21

Various factors contributed to the rising trend of the market the chief among which were bullish ginning figures, strength of spot situation and higher Alexandria advices. Prices consequently advanced steadiiy on general buying activity and covering with operations consisting of 'buying nears and hedging in distant deliveries.

Business in March commenced at 11.76 i.e. 5 points higher than previous closing. Prices improved on better Liverpool advices speculative buying and covering under the influence o. which March gradually rose to 11.84 but more aggressive demand was checked by prevailing uncertainty of the future crop control programme resulting in the slowing down of activity at the higher level.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.79 with a rise of 8 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 21

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (11.81/11.80) 11.99/11.98
January (11.75/11.75) 11.88/11.88
March (11.63/11.62) 11.79/11.76

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 21

The following were the rates at 12-15 p m

American December (6.49) 6.53
American January (6.46) 6.59
Egyptian November (9.34) 9.41
Egyptian January (8.94) 9.01

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 21

Broach Cotton for Apr-May delivery moved around Rs. 227-8 and Rs. 228-12 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 228-4 with New York futures about 11 points up.

JUTE SHARES UNCHANGED

Limited Turnover In Teas

CALCUTTA, Nov 21

Jutes ruled practically unchanged. In coals Equitables showed very good rise over last quotations, while others were more or less unchanged. In teas there was only limited turnover. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Government securities were steady at decline. Following were the closing quotations.

Government securities: Three per cent Loan 1941 103/8; three per cent New Loan 1951/54 100/3; three and half per cent Government paper 95/6; four per cent Loan 1960/70 110/2 small lot; five per cent Loan 1945/55 118/14; five per cent Loan 1940/43 110/10; five three fourth Punjab Bonds 1937 107/6 small lot.

Banks: Behar 55/8; Central 36/8; Reserve 126

Railways: Ahmadpur Katwa 91/8 ex div; Burdwan Cutwa 91/8 ex div; Bukhtiarpur Bihar Lt 62; Kalighat Falta 91/8 ex div.

Cottons: Mohini Mills 10/12; New Victoria ordy 1/10

Coals: Amalgamated 21/2; Equitable 384; New Manbhoom 62; Raneegunge 32/2; West Jamuria 12

Jutes: Adamjee ordy 15/8; Agarpara pref 135/8; Bally 192; Birla 14/8 cum div; Howrah 49; Hukumchand 11/8; Hukumchand pref 108/8 small lot; Kamarhatty 502; National 23/2

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 8/3; Bengal Chemical pref 16; Bengal Telephone ordy 18/2; Bengal Telephone pref 14/6 small lot; Jubbulpore Elec 12; Rawalpindi Elec 21; Indian Iron and Steel 8/15; B I Corpn ordy 4; Calcutta Ice 8/14; Indian Wood Products 25/12; St Bengal Assam Steamship ord 218/8; Sugars: Basti 221; Buland 13/4; Murree Brewery 194; Nawabgunj 153; Punjab Sugar Mills ordy 267; Teas: Bishnauth 27/12; Hasimara 40/4 small lots; Tumsong pref 114; Debentures: five half per cent 1932/62 Calcutta Municipal 123/12—A. P.

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

I. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov 21

Previous closing	4.92 1/8
To-day's opening	4.92 1/2
To-day's closing	4.92 1/8

I. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov 21

Previous closing	4.92 5/16
To-day's opening	4.92 3/16
To-day's closing	4.93 5/16
Difference	+01

FRANC RATE

London, Nov 21

Previous closing	74.75
To-day's opening	74.71
To-day's closing	74.96
Difference	+.21

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 21

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.92 3/16 and after remaining steady rose to 4.92 5/16.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.93 5/16

Franc opened at 74.71 and then moved up to 74.72 with a steady tendency.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 74.96

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 21

The market was quietly steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	29 5/16d.	29 5/16d.
Forward	29d.	29d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 21

Gold per ounce (£7-1-4 1/2) £7-1-5

DISCOUNTS

London, Nov 21

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, Nov 21

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.64 1/8) 5.64 5/8
New York on Bombay (37.19) 37.19
Berlin on Bombay (0.93) 0.93
London on Milan (60.75) 60.62 nominal
London on Shanghai (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe (1-1 15/16) 1-1 31/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov 21

Silver opened quiet at Rs. 65/8 65/11 and 65/14. The market was somewhat steadier on scattered buying but the demand on the whole continued restricted. Prices closed steady at Rs. 65/12, 65/14 and 66/2.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/15/3, 34/15/3 and 34/15/3 Prices eased on the lack of support and scattered selling while easiness of foreign exchanges also caused weakness. The market closed quiet at Rs 34/14/0, 34/14/0 and 34/14/0

Hyderabad Mourns Mr. Deodhar's Death

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Dn.): Nov. 19.

The news of the death of Mr. G. K. Devdhar was received here by the public yesterday with grief. The "Hyderabad Bulletin" editorially observed: "In his death India has lost a real patriot and a selfless worker, who nobly carried the traditions of late Mr. Gokhale, the founder of the Servants of India Society."

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov 21

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 71 3/8 and March 68 7/8. There was some speculative interest displayed but trading was rather limited

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov 21

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.97 1/2. Prices opened very steady on better outside demand and covering with commission house buying influenced by encouraging outside cables.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov 21

The rates at 3-30 p.m were as follows

METALS

Tin (£224 buyers £224 1/2 sellers Quiet) £224 1/4 buyers £224 3/4 sellers. Steady

Linseed (£17 13/16 buyers £17 7/8 sellers. Easy) £17 7/16 buyers £17 9/16 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£39 1/8 to £39 3/4) £39 to £39 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£70) £74

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov 21

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India sold. America bought. Market quietly steady."

JUTE.

New Crop December January (£20 7/8 sellers) £20 13/16 sellers

Dunlop October November (£24 1/4) £24 1/2

Lightning October November (£22 1/4) £22 1/2

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11 1/4

Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-1

Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4

Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9 3/4) 1-9 3/4

RUBBER.

Spot (6 3/16 paid and buyers) 6 1/8 paid and buyers

January March (6 5/16 paid and buyers) 6 1/4 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay November December (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers

Linseed Calcutta November-December (£12 1/4 sellers) £12 1/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata November (£9 7/8 sellers) £9 7/8 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal November (£15 1/2 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Nov 21

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 2 0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 1 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7 2 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 21

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January	4 9 3
Wheat May	4 10 6
Linseed May	7 1 9

The tone was quiet.

WOOL SALES

Liverpool, Nov 21

Fairly good selection again met strong competition from Britain and the Continent.

Greasy lower (0-6 1/2) 0-7
Greasy higher (1-6 1/2) 1-6 1/2
Scoured lower (0-11) 0-11 1/2
Scoured higher (2-2) 2-2

Binny Mill Managing Director Dead

MADRAS, Nov. 21.

Death has occurred of Mr. Kenneth Kay, Managing Director of Messrs. Binny and Company. He was apparently in good health till yesterday and attended office as usual. This morning, however, he suddenly took ill and collapsed.

The funeral took place this evening at St. George Cathedral Cemetary. A number of commercial offices in the city were closed in the afternoon as a mark of respect for the deceased.—A. P.

MAHATMA & HARIJANS

Letter To Mr. Kikabhai

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 21.

In the course of a letter addressed to Mr. Kikabhai, a Harijan Leader Gandhiji writes.

"Pandit Malaviya has not arrived at Wardha. There is little possibility of his coming here. It will not be necessary for me to visit Dr. Ambedkar, but if it is necessary, I will not hesitate to do so. I will try to visit the Harijan locality when I visit Ahmedabad, but my programme after arrival at Ahmedabad will be fixed by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. —A.P.

Stock Exchange Lacking Fresh Incentive

FEARS OF LABOUR TROUBLE IN COAL INDUSTRY

Further Large Withdrawals Of Gold By Bank Of France

HEAVY SPECULATIVE SELLING IN GOLD EXCHANGES

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Nov 21

The Stock Exchange was lacking fresh incentive so markets were generally dull and prices irregular. Yesterday's weak Wall Street adversely affected international issues which however closed above the lowest while fears of labour trouble in the coal industry resulted in downmarking homerails, iron and steel issues.

In commodities wheat rose on bullish overseas advices and rubber after easing advanced on rumours of settlement in the Netherlands quota demands at the expense of other signatories.

Basemetals early weakened on nervous realising but later improved on covering at lower levels.

Gold exchanges suffered a sudden attack in the afternoon on heavy speculative selling from continent in view of reports of further large withdrawals of gold by the Bank of France despite increased bank rate.

Wall Street was irregular.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov 21

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES

Wednesday, November 13 £96 1/2
Thursday, November 14, £96 3/4
Friday, November 15, £97 1/2
Monday, November 18 £97 1/2
Tuesday, November 19, £97 1/8
Wednesday, Nov 20 £97 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 21

3-30 p.m

Markets were generally quiet and price movements rather irregular. Internationals were rather firmer after being unfavourably affected by Wall Street advices. Giltedged securities were steady.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/4) £85 3/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 7/8) £107 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 3/4) £111 7/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£116 7/8) £117

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 1/4) £105 3/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/4) £115 1/4

INDUSTRIALS.

British Celanese 2nd Preference (23-10 1/2) 23-9

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (4 5/8) 4 5/8

Hydro Electric (dol 5 3/8) dol 5 3/8

Musical Industries (28-0) 28-0

Princhin Johnson (43-9) 43-9

Imperial Chemical (37-9) 37-9

Imperial Chemical Qrd (9-4 1/2) 9-1 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (115-9 115-6

Realisation 1930 (£82 1/2) £83

Dunlop Rubber (39-6) 39-6

University Ordinary (31-9) 31-9

Ford Motors (34-3) 34-3

Cable Wires (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

British American Tobacco (111-10 1/2) 112-6

Camera A (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (148-9) 148-9

P and O S N Company Defd (23-0) 24-6

Distillers (95-9) 95-9

Bred and Dyers (11-0) 10-6

British Celanese (14-3) 14-3

J and P Coates Ordinary (65-3) 65-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (56-1 1/2) 55-10 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (8-6) 8-6

Western Limited Ordinary (18-6) 18-0

Inter Nickels (38 5/8) 38 5/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-4 1/2) 5-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay: Nov. 21.

S.S. Saint Andrew; Capt. E W Bearpark; Agents Andrew Yule and Co; arrived from Calcutta.

„ Akbar; A Keir; Turner Morrison and Co; Calcutta.

„ Conte Verde; L Celio de Cya; Lloyd Triestino; Trieste via Port-Said.

„ Elysia; J B Caithness; Grahams Trading Co; Liverpool via Aden.

„ Gareta; L E Heath; Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co; Verawal.

„ Strathaird; J W Harlby; M'kinnon Mackenzie and Co; London via Aden.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay: Nov. 21.

S.S. Japara; Y H W Staal; F F Campbell and Co; for Bhavnagar.

„ Homefield; H D Clark; Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co; Karachi via Verawal.

„ Conte Rosso; M Verbas; Lyd. Triestino; Trieste via Suez.

„ Gharinda; W G Mackay; M'kinnon Mackenzie and Co; Colombo.

„ Alavi; E L Gibbons; Turner Morrison and Co; Jeddah via Karachi.

„ Varela; E H Brady; Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co; Basra via Karachi.

„ Strathaird; J W Hartby; M'c kinnon Mackenzie and Co; Sydney via Colombo.

LOADING.

Bombay: Nov. 21.

British Lord for Abadan.
Vasna for Persian Gulf Ports.
Garbeta for Quilon.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov 21

3-30 p.m

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2

3 1/2 per cent India (£97) £97

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£114 1/2) £114

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£113) £113

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1934-6 (£104 1/2) £105

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£112 1/2) £112 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-6) 21-3

Donaro Tea (40-0) 40-0

Empire of India Ceylon (29-4 1/2) 29-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-6) 24-6

Gula Kelampong (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-6) 29-3

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£10) £10

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (61-10 1/2) 61-10 1/2

Burma Corporation (11-3) 11-3

Rio Tintos (£19 3/4) £20

East Rand Proprietors (61-3) 60-9

Rand Mines (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (£14) £14

Goddar New (£11 3/8) £11 3/8

Moddar New (£73-9) £73-9

Sub Nigel (£13 5/8) £13 5/8

Spring Mines Split Share (45-0) 45-0

Union Corporation (£8 5/8) £8 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (41-3) 41-10 1/2

Anglo Iranian (68-1 1/2) 68-1 1/2

Burma Oil (83-9) 83-6

Mexican Eagle (6-1 1/2) 6-1 1/2

Shell Transport (81-3) 81-3

Royal Dutch (£29 1/8) £29 1/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£49 1/8) £49 1/8

L M Ford (£17 3/4) £17 1/4

L N E R Defd (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

Southern Dutch (£20 1/4) £20 1/4

London Paris 5 per cent (£133) £133

London Board G Stock (£105 3/4) £105

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov 21

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 58 7/8) dol 57 1/2

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 23 1/2) dol 24

U S Steel Common (dol 50 3/8) dol 49 3/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 119) unquoted

INDORE MARKET

Indore, Nov 21

At midnight cotton closed at Rs. 225/8. New York closing futures 11 up Dharna Rs. 226. To-day opened at Rs 225/2 steadied to Rs. 225/8 and eased on scattered selling to Rs. 225. Now Rs. 225/12. Jota Rs. 6/8. Fatak Rs. 2/8.

AUSTRIAN SITUATION

(Continued from page 6.)

nian conflict are expected to have greatly determining effects upon the future. Both are being carefully watched by Germany, where various influential Nazi leaders are reported as retaining close interest in their well-known policy in regard to Austria despite the present reserve.

OILSEEDS MARKETS

Bombay, Nov. 21.

The local market was quiet but steady with scattered long liquidation. Foreign advices are quiet but local statistical situation is fairly favourable. All markets are well liquidated and there is less disposition to sell short. Cottonseed market was firm.

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed May	7 2 0
Wheat January	4 9 9
Wheat May	4 10 9
Groundnuts Feb.	7 4 6
Castorseed May	7 2 6
Cottonseed Jan.	3 4 :

BHAVNAGAR MARKET

Bhavnagar, Nov. 21.

Groundnut oil ready Rs. 5/6.
Maha Rs. 5/5
Jotta Re. 0/7
Groundnut January Rs. 2/13/3
Jotta Re. 0/3
Sutar Magsar Rs 107
Jotta Rs. 1/4
Sugar ready Rs. 4/13 9
Shipment Rs. 4/2 to 4/4
Corrugate ready Rs. 9/6
Fagan Rs 9/7 to 9/8
Upcountry demand dull.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Nov. 20.

December	2.44+01
March	2.20
May	2.24
July	2.28

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 20.

December 71 1/2d.
March 68 1/2d.
May 68 5/8d.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 20.

December 0.96 3/4c.
May 0.96 1/2c.
July 0.90

PRDUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Nov. 21.

	Cwts.
Wheat	7,567
Linseed	1,975
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	259
Gingellyseed	1,778
Groundnuts	14,045
Castorseed	2,319
Rice	29,137
Myrabollams	859
Cottonseed	4,005
Mowraseed	224
Gram	1,565
Joowar	2,021
Bajree	1,880
	Tons
Coal	2,707

WEATHER REMAINS DRY

POONA, Nov. 21.

The weather remains dry except for a few falls of rain in South Madras. Pamban reporting three inches, Palamcottah one.

The western disturbance is passing away eastwards through Kashmir.

FORECAST.

Local falls of rain will occur in south-east Madras.—A. P

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 21/11/1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —034 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 70.8 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 91.6 degrees (3.2 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 7.4 degrees (0.6 above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 78 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 126 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 11 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 21-11-35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.6 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at harbour water level would actually read 30.17 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.97 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Postmaster's Delight

A patient of 40 who had been victim to Asthma and Ch. Bronchitis writes:—

"Being engaged in Postal Service at Punjee and living at a distance of 2 miles from the Office my meals were irregular and my habits intemperate. I used to take cold baths twice. On one night, I was exposed to cough which developed into Asthma. I was treated by a well-known native doctor but being helpless had to change treatment from one to another. One Allopathic tried his best with injections, oral medicines, inhalations of fumes of medicinal powder & cigarettes and lastly prescribed some English and French patents which to some extent gave me but temporary relief. One year passed and the disease got worse and worse every day. My luck came forward and a friend of mine gave me a bottle of Dr. Purohit's SHWASHARI The very day of its treament, it proved me a heavenly boon. My cough liquified, chest cleared, breathing was easy and I got sound sleep Bowels opened and I enjoyed the real happiness in the world."

Shwashari is sold at all Chemists in 3, 6, and 12 oz bottles for Rs. 2, 3-8 & 6, respectively.

Prepared by

Dr. Purohit's Pharmacy,

KOLHAPUR.

12 ANNAS FOR 5

VALET BLADE

V.O.I.

COLD CREAM OF ROSES

A Key to beauty & complexion

BENGAL CHEMICAL CALCUTTA.

Bombay Agents:—

ORIENT DRUG AGENCY

Little's Oriental Balm In Three Sizes

Annas Eight

Annas Four—Rupee One

And, the half century formula of "India's Foremost Remedy" remains unchanged. Ask for "L.O.B." in the size you require. Sold by all good Chemists and Stores. Three Sizes: As. 4 As. 8 & Re. 1

To gain lasting relief from Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Backache, Neuralgia Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp and Muscular pains, use Little's Oriental Balm: this time-proved remedy will not fail you

Made in India (Madras City) for Half a Century

LITTLE'S Oriental BALM

the World Renowned Relief for Aches and Pains

Active Spot Cotton Demand

Wall Street And Commission Houses Buying

Ginning Report Expected To Be Bullish

RISE IN ALEXANDRIA COTTON PRICES

Cotton markets were again steady with a fairly active demand for spot cotton and near months. There was some Wall-Street and Commission Houses buying. The Ginning report is expected to be bullish.

Mr. Oscar Johnston says no Pool cotton will be sold without one week's notice. The weekly weather report was decidedly unfavourable.

Bombay, Nov. 21.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market was nervous and irregular unsettling factors being favourable spot market and weakness of Wall Street market. A similar feeling of caution was discernible in cotton where near positions were buoyant and distant deliveries were relatively weak with buyers circumspect fearing possibility of a modified production control next season. It is believed that the acreage for 1936 will be increased considerably.

The ginning report which will be issued in America to-day is expected to be slightly bullish as weather was unfavourable and the crop has suffered somewhat. Basis continue firm with utter absence of offerings.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a rise of 2 points with March 11.62. There was some buying by Wall Street operators and Commission Houses which resulted in a steady rise of 12 points from the opening level and March was quoted 11.74 which was the highest level for the day. The market closed at a rise of 12 points for near months but distant deliveries declined 3 points. Spot cotton prices were raised by 15 points at 12.35c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at rise of 14 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 13 points at 12.40c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 to 3 points with March 6.43. There was light hedging which was taken up by trade and local interests. The market was steady on strength of Alexandria market. Later on the market was featureless. There was hedging on limits to offset trade calling. Prices fluctuated within a range of 2 points and the market closed at a rise of 2 to 3 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 6.73d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was steady and closed unchanged. At the close January was quoted 5.73, March 5.67 and May 5.65.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was fair enquiry for Egyptian cotton. Sakels futures closed 6 to 4 points up with spot cotton 8 points higher at 9.84 Uppers futures closed 7 to 4 points with spot cotton 7 points up at 7.60d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was active with active buying. Sakels futures closed 35 to 18 points higher and Ashmouni futures rose 15 to 17 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March Highest (2-18 p.m.)	11.74+14
N. Y. March Lowest (10 a.m.)	11.62+02
Liverpool March Highest	6.43+03
Liverpool March Lowest	6.41+01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Wall Street and Commission Houses buyers. Profit taking. Hedges supplying contracts. Trade seems satisfied for moment awaiting new goods business.

New York.—Strength of spots principal factor.

Ginnings report expected to be slightly bullish. Tendency is to think acreage in 1936 will be increased considerably against later months.

Messrs. Pirojshaw R. Vakharia and Co., have received to-day the following cables from their Foreign Friends.

New York.—Messrs. Hunds, Sinslow and Potter of New York:—

New York.—"Probable advance tomorrow likely to be temporary Suggest selling with idea replacing lower."

New York.—"Expect ginning report to-morrow about 8 1/2 indications point to a (—) of about 10,900,000."

Messrs. Bruel and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson.

Cotton:—Present rate of consumption indicates consumers will have to pay Government's prices to satisfy its requirements.

Coppers—Underlying firmness, consumption excellent, market pausing sensitive under shadow of trouble in coalfields. £35/13/9.

Rubber:—Market looks temporarily lower on account of increased allowance Dutch Native 6 5/16, 6 7/16, 6 9/16.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, November 20

December	11.92+12
January	11.82+09
March	11.71+11
May	11.56+04
July	11.44+03
October	11.12—03
Middling Spot	12.35+15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, November 20

December	11.46+14
January	11.77+05
March	11.70+10
Middling Spot	12.40+13

NEW YORK.
New York, November 0

New York 10-55 A.M.—

December	11.87
January	11.80
March	11.68

New York Noon Call—

December	11.86
January	Unquoted.
March	11.68

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, November 20

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. ports	31,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the continent.	5,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, November 20

November	6.52+02
December	6.48+02
January	6.45+02
February	6.44+03
March	6.43+03
April	6.41+03
May	6.39+02
June	6.37+02
July	6.35+02
August	6.28+02
September	6.21+02
October	6.15+02
November	6.11+02
Middling Spot	6.73

To-day's 10-12- A. M Quotations

January	6.46
March	6.43

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 20

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:	
November 1935	9.29
January 1936	8.89
March 1936	8.72
May 1936	8.62
July 1936	8.52
October 1936	8.41
November 1936	8.35
F. G. F. Spot	9.84

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 20

Broach—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	6.01
Fine (Good Staple)	6.16
Superfine (Good Staple	6.31
Oomra—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.99
Superfine (No.1 Staple)	6.14
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	6.29
Bengal—	
Good	4.57
Fully Good	4.67
Fine	4.79
Scinde—	
Fully Good	4.67
Fine	4.79
Superfine	4.91

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.
London, November 20

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta.

Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt. 6/9

C & F Bombay:—

Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt. 6/6.

C & F Karachi:—

Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt. 6/6.

NEW YORK COFFEE.
New York, November 20.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality): 6-3/8.

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, November 20.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcels: Jan./Feb. sellers 26/4-1/2.

Wheat Barletta Russo. Parcels Nov. sellers 26/7-1/2.

South Australian (wheat) Parcels; Nov. sellers 28/0.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 20.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Electric Bond Common	17 1/2
Electric Bond 5 dol Pdd.	65
Consolidated Gas	34
Western Union Telg.	74 3/4
Radio Corp.	12
New York Central	24 3/4
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.	15
Pennsylvania R. R.	29 1/2
Bethelehem Steel	50
United States Steel	48 3/4
American Smelting	60
Int. Nickel of Canada	37 3/4
Sun Life of Canada	420
Amr. Celanese	29
Anaconda Copper Mining	24
General Motor	57 1/2
Socony	12 1/2
National Dairy	19
Chase Bank	36 1/2
National City Bank	32 1/2

Market opened active and strong closing irregular and lower.

Amr. Tel. and Tel. declared dividend at usual rate Ex dividend on 13th December.

Total Business 3 million.

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 19th November	10,086
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	212,641
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	142,405
Increase	70,236

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov. 20.

Broach A/M. 1936 Op. 225 1/2; Highest 226; Lowest 224 1/2; Closing 225.

Oomra D/J. Op. 207 3/4; Highest 207 3/4; Lowest 207; Closing 207.

Oomra March Op. 204 1/2; Highest 204 1/2; Lowest 203 1/4, Closing 203 1/4

Bengal D/J. Op. 156 3/4; Highest 157; Lowest 155 1/4; Closing 155 1/4.

Bengal March Op. 156; Highest 156; Lowest 154 1/2; Closing 154 1/2.

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 20 1/2.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-12-35) Rs. 8 1/2.

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—

December 139 January 143 March 150 May 157 July 161 at Cross Rate 4.92 1/8.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1936 226—Liverpool May 1936 6.40 Rs. 52 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1936 226—New York May 11.56 Rs. 35 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.92 1/8.

LINSEED OILS.
London, November 20.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt.: Dec. sellers 24/7-1/2.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt.: Jan/April sellers 25/0

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, November 20

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent. to 5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent. to 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 2 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, November 20

T. T. London on:—	
New York closing rate	4.92-5/16
Paris	74.75
Berlin	12.24-1/2
Madrid	36.07-1/4
Amsterdam	7.25-1/4
Brussels	29.12-1/4
Milan	60.62
Berne	15.15-3/4
Prague	119.05

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London November 20

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent...	71
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	86-3/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	97-1/8
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	113-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 per cent.	85-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	107-1/8
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952	105-3/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	116-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent.	115-1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	13.1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	100
National Bank of India	43
P. & O. Banking Corporation.	10

SEEDS.
London, November 20.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton: Nov. sellers £9-17-6.

Linseed Calcutta London, c.i.f. ton: Nov./Dec. sellers £12-5-0.

Linseed Bombay London, c.i.f. ton: Nov./Dec. sellers £12-12-6.

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Con't c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec. sellers £13-5-0.

Castorseeds Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton. Nov./Dec. sellers £13-10-0.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 21.

Following a rise of 11 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 224/12 for Broach A/M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 225/4 on scattered buying by Bazar operators. Later on there was some liquidation and prices were quoted at Rs. 225.

To-day's ginning report is expected to be slightly bullish and if prices improved, there will be increased selling pressure on the general feeling is temporarily against the market.

The Liverpool market opened at a rise of one point on parity with overnight improvement in New York market. There was improved buying in the local market and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 226. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M 225/12
Oomra D/J 208
Oomra March 204/8
Bengal D/J 155/12
Bengal March 153/12

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Nov. 21.

	Old.	New.
Bengal Superfine	...	173
Bengal Fine	...	171
C. P. 1 Fine	223/225	...
C. P. 2 Fine	217/219	...
Berar Fine	214/216	...
Khandesh Fine	207/209	...
Burwah/Sanavad Fine	213/215	...
Broach Fine	240/245	...
Punjab/American	225/230	...
Sindh-American	...	255/260
Cambodia	295/300	...
Cambodia 2nd crop	260/265	...
Compta Good	270/275	...
Westerns	250/255	...
Kampala	365/367	...
Busoga	363	...
Jinja	350	...
New Manza	325/335	...

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Bombay, Nov. 21.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	2755	13,784
Central India	633	17,514
Barsi and Nagar	495	9,894
Hyderabad-Gaorani	113	1,980
Berar	1533	9,779
Central Provinces	25	3,833
Total Oomras	5,554	56,784
Dholera	62	7,666
N.-W. Provinces	1,690	13,850
Rajputana	947	18,906
Sind-Punjab	2,754	48,491
Broach	...	3,090
Coompta and Dharwar	...	4,262
Westerns-Northerns	131	6,484
Cocoanada	...	39
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	253	5,097
Persian	...	5
American	...	3,282
Egyptian and African	218	56,071
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	293
Total	11,609	224,250

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 19th Nov.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	874	61,705
Japan and China	2,169	144,211
Coast Ports	500	2,215
Up-country by Rail	...	39,834
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	1,641
Total	3,543	253,606

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Bombay, Nov. 21.

The American cotton ginning report will be published to-day and the same will be received here to-night.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 21.

Despite no change in foreign markets, the local silver market is keeping weak owing to overbought situation. Heavy stocks are proving burdonsome in the local market and holders are losing confidence. In case if prices decline further by about annas eight, it will be advisable to buy scale down in silver. The gold market was quietly steady with a moderate turnover. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted to-day 1.2 7/16.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	65 8 0
Magsar delivery	65 10 0
Magsar Teji-Mandi	1 1 0
Posh delivery	65 13 6
Posh Teji-Mandi	2 2 0
Ready gold	34 15 6
Magsar delivery	34 15 3
Magsar Teji-Mandi	0 4 0
Posh delivery	34 15 0
Posh Teji-Mandi	0 8 0

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, Nov. 20.

November	66.00
December	65.70
March	65.87—10

LONDON SILVER.
London, November 20

Market Steady.

Spot	29-5/16
Forward	29-1/16

LONDON GOLD.
London Nov. 20

Gold Bars, Fine per oz. £7-1-4-1/2

LONDON METALS.
London, November 20

Copper Braziers	49-1/4
Yellow Metal	41
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	16
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool F. O. B.	223-1/4

LONDON RUBBER.
London, November 20.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. 6 1/4 sellers.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 21.

3 per cent 1951/54	100/2
3 per cent 1941	103/2
3 1/2 per cent G.P.N.	95/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	104/7
4 per cent 1943	108
4 per cent 1960/70	110/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/60	115/4
5 per cent 1939/44	109/6
5 per cent 1940/43	110/9
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	108/13
TAX-FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	119/3
4 per cent 1958/68 Mysore	108/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	120
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	109
CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)	
4 per cent B P T 1974	105
4 per cent M Deb 1974	104/8
5 per cent M Deb 1939	114
6 per cent M Deb 1954	127
6 per cent K P T 1936	127
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	105

Note.—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 95/8 and declined to Rs. 95/5 and rallied to Rs. 95/8. The market was dull.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 21.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Nov May

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 June-Dec 1936

Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32

Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16

Banks buying 2 mos 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—

B C Rate T T 272 3/8

Banks selling T T 270 3/8

Banks buying T T 267 7/8

PARIS

Banks selling D D 561

Banks buying D D 571

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D D 54 3/8

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 54 1/8

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 77

Banks buying T T 76 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 98 1/4

SHANGHAI

Banks selling D D 81 3/4

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 136

BERLIN

Banks selling D D 90 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.92 1/8 20th inst.

Hongkong/London 1/5 5/8 21st inst.

Shanghai/London 1/2 7/16 21st inst.

Japan/London 1/1 15/16 21st inst.

Java/London 7.21 1/2 21st inst.

London/Paris 74.75 20th inst.

London/Belgium 29.12 1/2 20th inst.

London/Switzerland 15.15 3/4 20th inst.

London/Italy 60.62 20th inst.

London/Berlin 12.24 1/2 20th inst.

London/Stockholm 13.39 1/2 20th inst.

London/New York 4.92 5/16 20th inst.

London/Amsterdam 7.25 20th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange—Quiet.

Gold £7-1-6 1/2 19th inst. £7-1-4 1/2 20th inst.

Silver London Ready 29 5/16 19th inst. 29 5/16 20th inst.

Silver London Forward 29 1/16 19th inst. 29 20th inst.

Silver New York Ready 65 5/8 19th inst. 65 5/8 20th inst.

London Discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 19th inst. 5/8 per cent 20th inst.

London Discounts 6 mos 3/4 per cent 19th inst. 3/4 per cent 20th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money—Call 1/4 per cent.

3 mos 1 per cent.

6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

BANKS SCHEDULED TO R. B. ACT

Consolidated Statement Of Position

The following is a Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act as at the close of business on Friday, the 15th November 1935.

(i) Demand liabilities in India	126,46,08,000
(ii) Time liabilities in India	97,17,60,000
(iii) Cash in India—	
(a) Notes	5,38,55,000
(b) Rupees	62,98,000
(c) Subsidiary coin	27,40,000
(iv) Balances with the Reserve Bank of India	31,51,69,000
(v) Advances in India	80,69,87,000
(vi) Bills discounted in India	2,84,08,000

Published under Section 43 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS.
London, Nov. 20.

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 86 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 97 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1954/59 104 1/2

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1948/53 107 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1950/55 113 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1958/68 114 1/2

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 113

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1936/38 102 3/4

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans New 1 Prem.

2 1/2 per cent British Consols 85 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Conversion 107 1/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 105 3/8

BOMBAY METAL MARKET.
LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (Byers) £35/6/3

Standard Copper Cash (Sellers) £35/7/6.

Standard Copper 3 months £35/13/9.

Electrolytic copper £39/15/0.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Blue Eagle 9 cents

Non-Blue Eagle 8 5/8 cents.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 33/12/0.

Copper Sheets Rs. 47/12/0.

Tone:—Steady.

Sharp Recovery In Steel Shares

General Support And Short Covering

COTTON AND CEMENTS QUIETLY STEADY

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

After recent long liquidation, and somewhat improved technical situation, the local Share Bazar ruled fairly active to-day with a slightly better enquiry and some covering by shorts.

Foreign advices were featureless and there was nothing in the general situation to influence any important business. To-day's improvement was purely of a speculative nature and technical readjustment.

Tata Steel shares were the only active spot with general buying. There was utter absence of any selling and jobbers were also securing profits on their short sales. Tata Steel Dfd. shares recovered nearly Rs. 25/- from yesterday's lowest level while steel ordinary shares rallied to Rs. 151/4.

This improvement in Tata Steel shares had salutary effect on other shares on the forward list which registered small gains. There was no enquiry in the miscellaneous section, cotton, Cement and Electric shares were fairly steady with a limited enquiry.

The market looks like fluctuating within a narrow range and without definite price tendency until commencement of trading for the next settlement.

Century Mill Shares closed at Rs. 225 after opening at Rs. 221, Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 757 and improved to Rs. 765. Central India shares opened at Rs. 265 and steadily hardened to Rs. 269/6. New Great shares changed hands at Rs. 131/4. Bundi shares were steady at Rs. 33/10. Indian Cements opened at Rs. 451/- and improved Rs. 4/- while Punjab came in business at Rs. 24. Shahabad opened at Rs. 480 and closed at Rs. 483/12. Andhra shares opened at Rs. 1632 and closed at Rs. 1641/4 while Hydros improved to Rs. 163/12. Tata Power shares opened at Rs. 1532 and gained Rs. 4 to Rs. 1537. Tata Steel Dfds. after touching low at Rs. 580 rose to Rs. 598 and ordinary shares advanced to Rs. 151/4 from the low level of Rs. 148/4 reached soon after opening of the market. Bombay Burma shares ruled firm and closed at Rs. 415/. In the cash section there was moderate enquiry.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Nov. 21.

100	Ahm Advance	302 8
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	765 0
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	225 0
100	Central	269 6
100	Colaba	143 2
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	340 0
1	E D Sassoon	0-5-0
100	Finlay	130 0
100	Gokak	175 0
100	Hindustan	1750 0
100	Indore	72 8
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	205 10
250	Laxmi	667 8
100	Madhavji	6 12
250	Madras United	40 0
1000	Morarji	805 0
250	Model	49 8
50	Mysore	95 0
200	New Great	131 4
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	300 0
25	Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000	Sholapur	2400 0
50	Simplex	73 12
100	Swadeshi	164 6
100	Swan	107 8
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1300 0
1000	Western	750 0
BANKS.		
50-100	Baroda	98 8
25-50	Central	35 14
500	Imperial	1560 0
125-50	Im. Con.	386 4
50-100	India	125 0
100	Reserve Bank	126 12
5	Union	5 6
CEMENTS.		
10	Bundi	33 10
70	Gwalior	121 4
100	Indian	455 10
100	Katni Def.	2010 0
100	Katni Ord.	371 4
10	Okha	250 0
10	Punjab	24 0
100	Shahabad	483 12
70	United	120 8
INSURANCE		
15-75	New India	11 8
15-100	Jupiter	42 8
200	Oriental	4570 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 0
ELECTRIC.		
100	Ahmedabad Old	150 10
1000	Andhra Valley	1641 4
10	Ajmer	11 12
60	Bombay Tram	146 14
100	Bombay Suburban	170 0
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	221 4
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	175 0
100	Tata Hydro	163 12
1000	Tata Power	1537 8
RAILWAYS.		
500	Ahm. Prantij	865 0
100	Amr. Patty	119 12
100	C. Province	89 0
100	Dhond Baramati	97 8
100	Gujarat	71 0
100	Mandra Bhon	92 8
100	Pachora Jamner	92 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 0
500	Tapty Valley	768 12
MININGS		
10	Shivrajpur	29 8
30	Tata Steel Def.	598 12
75	Tata Steel Ord.	151 0
MISCELLANEOUS		
100	Alcock	201 4
50	Belapur Sugar	343 12
150	Bombay Steam	253 2
125	Bombay Burma	415 0
50	Bombay Burma Cont.	138 2
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 10
100	Bombay Telephone	105 8
100	Indian Bleaching	106 4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Nov. 21.

Century	221	223	225	
Bom. Dyeing	757	763	762	765
Kohinoor	203	206	205/10	
Central India	265	268	269/6	
New Great	130	131/4		
Simplex	72	73/12		
Swadeshi	161	164/6		
Bundi	33/8	33/10		
I. Cement	451	455	452	453 455
Punjab	23/14	24		
Shahabad	480	483/12		
Andhra	1632	1640	1636	1641/4
Tata Hydro	161	163/12		
Tata Power	1532	1530	1537	1536 1535 1537
Tram. Ord.	146/14			
T. Steel Dfd.	581	580	596	591 593 595 598
T. Steel Ord.	148/8	148/4	151	150 150/12 151
Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	158/12			
Bellapur	345	343		
B. Steam	283/12			
B. Burma	393	411	408	415 413 416

ARGENTINE LINSEED CROP

Bombay, Nov. 21.

The latest cable from Buenos Ayres reads as under:—

"Rainfall has averaged 1.1 inches in the North and 0.2 inches in the South. It is raining moderately and has spread over wide area including Pampa and South Buenos Ayres where the crop had suffered through drought. Linseed harvest has commenced in Central Santa Fe where crops are regular but delayed in North Santa Fe."

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1935-36	1934-35
F.P. Bales.		
Receipts to date 20-11-35	4224000	2684000
Receipts Yesterday 20-11-35	31000	13000
Exports to date 20-11-35	2057000	1730000
Stocks at Ports 15-11-35	2970000	3159000
Stock at Interior Towns 15-11-35	317000	1961000
Stock at Liverpool 15-11-35	485000	921000
Visible Supply 15-11-35	7847000	8801000
Quantity in sight 15-11-35	7163000	4620000
Quantity out of sight 15-11-35	3660000	3068000

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, Nov. 21.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 7/2/7 1/2; Highest Rs. 7/3; Lowest Rs. 7/2/6; Closing Rs. 7/2/9.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 7/4/1 1/2; Lowest Rs. 7/4; Closing Rs. 7/4/6.

Cotton Seeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 3/4/10 1/2; Lowest Rs. 3/4/6; Closing Rs. 3/4/7 1/2.

160	Indian Radio Ord.	515 0
100	Ind Radio Ord.	487 8
1000	Port Canning	605 0
15	Scindia	13 9
30	Premier Construstion	76 4
25	Tata Oil	17 12
PREFERENCE		
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1422 8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	283 12
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	83 8
5	p.c. Central India	517 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	138 12
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	148 2
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1475 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st.	182 8
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	158 12
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	13 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	647 8

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REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

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J2

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1935

Hindus Qualify For The Finals

LALL SINGH MAKES MARK IN QUADRANGULAR

Parsis Fail In Stupendous Task

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The second match of the Quadrangular Tournament between the Hindus and Parsis ended in a draw.

The former scored 272 runs for 7 wickets, when the Hindu skipper declared the innings closed.

Faced with the stupendous task of securing 330 runs in about 105 minutes, the Parsis commenced their second innings and compiled 110 runs for 4 wickets, when the stumps were drawn.

The Hindus have qualified themselves for the finals against the Muslims.

The Parsis were in a happier mood when Nayudu and Amarnath came out to continue the Hindu second innings this morning. The batsmen dug themselves in and took their own time increasing the lead.

The dismissal of the Hindu skipper which was soon followed by the despatch of his name sake to the pavilion, sent up the stock of the Parsis for a while. But Amarnath and Lall Singh soon put an end to their hopes.

The young Patiala colt played a masterly game and displaying great enterprise came to the rescue of his side gathering 65.

Merchant who was indisposed yesterday came out after Amarnath amidst cheers from the Hindu tents. Merchant's sprained muscle was still giving him trouble and he was noticed using his left hand to play his strokes.

When the teams adjourned for lunch the Hindus had scored 152 for 7 wickets.

C. K. Nayudu, the Hindu skipper delayed his declaration till 3-15 p.m. With hardly one and three-fourth hours to collect 330 runs the Parsis set out with heavy hearts and the match was robbed of all interest.

The only bright feature of the Hindu batting was the enterprising century of Lall Singh who retired unbeaten with 107.

Hindus (1st Innings)	...	...	...	*281*
Parsis (1st Innings)...	...	...	...	*224*
Hindus (2nd Innings)	*(for 7 wkts. dec.)*			*272*
Parsis (2nd Innings)	*(for 4 wkts.)*	...		*110*

Runs came at the rate of one per minute when play was resumed this morning. C. K. Nayudu and Amarnath, the Hindu pair were not taking any liberties with the Parsi bowling, evidently content to play out time.

Seventy went up on board, the only boundary stroke coming from the Hindu skipper's bat. Amarnath who changed his bat, played Jamshedji with confidence. Vajifdar at the Gymkhana end kept the scoring down. A late cut off the Parsi skipper's bowling was one of Amarnath's best strokes. Jamshedji tempted Nayudu with some short pitched stuff but the Hindu Goliath was not inclined to open his shoulders. Khote replaced Vajifdar and a single off the new-comer's bowling, sent the total to 80.

Nayudu Dismissed

Havewala took over from Jamshedji and sent down a maiden over to Nayudu. The Hindu pair were digging themselves in and were content with a single in 3 overs sent down to them. But Khote had the partnership dissolved by having Nayudu caught at slips by Vajifdar off his first ball. This morning's play added 35 runs in 60 minutes. (84-5-22).

C. S. Nayudu joined Amarnath and saw the latter survive a difficult chance behind the stumps. A beautiful glance to the leg boundary and another one through the gully off Khote by Amarnath sent 90 on board. Amarnath was now displaying enterprise.

The Parsi skipper wrung a change in the attack by bringing on Jamshedji in place of Havewala and Nayudu hit a full blooded shot to leg. With the next ball Jamshedji had him out using the same tactics as in the first innings. A loose one sent diwn to Nayudu was missed and Kapadia stumped him out. (99-6-1).

Parsis Optimistic

Lall Singh joined Amarnath and the latter sent up 100 by a square cut for a single off Havewala who replaced Khote. The prospect of playing out time was fast disappearing and Zoroastrian supporters were now beginning to expand their lungs cheering every bit of good work on the field.

Amarnath had another lucky escape when a rising ball from his bat fell just short of Contractor at mid-off. Two boundaries off the bat of Amarnath increased the total to 110 and it took them 17 minutes to add another 10 to this score.

Vajifdar took over from Havewala at this stage and put Havewala in place of Jamshedji. Amarnath reached his 50 with a single off Havewala.

Amarnath forced the lead by twice hitting Havewala to the boundary sending up 130 on board. Amarnath called for a change of his bat when Palia was brought on in place of Havewala at the Bori Bunder end. He sent Jamshedji sprinting after the ball to the great delight of the crowd and ran out 4 runs. Nagarwala replaced Jamshedji at leg after this incident.

Partnership Dissolved

The Parsi skipper now adopted Jardine's tactics of wringing quick changes in the bowling and this helped to end the Amarnath-Lall Singh partnership which had yielded 41 runs. Contractor had Amarnath in his safe hands off Jamshedji at leg when Amarnath had reached 65. His score included 8 hits to the boundary. (140-7-65).

Merchant who was indisposed yesterday now joined Lall Singh. Merchant opened his score with a stinging brace to leg for 2 and gathered 2 more off Jamshedji's next delivery. Lall Singh who was batting more freely now raised the score to 150.

Vajifdar handed the ball to Havewala to take his place at the Gymkhana end. Merchant was still suffering from the affects of his sprained muscle.

When the teams adjourned for lunch the score was 152 for 7 wickets.

PLAY AFTER LUNCH

When play was resumed after lunch runs were coming in singles. Lall Sigh gave a very difficult chance to Vajifdar off Jamshedji at silly point which was not accepted. Havewalla and Jamshedji had bowled four overs each before 8 runs were added to the score raising it to 160. Another "life" was given to Lall Singh by Havewalla who failed to hold a

(Continued on page 4, col. 3.)

MAGISTRATE'S JURISDICTION

Can He Ban Meetings Under Sec. 144 Throughout District?

LAHORE JUDGE'S IMPORTANT RULING

LAHORE, Nov. 20.

An important ruling which has never before been considered by any of the High Courts in India was given in the Lahore High Court to-day by Mr. Justice Coldstream on the question whether the District Magistrate can forbid meetings in the whole of the district under the powers vested in him under Section 144 Cr. P. C. The question came up in connection with the case of Abdul Khan and others who were convicted for delivering speeches in contravention of the orders of the District Magistrate, Lahore, forbidding meetings connected with the demolition of the Shahidgunj Mosque.

The Counsel for the petitioners argued that the prohibitive orders of the District Magistrate were illegal inasmuch as the orders did not particularly define the boundaries of the area wherein meetings were banned. His contention was that unless the boundaries of the district or the area were given in detail in the body of the District Magistrate's order, such order would be illegal.

Mr. Justice Coldstream found that the arguments on behalf of the petitioners were based on a mistaken interpretation of Section 144. His lordship observed that a District Magistrate had jurisdiction throughout his district and was empowered to direct any person to abstain from a certain act if he considered such direction was likely to operate in any of the ways mentioned in sub-section 1 of Section 144.

His Lordship added that when, because of a number of persons to be directed, it was impracticable for the Magistrate to issue notice to each individual, he could issue an order to the public generally including, besides the residents, the persons who might be frequenting or visiting a particular place, and such order would be effective against individuals.

His Lordship concluded that the fact that the order in this particular case had forbidden meetings and speeches in so large a place as the Lahore district did not make the order illegal although it might have made the order difficult to be enforced for one reason or another.—United Press.

A. I. HINDU YOUTH CONFERENCE

Will Meet At Lahore In January Next

LAHORE, Nov. 21.

Brisk preparations are going on for the second All-India Hindu Youth Conference which will meet in Lahore on 10th, 11th and 12th January, 1936 under the presidency of Sjt. Ramananda Chatterjee.

More than 500 Hindu youngmen have joined the Reception Committee so far. In various other districts of the Punjab enlistment of members to the Reception Committee is still going on. Intimation received by the reception committee office so far indicates that a large number of delegates are coming from Bombay, Calcutta, Sind, Kashmir and other places to attend the Conference.—United Press.

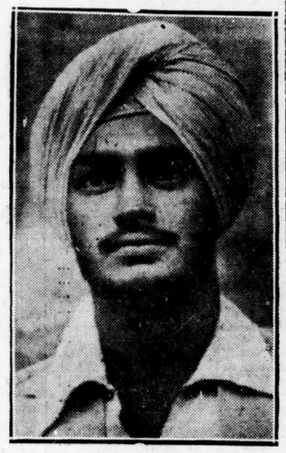
Congress Jubilee Programme At Jharia

JHARIA, (By Mail).

With a view to discussing how to celebrate the golden jubilee of the Indian National Congress in a fitting manner, a meeting of the local Congress workers was held on Sunday.

It was decided that on December 28 there would be a "prabhat feri" at 4 a.m. The flag salutation ceremony will be held at 8 a.m. Flags and Congress literature would be sold. There would be a procession and a meeting in the afternoon and illuminations in the evening. On the next day the Harijans would be fed.

It was also decided to hold similar functions at Dhanbad, Katrasgarh and Kirkind.—A. P.



Lall Singh, the Malayan all-rounder, who scored 107 not out for the Hindus in their second innings.

THREE YOUTHS ARRESTED

Large Quantity Of Literature Seized In Calcutta Raids

CALCUTTA, Nov. 21.

The special branch of the Calcutta Police raided several places including boarding establishments and dwelling house this morning and have taken into custody three Bengali youths and large quantity of literature was also seized.

Several other youngmen were also taken to the Special Branch headquarters for examination.—A. P.

NEW NATIONALIST PARTY FOR U. P.?

Pt. Malaviya Expected At Lucknow On Nov. 27

LUCKNOW, Nov. 21.

It is reliably learnt that a move is afoot to form a Nationalist Party comprising of all progressive elements in the Province including landed and commercial interests.

Mr. Krishna Kant Malaviya is already here canvassing support for the formation of the proposed party while Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya is expected here on November 27 in the same connection.

It is understood that the party is not opposed to acceptance of offices under the coming constitution, while the idea to include Zemindars indicates that it will respect the right of ownership and private property.—A. P.

DACOITS ROB PILGRIMS

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 21.

Information has reached here to the effect that a gang of decoits after attacking a party of pilgrims including several ladies, looted them and decamped with booty worth about Rs. 160.

On receipt of information the railway police rushed to the scene. Vigorous investigation is proceeding.—United Press.

PEASANTS' MARCHES

Prof. Ranga On His Impressions Of Tamil Nadu Tour

TINNEVELLY, (By Mail).

Prof. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A., General Secretary of the South Indian Federation of Peasants and Workers arrived here on November 18, in the course of his tour in the Tamil Nadu for making arrangements for organising Peasants marches to District Collectors' Office to hand over to the Collectors the demands of the peasants and to communicate to the Government their grievances, in various localities.

Prof. Ranga informs the United Press that after consultation with the workers in Tamil Nadu, the date for such marches in Tamil Nadu, originally fixed as November 21, has been postponed to December 7. But the date for Andhra, namely, November 21 remains unchanged.

Prof. Ranga has so far visited Trivandrum, Trichinopoly, Madura and Tinnevelly. He hopes that in every Tamil District, at least one Peasants' march will be organised effectively.

Arrangements, it is learnt, have also been set afoot to hold a Tamil Nadu Provincial Peasants' and Workers' Conference at the time of the next meeting of the Tamil Nadu Provincial Congress Committee in Madura.—United Press.

IRANIAN DELEGATION IN NEW DELHI

Negotiations For Railway To Meshad Commence

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

His Excellency Baqikhan Kazami, foreign minister, accompanied by two departmental heads of Iran, as well as by the editor of the "Daily Khoshish", representing the Iranian assembly, arrived here this morning from Peshawar. The Iranian Consul General in Delhi who had gone to Peshawar to meet the delegation also arrived with them. His Excellency Baqikhan Kazami is staying at Viceroy's House as a guest of the Viceroy and Countess Willingdon for three days.

The party was received at the railway station by two Under-Secretaries of the foreign political department of the Government of India, by the British Minister in Tehran Mr. Knatchbull-Hugessen, who is now here as A. D. C. to the Viceroy, and others.

Negotiations for the construction of a railway to Meshad and the revision of the customs tariff commence to-day. It is not known how long the delegation stays in New Delhi.—A. P.

DELHI MILL STRIKE

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

A number of labourers in the spinning departments of the Birla Cotton Spinning Mills struck work as a protest against the alleged cut in their wages. Strikers held two meetings in Roshanara Gardens and are urging other workers to follow suit.

The strike has so far been peaceful. Police are watching the situation.—A.P.

Swaraj And Untouchability Cannot Go Together

For Winning Swaraj We Must Do Away With Communal Jealousies And Social Inequalities, Says Rajen Babu

(From Our Correspondent.)

VIZAGAPATAM, November 20.

"For winning Swaraj we have to do away with communal jealosies and social inequalities. Swaraj is incompatible with untouchability", declared Babu Rajendra Prasad addressing a mammoth gathering at Vizagapatam beach.

Earlier in the day members of the Vizagapatam Bar Association presented a welcome address to the Congress President.

Mr. T. Prakasam, President, Andhra Provincial Congress Committee who has been touring with Babu Rajendra Prasad, in a statement as regards the results of the tour in Andhra Desa so far says:—

"The response has been ready and most willing". He hopes before the tour is completed the public of Andhra Desa will make the purse fund grow up at least to Rs. 25,000.

CITY FATHERS SHELVE THE ISSUE AGAIN

Their Right To Inquire Into Municipal Officers' Conduct

PROPOSAL FOR WIDENING LOVE GROVE BRIDGE APPROVED!

"The Bombay Chronicle" and the Mayor were cited by the Municipal Commissioner on Thursday to show the necessity for the widening of the bridge at Love Grove at a cost of Rs. 2,75,000.

The Corporation approved the recommendation of the Commissioner.

The question of the right of the Corporation to inquire into the conduct of the municipal officers and servants, subordinate to the Municipal Commissioner is again shelved for the third time. Last week this matter engaged the attention of the Corporation but it was adjourned as several other councillors expressed intention to speak on the subject. Again on Thursday more than an hour was spent on the same question and ultimately shelved, it having been sent to a Special Committee.

MUNICIPAL SERVANTS CONDUCT

It will be recalled that at the last meeting on Thursday Prof S. R. Davar, moved that the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee regarding the amendment of the Municipal Act with a view to empowering the Municipal Corporation to inquire into the conduct of municipal officers and servants subordinate to the Municipal Commissioner be approved, and adopted. The Committee recommended the revision of section 66 as under:

"It shall be the duty of the Commissioner, if so requested, to summon any Municipal officer or servant to attend before any Committee and it shall be the duty of every Municipal officer and servant so sommoned to attend before the Committee and to answer any questions concerning any subject referred to the Committee, provided that no Municipal officer or servant shall by this provision be placed under any duty to answer any question affecting his own conduct or discipline."

On Thursday when the debate was resumed Sir J. B. Boman-Behram moved an amendment to refer the matter to a Special Committee which he named to consider and report in the light of the discussion before the House.

Mr. M. A. Karanjawala seconded the amendment.

ONLY A CONVENTION

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai opposed the amendment and said it was only a convention to keep the reputation of the executive. The Corporation was the parent body and as such had the power to inquire into the conduct of the municipal employees.

RULED OUT OF ORDER

Mr. Govindlal Shivlal moved an amendment to appoint a committee with five members outside the House. The Mayor ruled this amendment out of order.

Mr. K. S. R. Iyer pointed out that this matter had come before two corporations and was shelved. He thought no useful purpose would be served by referring it to a Special Committee again.

ATTACK ON MODY

Dr. J. N. Choksy criticised Sir H. P. Mody and said outside the Corporation he was against Congress and urged the people to work the reforms, and inside the Corporation when a move was made for the reforms, he opposed it. This he thought not fair to the House as well as to Sir H. P. Mody.

Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji advised the House to be unanimous so that when the matter was sent to the Government for the amendment of the Act, it may be passed.

The amendment of Sir J. B. Boman-Behram was put to vote and carried as a substantive proposition.

WIDEN THE BRIDGE

The House then considered as an urgent matter a letter from the Municipal Commissioner stating that the bottle-neck bridge across the storm-water channel at Love Grove constitutes a serious danger and impediment to fast moving traffic which has enormously increased in that area during recent years. There is hardly enough space on the bridge for two cars to pass abreast, and pedestrians on either side get hemmed in between the parapet of the bridge and passing vehicles. The bridge was constructed many years ago when there was hardly any vehicular traffic in this area, but since the development of the northern part of the island this bottle-neck has become an important link between the northern and southern parts of the city and is subjected to very heavy vehicular traffic. It is therefore high time that the bridge was widened. The Corporation have recently desired that the bottle-neck should be widened to the full width of the street along with the work of lowering the bed of the channel and improving the outfall. The Indian Merchants' Chamber have also urged this improvement. The existence of such a bottle-neck on one of the main arterial roads is an anachronism and should be done away with.

With a view therefore to providing funds for the work in next year's budget, I have asked the City Engineer to prepare plans and estimates. It will be sometime before the necessary details are ready for being submitted to the Corporation, but in the meantime I request the administrative approval of the Corporation to provision being made for the work which on a rough calculation would amount approximately to Rs. 2,75,000. In anticipation of the Corporation's sanction I have provisionally included a sum of Rs. 25,000 to meet the part cost of the work during the year 1936-37.

Mr. M. L. Dahanuker, Chairman, Works Committee, moved to approve of the Committee's report embodying the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner.

"VERY EXPENSIVE"

Dr. J. N. Choksy moved an amendment to refer the matter back to the Works Committee. Dr. Choksy said the Corporation threw out the recommendation to widen the overbridge at Bellasis Road. The widening of the Love Grove Bridge was also very expensive and the best solution was to have only one line traffic over the bridge.

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker seconded the amendment and said to widen only 50 yards of bridge a sum of Rs. 2,75,000 was indeed very expensive.

DANGER TO PUBLIC SAFETY

The Municipal Commissioner produced a copy of the "Bombay Chronicle" in which in a special article Mr. K. F. Nariman, the Mayor had urged in the interest of the public to widen this bridge as it was a danger to the public safety. Since then, he said, he took up the matter with the City Engineer as he was satisfied that the bridge required widening in the interest of hundreds of pedestrians who have to pass by the bridge every day.

PROPOSITION CARRIED

The amendment of Dr. Choksy was put to vote and was declared lost. The original proposition was carried.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

NIGHT MEN ON STRIKE IN NAGPUR MILL

NAGPUR, Nov. 21.

About 400 workers of the Empress Mills No. 5 on night shift struck work last night. Their grievance is stated to be that low wages are paid to the workers on night shift. —United Press

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